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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXXVIII NO. 118 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS

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THE BEST IN BOMBAY
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Preventive Detention Act Held Valid

MAJORITY VERDICT IN SUPREME COURT

But Section Fourteen Declared Void

MADRAS RED'S HABEAS CORPUS PLEA FAILS

NEW DELHI, May 19, (PTI).

THE SUPREME COURT of India today declared by a majority of four to two the Central Prev entive Detention Act, as valid. All the judges however held that Sec tion 14 of the Act, which prohibits a detenu from disclosing his grounds of detention to a Court, was invalid but severable.

The judgment was delivered by the Court while dismissing the "Habeas Corpus" petition of the Madras Communist detenu, Mr. A. K. Gopalan whose case had been argued before the Court in April last for more than two weeks.

All the judges delivered separate judgments. The Chief Justice Mr. Harilal J. Kania, Mr. Justice Patanjali Sastri, Justice B. K. Mukherjea and Mr. Justice S. R. Das delivered the majority judgment.

Mr. Justice Hazl Ali and Mr. Justice Mehr Chand Mahajan, who delivered the minority judgment, held that besides Section 14, Section 12 of the Preventive Detention Act, which provided the classes of cases and circumstances in which a detenu can be detained for more than three months without obtaining the verdict of an Advisory Board, as 'ultra vires' of the Constitution. They accordingly ordered the release of Mr. A. K. Gopalan.

The Court alsi dismissed two other 'habeas corpus' petitions, the first by Mr. Ashutosh Lahiri, Hindu Mahasabha Working Committee Member, and the second by Mr. Tej Narain Jha, a Bihar detenu. These two petitioners besides challenging the validity of the Preventive Detention Act, had also alleged that their detention was due to mala fide reasons. The Court did not accept their contention as it felt that the mala fide reasons had not been proved.

FIRST JUDGMENT

The judgments, which are the first to be delivered under Article 32 of the Constitution, collectively runs into hundreds of pages and elaborately deals with the various interpretations of the Articles in the Fundamental Rights Chapter. During the course of arguments in the case, American and English authorities were profusely quoted while Constitutions of America, United Kingdom, Japan, the free city of Danzig and Australia were frequently compared in an effort to get at the true import of the wordings in the Constitution.

Public throughout the case maintained a great interest and the Court room was always packed to capacity. At one stage of the hearing, the Law Minister Dr. B. R. Ambedkar and Members of Parliament, who had taken an active part in the framing of the Constitution were present in court to hear counsel on either side giving varying interpretations of the phraseology that had been used by them.

The judges today did not actually read the judgments but only gave a "broad scheme" of them. But even then they took nearly hundred minutes to deliver the

VARYING INTERPRETATIONS

Some of the sections of the Preventive Detention Act have been the subject of varying interpretations by different High Courts in the country and a large number of 'habeas corpus' petitions are at present pending before different Courts awaiting the verdict of the highest tribunal of the land on its validity.

(Details on Page 10)

During the past 24 hours, 7,454 Hindus and 2,683 Muslims arrived in West Bengal from Eastern Pakistan by rail and 5,196 Hindus and 3 664 Muslims left, states a Press Note issued on Friday. By air, 125 Hindus and 75 Muslims arrived and 36 Hindus and 125 Muslims left.

Pity The Horse

NEW DELHI, May 19. (UPI). A well-represented deputation of the Tonga-Rehra Union would wait on the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru on May 24 next to represent their grievances for stopping ration for their horses.

This decision was arrived at a meeting of over fifty representatives of the tonga-rehra of various localities this afternoon when they met at their office to consider the situation out of the cancellation of the gram rations for their horses in Delhi. They expressed their grave concern on behalf of six thousand tonga and rehrawalas of Delhi at the decision of the Delhi rationing authorities to completely stop the gram ration for horses in Delhi.

STRATEGIC INTEREST!

LONDON, May 19 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Ernest Bevin, Foreign Minister, tonight issued a statement declaring that recent London discussions had included re-examination of the position of certain countries not in the North Atlantic Council— notably Greece, Turkey, and Persia—whose security "is a matter of special concern".

"His Majesty's Government remain vitally concerned in the innependence, intergrity and security of Greece, Turkey and Persia.

"I am convinced that the strengthhening of the north Atlantic treaty will be conducive to that end.

E. PAKISTAN FISH TO W. BENGAL

CALCUTTA, May 19 (PTI): Forty maunds of fish of different varieties arrived in Calcutta from Eastern Pakistan today. This is the biggest consignment booked to Calcutta this week.

Among other commodities coming from East Bengal betel leaves stand first, the average daily quantity being 60 to 70 maunds. Eggs and fowl reaching Calcutta market vary from 30 to 60 maunds per day.

About 800 maunds of cargo, including textile goods,, washing and toilet soaps and biri tobacco and biri leaves, are being booked daily to various places in East Bengal from Sealdah station.

Suicide In Hospital

CALCUTTA May 19, (UPI): A refugee from East Bengal who was suffering from suspected T. B. put an end to his miserable life by hanging himself in a Calcutta hospital early this morning.

It is reported he was found by a hospital sweeper at 5-30 a.m. hanging dead from the railings of a verandah of the hospital building.

Robbery Attempt Fails

CALCUTTA, May 19, (UPI): An attempt at removing bundles of currency notes worth Rs. 50,000 from a bank in Royal Exchange place this afternoon by a youngman proved abortive, the man, Joy Singh, was caught red handed with the notes inside the bank premises.

JAPS RING IN THE NEWS

TOKYO, May 19 (PTI-Reuter). News vendors ran through Tokyo streets today ringing bells to attract attention to special editions of the daily newspapers.

The news—a Washington report that President Truman said he hoped a Japanese peace conference would be held soon was printed on sheets of the size of ordinary handbills.

Boycott Of Citizenship To End: Ceylon Indian's Move

COLOMBO, May 19 (PTI-Rester): The Genneral Committee of the Ceylon Indian Congress is expected to lift its boycott of the Indian and Pakistani Residents Citizenship Act passed by the Ceylon Parliament last year, according to usually reliable sources.

The Committee, whose decision is binding on Congress members, will meet on Sunday to consider their attitude to the Act.

2 Killed, 14 Hurt In Bus Accident

ETAWIAH, May 19 (PTI): One person was killed instaneously and fourteen were injured when a U.P. Government roadways bus crashed into a tree near Babaipur, 24 miles east of Etawiah.

One of the injured later died in hospital.

E. Bengal Minority Convention

MYMENSINGH, May 19 (PTI): The Reception Committee for the East Bengal Minority Convention at a meeting here decided to hold the Convention on June 12 at Mymensingh. Mr. Jogesh Chandra Chakraborty, President of the Mymensingh District Congress Committee, was elected Chairman of the Reception Committee. Various Sub-Committees were also formed for making necessary arrangements in this connection.

The object of the convention, it is understood, is to infuse a new sense of awakening in the minorities in East Bengal to save them from political stagnation. It will also try to devise means for resettlement of evacuees now returning home.

Liaquat Waving Back

Prime Minister Liaquat Ali Khan and Begum Liaquat Ali Khan waving to crowds from the balcony of Blair House.

Cornerstone Laid For A Stable Asia

SYDNEY CONFERENCE CONCLUDES

8 M. STERLING TECHNICAL AID WITHIN 3 YEARS

SYDNEY, May 19, (PTI-Reuter).

SEVEN Commonwealth nations today agreed to spend eight million sterling to aid South and South-East Asia as soon as possible.

The Australian External Affairs Minister Mr. P. C. Spender, Chairman of the Commonwealth conference which has been meeting here all the week, said: "We have now come to a successful conclusion of our deliberations, which is an indication of the importance attached by Commonwealth countries to the welfare and stability of the area of South-East Asia."

"Great emphasis should be placed on the extraordinary agreement we have reached on all the major matters before us".

The Conference, called in extension of the Commonwealth meeting at Colombo earlier this year, came to an end late tonight. It was said that the agreement was to aid Asia sooner than had at first been expected.

A deadlock had threatened the meeting for days, but was broken with a compromise on granting immediate technical aid to the Communist-menaced areas.

British Paymaster-General, Lord MacDonald, who leads the British Delegation, said: "We have given practical shape to the Colombo economic resolutions and we can leave for our respective homes in the knowledge that a sure foundation has been laid for the urgent work which lies ahead in the full development of the countries of South and South-East Asia.

"We have reconciled mutual points of view to secure the emergence of a report and recommendations which our delegations and the delegations of other governments here assembled

(Continued on Page 7)

Defence Plan For Atlantic Nations

STRONGER AIR ARM FOR BRITAIN

(From Our Correspondent)
LONDON, May 19.

The decision of the twelve Foreign Ministers of the Atlantic nations to create balanced and collective forces is likely to encounter strong opposition with national elements and the services in almost every country. In some cases, the Foreign Ministers may find difficult to implement their decision.

Creation of balanced forces virtually means that Britain may possibly entrust part of the naval protection plan to the U.S. Navy and concentrate on building a stronger tactical air force or that France may rely on British Fighter Command for air defence and free larger resources of her for her army. It amounts, in effect, the mutualisation of the most vital attribute of sovereignty, that of self-defence.

WASHINGTON: The United States might have to expand its air force and navy to support the newly announced twelve-Power defence of Western Europe against Communism, a leading American official stated here adds PTI-Reuter.

Under the plan, the official said, American planes would be almost entirely responsible for strategic long-range bombing and the U.S. navy would carry the major burden of sea defence. American ground forces would not be reduced to ofset the air sea increases.

MATRIC CASUALTIES

PATNA, May 19, (UPI): Disappointed at not finding their names in the list of the successful candidates, who passed the Matriculation Examination this year, two boys are reported to have committed suicide by laying themselves on the railway lines and being run over by a train.

This happened on the night of May 17 at Bela 40 miles from Patna on the Patna Gaya Line.

Bullock Cart Run Over By Train: One Killed

SHOLAPUR, May 19, (UPI): One man was killed and two other persons, a boy aged about 14 and a girl aged about 11, were seriously injured when a bullock cart was run over by an up-goods train at an unmanned level crossing between Dhond and Shrigonda Road stations on the Dhond-Manmad section of the G.I.P. Railway, on May 16, according to a press note issued by the Divisional Transportation Superintendent Sholapur.

Cameron Murder Arrests

CHINSURAH (Hooghly) May 19 (PTI): Fifty persons have so far been arrested in connection with the murder of Mr. A. L. Cameran, President of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce in March last.

Mr. Cameran was done to death, while he was trying to save his orderly from the hands of some miscreants, who attacked Mr. Cameron's car at Bandel railway crossing near Serampore.

Ammunition Near Graveyard

CALCUTTA, May 19, (UPI): Nine unexploded crackers and half a seer of gun powder in a bag were found lying unclaimed near a graveyard in Park Circus area today at about 12-30 p.m. No arrest has so far been made. Police investigation is proceeding.

A Pre-View Of India's Defensive Might

Biggest Air-Sea Exercises On West Coast On May 29

BOMBAY, Friday.

THE biggest-ever joint air-sea exercises between the Indian Naval Squadron and bomber and fighter aircraft of the I.A.F. will be held off the west coast of India on May 29 and 30.

The exercises will be witnessed by Vice-Admiral Sir Edward Parry, C-in-C of the I.N. and Air Marshal R. Ivelaw-Chapman, C-in-C of the I.A.F. who will travel on board India's flagship "Delhi" from Bombay to Cochin. The Naval Squadron taking part will consist of the cruiser "Delhi", three destroyers and three frigates.

The joint air-sea exercises which will be carried out while the naval squadron is on her way from Bombay to Cochin, will occupy at least 28 hours and cover a strip of about 400 miles off west coast of India.

Commodore G. Barnard, Commodore-Commanding the Indian Naval Squadron told the P.T.I. today that the exercises will be divided into two parts.

During the first part, lasting four hours, there will be "defence of an important convoy in the approaches to Bombay".

Commodore Barnard explained that in this exercise, "the Naval Squadron will be sailed so as to be formed up to represent an important convoy (with imaginary screen) leaving Bombay".

"ENEMY" AIRCRAFT

"The convoy", he said, "will pass a certain point near Bombay and an enemy reconnaissance aircraft (from Poona) will report the convoy. The convoy will call for help from shore-based fighters from Bombay and after a suitable pause, an enemy bomber force (assumed to be acting on the reconnaissance report) will attack the convoy. The Delhi will then direct the fighters to intercept the incoming bombers and try and destroy them".

During the second part of the exercise, which will last atleast 24 hours, Commodore Barnard said: "The Naval Squadron" will be assumed to be a hostile naval force operating off the coast of India. Dummy attacks will follow.

"Later, the enemy task force will split up, and separate units of the Squadron will proceed towards the coast of India to simulate such things as an attack on coastal shipping, land commando raiding parties at selected points and bombarding of selected coastal areas to spread alarm and despondency.

"The I.A.F. Reconnaissance Aircraft will be flown from Poona to locate and report this hostile force and keep it constantly under observation".

W. BENGAL MINORITY BODY TO MEET

CALCUTTA, May 19. (UPI): The first sitting of the West Bengal Minority Commission, which was set up according to the Indo-Pakistan agreement, will be held tomorrow at Writers building under the presidentship of Sri Kalipada Mookerjee, Chairman.

The constitution and procedure regarding the administration of the Minority Commission will be discussed at the meeting. A large number of complaints have been received by the Commission from the refugees and therefore the Commission will meet every week to consider them, it is learnt.

Both the East and West Bengal Government are now in correspondence over the question of restoration of property and de-requisitioning of some of the houses.

JOINT TOUR

Sri Charu Chandra Biswas, Minister of the Government of India, will leave for Dacca on Thursday next along with Dr. Malek, Minority Minister of East Bengal. He will have a joint tour of several districts and villages of East Bengal. After his return from East Bengal after about a week, I learnt accompanied by Dr Malek he will have a joint tour of Bankura, Hooghly, Howrah, 24 Parganas and Jalpaiguri Districts of West Bengal.

Trusteeship Of S.-W. Africa

MALAN'S LEGAL DUTY POINTED OUT

THE HAGUE, May 19 (PTI-Reuter): South Africa has a "legal duty and an international obligation" to place its mandated territory of south-west Africa under international trusteeship Judge Jose Ingles claimed today, presenting the Phillipines' views to the International Court of Justice today.

The United Nations General Assembly has sought the advisory opinion of the court "on the international status of the territories of South-West Africa, and the international obligations of the Union of South Africa arising therefrom."

Judge Ingles contended that the provisions of the United Nations Charter were applicable to South-West Africa, imposing the definite duty on members administering such mandated territories to make agreements to place them under the International Trusteeship System.

One Killed, One Injured In Ahmedabad Clash

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, May 19: One person was killed and the other injured in a communal clash near here. The trouble arose when a minor girl of one community was knocked down by a cyclist of other community. The situation was however brought under control due to the timely arrival of police. The District Magistrate has extended ban on arms for a further period of 10 days from May 19.

Prome Falls To Burma Government

JOINT MILITARY ATTACK ON REDS

RANGOON, May 19. (PTI).

BURMA Government forces aided by the air force and navy, today recaptured Prome, a citadel of Communist resistance since last March.

The insurgents, mainly renegade members of the Peoples Volunteer Organisation and Communists, had retreated to the western bank of the River Irrawaddy when the Government troops, who had advanced from Inma, entered the town.

Inma, important town 18 miles south of Prome and about 130 miles north of Rangoon, was recaptured a few days ago in an offensive which started about a fortnight ago.

Burmese Communist rebels set up a rival Government at Prome in March under the Premiership of Thakin Than Tun, Secretary General of the Burmese Communist Party.

LOCUSTS APPEAR IN RAJASTHAN

NEW DELHI, May 19, (UPI): The locust population in several localities of Rajasthan has now gone up from 1,000 to 4,000 per square mile whereas it was either nil or practically negligible about a fortnight ago.

Since May 12 locusts have been observed in several parts of Rajasthan. Their number is, however, yet small and they have not appeared in the form of a swarm A study of their habits and structure reveals that they have come from western countries.

MATTHAI RESIGNS FROM PARLIAMENT

Effective From June 1

NEW DELHI, May 19 (UPI): Dr. John Matthai, Finance Minister, Government of India is understood to have resigned his seat in Parliament with effect from 1st June next.

It is understood he will be relieved as desired by him, of his portfolio of Finance on May 31.

BLUEPRINT FOR NEXT BRITISH ELECTIONS

Ministers And Labour Chiefs To Confer Today

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)
LONDON, May 19.

CABINET Ministers and Tradé Union co-operative leaders in Britain are holding a secret conference tomorrow to discuss the programme of tactics for next election.

The outcome of this conference may prove fateful not only for the Socialist movement but also to the country, for upon it will depend the future momentum of British politics.

The Party in power is definitely divided, while some like to avoid ugly issues and squat on the 'status quo', others will like to face all issues even if that means risking defeat at the general election.

"The Manchester Guardian" says: "If Labour, which began as a Party of protest against social injustice and as the defender of weak against the strong, forgets the spirit of this, it will wither away as a political force."

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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Wanted experienced Lino Operator. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 2001 "Bombay Chronicle"

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

S. S. C. 1951. We undertake to coach you at your home privately and quickly by Postal Tuition. Apply New Era Education Society, Post Box 4039, Bombay, 7. (1854)

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Homoeopathy easily learnt. Best postal training to pass the proposed Test. For prospectus apply: The Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara Travancore.

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Loans Arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to Mr. G. S. Monga: Post Box No. 119, Baroda. (1834)

MOTOR CARS FOR SALE

Ford DeLux V. 8. 1938 Model. Engine completely renovated and in perfect running order. Rs. 6,000/- or near offer. Contact, Ahmadi, Victoria Gardens, Telephone 40179. (7850)

Studebaker Champion Regal-de-Lux, 1947 model genuine low mileage, owner driven. Contact Dhiroobhai, Tel. 60279. (1855)

A 1946 Humber Pullman Limousine seater 19,000 miles. Can be seen by appointment. Offers to Box No. 7[illegible] "Bombay Chronicle".

PROPERTY FOR SALE

At Juhu near Sea Face vacant plots of 500 to 600 sq. yds. available on long least at reasonable rates, for particulars apply: A. C. Patel, Royal Opera House or Bombay Motors & Radios Ltd., 33 New Queen's Road. Telephone 24686. (1849)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

For Income-tax Refunds, Trade-mark registration, Recovery of Decrees, Railways and Insurance claims, Write Taxation Relief and General Agencies (Regd.), Examiner Building, Fort, Bombay 1. (1850)

Pure silk shawls fine shades size 104 x 52 Rs. 10/- post free wanted agent, Manohar Textiles, Ludhiana. (1830)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

PLANT and articles of a closed Surgana Distillery to be sold by Auction at Surgana Distillery (Nasik District) on 5th June 1950 at 3 P.M. The details of the plant and articles to be sold and conditions of auction can be had from the office of the Supdt. of Prohibition and Excise, Nasik Division, Nasik Road, on application.

THE INTERNATIONAL SUPPLY AND MARITIME ENGINEERING COMPANY LIMITED

In the matter of Voluntary Winding Up of the above Company.

At an extraordinary general meeting of the Company abovementioned held at Bombay on the day of 17th. May, 1950, it was resolved by a special resolution that the Company be wound up voluntarily, and that Mr. Adi P. Pudumjee of Bombay be appointed liquidator for the purpose of such winding up.

Date. 18th May, 1950.

(Sd.) B. H. BHIWANDIWALLA
Chairman

7848

In the matter of "THE RADIO PARTS SUPPLY CO., LTD."

AT AN EXTRA ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company above mentioned held at 40/42 Mint Road, Bombay, on the 15th day of May, 1950, it was resolved by a special resolution that the Company be wound up voluntarily and that Mr. Jagmohandas Premji be appointed Liquidator for the purpose of such winding up.

JAGMOHANDAS PREMJI
Liquidator

The Radio Part Supply Co., Ltd.,
(In voluntary Liquidation).
Bombay, dated 16-5-50.

(1856)

PUBLIC NOTICES

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION U. P.

Advertisement No. 12

APPLICATIONS are invited from citizens of India for a temporary gazetted post of CEMENT CHEMIST for Govt. Cement Factory, Mirzapur. Pay Rs. 200-450. A higher starting pay may be given in special cases. Other things being equal, preference will be given to those domiciled in U. P. Candidates should (i) possess an Hons. degree in Chemistry and Physics from a recognized University and should have had practical experience in a responsible position in the manufacture of Portland and other cements; (ii) be fully conversant with the most modern standard practice in Qualitative and Quantitative Analyses of all classes of raw materials, coal fuels and water used in the manufacture of Cement and be able to undertake analyses of boiler feed water and potable writer and to control water softening and purification plants: (iii) be fully conversant with all modern standard specifications used in the manufacture of cement and should have a thorough knowledge of the Chemistry and Physics and also the compound composition of Cements and concrete, and the causes of failure in concrete: (iv) be conversant with the Petrological Microscope and should be able to prepare and examine rock and clinker slides; and (v) be prepared to assume full responsibility for the control of all stages of the manufacture of cement. Age not more than 28 years (31 years for Scheduled Caste candidates) on April 1, 1950. Exemptions from the age limit may be granted in special cases. Prescribed application forms may be had from the SECRETARY, DEPARTMENT NO. A12/R-6(a), P. S. C., U.P., ALLAHABAD UP TO JUNE 3, 1950 AGAINST A MONEY ORDER OF RE. 1/- EACH. Applications on such forms will be received UP TO JUNE 17. 1950.

Dated Allahabad, May 9. 1950.

(7837)

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.

(In Voluntary Liquidation).

LOST SHARE CERTIFICATES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificates Nos. 3131 & 72580 in respect of 46- Ordinary Shares Nos. 171681/171685 and 566076 of the Bombay Electric Supply & Tramways Co. Ltd. (In Voluntary Liquidation) standing in the name of Jamshedji Hormusji Tavaria (now deceased) and Bai Dinbai Jamshedji Tavaria have been lost, mislaid or destroyed.

Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their Registered Office, Electric House, Bombay No. 1 within one month from the date hereof, otherwise duplicate Share Certificates will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Dated 20th May 1950.

(Sd.) BAI DINBAI JAMSHEDJI TAVARIA

(1857)

ENCLOSURE.

THE JEYPORE VIKRAMA DEO COLLEGE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY, ANDHRA UNIVERSITY, WALTAIR.

APPLICATIONS for admission will be received upto 10th June 1950. The number of seats reserved for admission into the B. Sc. Hons. Technology course for students of different states is mentioned below:—

B. Sc. (HONS.) TECHNOLOGY (WITH SUGAR AS SPECIAL SUBJECT).

Hyderabad and Kerala States	4 Seats
Orissa	1 seat
Unreserved (for other states not mentioned above)	1 seat
	6

B. Sc. (HONS.) TECHNOLOGY (WITH PHARMACEUTICS AS SPECIAL SUBJECT).

West Bengal and Assam	1 seat
Bihar	1 "
C. P. & Berar and Orissa	1 "
East Punjab and Centrally administered areas	1 "
States and States Unions	2 seats
	6

Minimum qualifications for admission are a pass at the first appearance in the Intermediate Examination (equivalent to the I. Sc. of the Andhra University) with Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry under Part III. and a distinction at least in Chemistry.

If the requisite number of qualified students is not forthcoming from any state, the seats ear-marked for it may be allotted to students from the adjoining areas.

For detailed prospectus and application forms for admission, apply to Principal, University Colleges, Waltair, enclosing postage stamps for 9 ... pies and a paper 4" x 3" bearing the address to which the above should be sent.

K. RANGADHAMA RAO,
Principal, University Colleges,

(7840)

PUBLIC NOTICES

ERRATUM

THE BANK OF BARODA, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:—BARODA

IT MAY PLEASE BE NOTED that the "NOTES" which inadvertently appeared at the foot of our BALANCE SHEET published in the issue of this paper, dated 6-5-1950 do not at all pertain to our BALANCE SHEET.

M. S. D'SOUZA,
Ag. General Manager.
(7843)

ELECTRIC GRID DEPARTMENT TENDER NOTICE

No. T4/S-13

SEALED TENDERS in accordance with specification No. Elg/T. 14 will be received upto 5 p.m. on the 30th June 1950 in the office of the Electrical Commissioner with the Government of Bombay, Electric Grid Department, Foreshore Road, Fort, Bombay for the Survey work of the 66 K.V. Utran-Billimora Transmission line of the South Gujerat Electric Grid Scheme. Copies of specification and general conditions of contract can be had from the above office against cash payment of Rs. 2/- per set—not refundable. Firms outside Bombay may obtain copies on remittance of the cost by money order.

2. The Electrical Commissioner reserves the right to reject any or all quotations without assigning any reasons.

(7839)

CENTRAL FOOD TECHNOLOGICAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE.

(Council of Scientific and Industrial Research.)

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of an Assistant Civil Engineer in the grade Rs. 250-25-500, plus D. A. Rs. 60/-. The post is temporary upto 28-2-1951, but is likely to be continued. Applicants should be Graduates in Civil Engineering with at least 5 years of experience in the profession. Actual experience in the construction and equipment of laboratories will be an additional qualification. Applicants may be required to attend interview at their own expense. The selected Candidate should be prepared to join immediately. Applications should reach the Planning Officer, Central Food Technological Research Institute, Cheluvamba Mansion, V. V. Mohalla Post, Mysore, not later than 1st June, 1950.

(7844)

NOTICE

No. 7. SECRETARY, Public Service Commission, West Bengal invites applications from women candidates on the prescribed form with a treasury chalan for Rs. 5/- under the head "XXXVI-Misc. Receipts of the Public Service Commission West Bengal" not later than 15th June, 1950 to fill a post of Science Mistress, Dow Hill Girls' School Kurseong in the Bengal General Service, on contract for three years. Pay—Rs. 225-325 plus adinterim increase in pay of Rs. 30/- and dearness allowance as admissible under the rules. Total minimum emoluments Rs. 305/- per mensem. Free partially furnished quarters will be provided. QUALIFICATIONS—Must possess a degree in Science and a teaching diploma and be qualified to teach Biology upto Senior Cambridge standard, Botany and General Science upto Junior Cambridge standard, with ability to teach Mathematics in classes V and VI. Preference will be given to a candidate who has passed with Honours in any one of the aforesaid subjects and having all other qualifications; age not more than 30 years on 1st June, 1950, relaxable for highly qualified candidates and also for Departmental Officers. Particulars obtainable on and from the 22nd May, from the office of the Commission, Anderson House (top floor), Alipore, Calcutta-27 personally or on sending a self-addressed stamped envelope. The prescribed application form priced at annas two available of the District Treasuries and Sub-Treasuries in West Bengal and the Secretariat Book Depot, Writers' Buildings Calcutta. Persons residing outside West Bengal may obtain the form from the office of the Commission on sending the price in postage stamps. (7845)

UNIVERSITY OF ALLAHABAD

WANTED a Professor in History in the grade of Rs. 800-50-1,250 with benefit of provident fund. The post is permanent but the period of probation is three years.

Candidates should possess high academic qualifications and should have at least five years, teaching experience of post-graduate classes. He should be able to guide research upto D. Litt. standard. The Professor is responsible for the organisation of different courses in his department. He should have established a reputation for sound scholarship and learning.

Applications on the prescribed form (to be had on pre-payment of Rs. 5/-) with copies of testimonials, reprints and publications must reach the Registrar by June 30, 1950.

Canvassing will be a disqualification.

K. L. GOVIL,
Registrar.

(7847)

PUBLIC NOTICES

UNION PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Advertisement No. 20.

APPLICATIONS invited for the undermentioned posts from citizens of India. Persons who have migrated from Pakistan with the intention of permanently settling in India or subjects of Nepal or of Sikkim or of a Portuguese or French possession in India are also eligible but in their case a certificate of eligibility from the Government of India will be necessary for appointment. Such candidates should apply to the Government of India in the Ministry of Home Affairs, for the necessary certificate and furnish satisfactory proof of having so applied. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Castes Tribal and aboriginal communities candidates and displaced persons. In the case of Indian employees of the Government of Burma discharged owing to constitutional changes in that country, the conditions regarding upper age limit may not be enforced in respect of temporary appointments while they may be relaxed upto 45 years where necessary in respect of permanent and quasi-permanent appointments. For others age limits will be strictly adhered to save in exceptional circumstances and in no case beyond a limit of three years. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Union Public Service Commission, Parliament House, Post Box No. 186, New Delhi. When applying for forms candidates must specify the name of the post. Closing date for applications with treasury receipt or Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7|8|- (Rs. 1|14|- for Scheduled Castes, Tribal and aboriginal communities candidates) 17TH JUNE, 1950. The Crossed Postal Order should be marked payable to Secretary, Union Public Service Commission, at New Delhi Post Office. The Commission may, at their discretion remit the prescribed application fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a BONA FIDE displaced person and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Separate application with separate fee required for each post. Candidates from outside India may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. Such candidates should deposit their fees at the Office of the High Commissioner for India or of the Indian Ambassador or the Government of India's Representative as the case may be and attach the receipts to their applications. Two weeks' extension allowed to candidates residing abroad. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so.

1. ONE MATHEMATICAL ADVISER, SURVEY OF INDIA UNDER THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE. Central Service Class I. Post permanent and pensionable. Other things being equal, preference will be given to a Scheduled Caste candidate. PAY:—(i) FOR DIRECT RECRUITS: Rs. 350-350-380-380-30-590-E. B.-30-770-40-850, (ii) FOR PERSONS IN CONTINUOUS GOVERNMENT EMPLOY SINCE 15TH JULY, 1931:—Rs. 500-50-1500. Higher initial pay up to the maximum of the scale may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. AGE:—Between 30 and 45 years. QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL:—(i) First Class Honours Degree in Mathematics of a recognised University with a good background of applied Mathematics. DESIRABLE:—(i) Research experience in Mathematical Problems. (ii) Knowledge of Geodetic and Geophysical survey Instruments. (iii) Knowledge of foreign languages specially French and German.

2. ONE ZOOLOGIST, ZOOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA UNDER THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE. Central Service Class I. Post permanent but appointment will be made on a temporary basis. Other things being equal, preference will be given to a Scheduled Caste candidate. PAY:—Rs. 350-350-380-380-30-590-E. B.-30-770-40-850. AGE:—Between 23 and 30 years. QUALIFICATIONS:—ESSENTIAL:—(i) At least a years' Honours Degree or Post-graduate Degree in Zoology of a recognised University. Preference will be given to one who has obtained a Doctorate Degree or has had special training in the systematics, etc. of Zoology in India and abroad. (ii) Experience of research work in the morphology and systematics of Birds. DESIRABLE:—(i) Knowledge of the systematics of mammals. (ii) Some training in the collection and preservation of Zoological Specimens in the field and in the handling and maintaining of large Zoological collections in some Indian or foreign Museum or Zoological Research Institution. (iii) Some experience of mammals to be able to take charge of the mammal collections of the Survey.

3. ONE COST ACCOUNTS OFFICER, CENTRAL TRACTOR ORGANISATION UNDER THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE. Central Service Class I. Post temporary up to the 28th February, 1954. PAY:—Rs. 600-40-1000-1000-1050-1050-1100-1100-1150. AGE:—Between 25 and 45 years. QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL:—(i) A recognised accountancy qualification recognised for enrolment in the Register of Accountants maintained by the Central Government or an Associate Membership of the Institute of Cost and Works Accountants, London or of the Indian Institute of Costs and Works Accountants, Calcutta, having passed the final examination held by any of these Institutes. (ii) At least five years' practical experience in cost accounting in Government or Industrial Organisation of which at least 3 years should have been spent in a position of responsibility within the Organisation or in a professional capacity. DESIRABLE:—Degree of a recognised University.

4. ONE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, DEPARTMENT OF POSTS & TELEGRAPHS, MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS. General Central Service Class I. Post temporary but likely to become permanent. PAY:—Rs. 600-40-1000-1000-1050-1050-1100-1100-1150-50-1300. Higher initial pay may be granted to an exceptionally well-qualified candidate. AGE:—Below 45 years. No age limits for Government servants. QUALIFICATIONS:—ESSENTIAL:- (i) Degree in Electrical Engineering of a recognised Indian or Foreign University OR A.M.I.E. (India) or equivalent qualifications. (ii) At least three years training in Telecommunication. (iii) Five to Seven years' experience in Telecommunications Engineering in a Government or Commercial Organisation of which about half should have been in a responsible post. (iv) Experience in planning and maintenance of automatic exchanges.

5. ONE ASSISTANT INSPECTOR OF MILITARY EXPLOSIVES UNDER THE DIRECTOR OF TECHNICAL DEVELOPMENT, MINISTRY OF DEFENCE. Presumptive classification —Central Service Class I. Post temporary for 3 years for the present but likely to become permanent. PAY:—Rs. 350-350-380-380-30-590-E. B.-30-770-40-850 Higher initial pay may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. AGE:—Below 40 years. QUALIFICATIONS:—ESSENTIAL:—(i) Ph.D. Degree in Chemistry of a recognised University OR Master's or 3 years Honours Degree in Chemistry of a recognised University followed by at least 3 years post graduate experience, a part of which would be in Analytical Chemistry in a technical establishment. (ii) Experience of organisation of a laboratory and control of technical staff and ability to conduct research and investigation. DESIRABLE:—Experience in the manufacture, use and inspection of explosive and allied stores.

6. ONE ASSISTANT ANTHROPOLOGIST, DEPARTMENT OF ANTHROPOLOGY, MINISTRY OF EDUCATION. General Central Service Class II, Post temporary upto the end of February, 1951, for the present but likely to continue thereafter. Other things being equal preference will be given to Scheduled Castes candidates. Pay:—Rs. 275-25-500-30-650-E. B. 30-800. AGE:—Below 45 years. Relaxable for permanent Government servants. QUALIFICATIONS:—ESSENTIAL:—(i) At least a Second Class Master's Degree in Authropology of a recognised University. (ii) Specialisation in Social Anthropology and Primitive Religion. (iii) Experience in field investigations with a recognised institution. DESIRABLE:—Knowledge of French and German.

7. ONE ASSISTANT OFFICER-IN-CHARGE, ANTI-MALARIA OPERATIONS IN DELHI UNDER THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH. Central Service Class I. Post temporary for the present but likely to become permanent. Post reserved for a Scheduled Caste candidate but if no such suitable candidate is available, it will be treated as unreserved. PAY:—Rs. 600-40-1000-1000-1050-1050-1100-1100-1150-50-1300. plus conveyance allowance of Rs. 100|- p.m. NOTE:—No private practice of any kind will be allowed. AGE:— Between 30 and 40 years. Relaxable for Government servants. QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL:— (i) Graduate in Medicine of a recognised University. (ii) Training in Malariology. (iii) Previous experience of Malaria control work and administration in an antimalaria Organisation. DESIRABLE:— Diploma in Tropical Medicine or Public Health.

8. ONE ASSISTANT SURGEON IN THE MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS OFFICE, CALCUTTA UNDER THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY. Post not classified as yet and temporary up to 31-8-1950 for the present but likely to continue thereafter. PAY:— Rs. 260-15-440-20-500. Higher initial pay up to Rs. 335|- p.m. may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. AGE:— Between 30 and 40 years. QUALIFICATIONS:—ESSENTIAL:— (i) A Medical graduate of a recognised University. (ii) At least five years' experience of service in a Military or a Civil Hospital or a Hospital attached to a factory. DESIRABLE:— (i) Training in a Hospital. (ii) Experience of medical welfare work amongst the labour population and acquaintance with regulations connected with industrial safety and preventive measures.

9. (a) 10 ASSISTANT ENGINEERS (ELECTRICAL) and (b) 2 ASSISTANT ENGINEERS (MECHANICAL) HIRAKUD DAM PROJECT, (c) 4 EXTRA ASSISTANT DIRECTORS (ELECTRICAL) HYDRO-ELECTRIC WING, (d) 2 ASSISTANT ENGINEERS (ELECTRICAL) AND (e) 2 ASSISTANT ENGINEERS (MECHANICAL), CENTRAL DESIGNS ORGANISATION, CENTRAL WATER-POWER, IRRIGATION AND NAVIGATION COMMISSION UNDER THE MINISTRY OF WORKS MINES AND POWER. Central Service Class II. All posts under (a), (b) and (c) temporary upto February, 1952 for the present but posts under (c) are likely to become permanent. All posts under (d) and (e) temporary for the present but likely to become permanent. Seven posts (2) under (a), 1 under (b), 1 under (c), 2 under (d) and 1 under (e) reserved for Scheduled Castes candidates, but if no such suitable candidates are available, the vacancies will be treated as 'unreserved' to the extent necessary. Persons who have already applied in response to the Commission's previous advertisement No. 76 for the posts of Assistant Executive Engineer (Electrical) and (Mechanical) Hirakud Dam Project, need not apply again as their applications will be treated as having been made for these posts also. PAY:— (i) FOR (a), (b), (d) and (e):— Rs. 275-25-500-E. B.-30-650-E.B.-30-800. (ii) FOR (c):— Rs. 275-25-500-E.B.-30-500. Higher initial pay upto Rs. 400|- p.m. may be given to specially well-qualified and experienced candidates. NOTE:— The pay of Engineering Officers recruited from services with State Governments other than I.S.E. will be fixed according to the Ministry of Works Mines and Power letter No. DWII-3 (39), dated the 21st May, 1949. AGE:—Below 30 years. Relaxable for Government servants. QUALIFICATIONS:— FOR (a), (c) and (d):—ESSENTIAL:- Degree in Electrical Engineering of a recognised University or A.M.I.E. (India) or equivalent qualification. DESIRABLE:—(i) Some experience in one of the following:— (a) Design work connected with big Hydro-Electric Systems comprising Generating Stations, Grid Sub-Stations, Transmission Lines, etc. (b) Training in a large manufacturing concern in U.S.A. or U.K. etc., specialising in the design and manufacture of heavy electrical machinery and equipment connected with large power Projects. (c) Construction or operation and maintenance in a large hydro power system (ii) Degree in Mechanical Engineering of a recognised University. (iii) Post-Graduate degree in Electrical Engineering. FOR (b) AND (e):—ESSENTIAL:— Degree in Mechanical Engineering of a recognised University or A.M.I.E. (India) or equivalent qualifications. DESIRABLE:—(i) Some experience in one of the following:— (a) Maintenance and Operation of a Mechanical workshop machinery and equipment. (b) Maintenance and Operation of heavy machinery used in connection with large civil construction works. (c) Maintenance and Operation of tractors, heavy vehicles etc. (d) Construction or maintenance and operation of Diesel and Steam engine construction Power Houses. (ii) Degree in Electrical Engineering. 7831

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED by the Ritz Ltd., 5, Jamshedji Tata Road, Churchgate, Bombay, on an annual basis for the sale and exclusive rights of supply of refreshments, solid and liquid, for the Second Enclosure in the Race Course at Poona and Bombay for the period of one year, commencing from 1st July, 1950 to 30th June 1951. The tenders must reach at the above address on or before the 10th of June, 1950.

(1851)

TENDER NOTICE

CIVIL SUPPLIES DEPARTMENT Bombay propose installing through reliable labour contractors in Government godowns power driven machinery for cleaning and processing foodgrains. Tenders are invited for the above work on or before 3 P.M. on the 29th instant. Tender forms containing conditions etc., can be obtained from the Director of Civil Supplies (Accounts), New India Assurance Building, Fort, Bombay who is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

(7846)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SHANKERLAL RATTANJI has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim whatsoever on the said property by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien or otherwise howsoever are requested to make the same known in writing to us in our Office at 139, Medows Street Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground with hereditaments and premises situate, lying and being at Kazi Syed Street, Khand Bazar, within the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 487 Square Yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New No. 6432 and New Survey No. 2580 and Cadastral Survey No. 332 of the Mandvi Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward Nos. 1350 and 1351 and Street Nos. 90 and 92 and bounded as follows: on or towards the East by Kazi Syed Street, West by a Gully North by the property bearing C. S. No. 333, South by the property bearing C. S. No. 331.

Dated this 15th day of May, 1950
Messrs. BENJAMIN & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys

(7838)

FOR LEUCODERMA VICTIMS

I fell a Victim to Leucoderma and tried many Herbal and Allopathic treatment without any success. Fortunately I was advised to consult Dr. VISHRAM O. CONTRACTOR of House No. 6, King Lane, Bora Bazar, Fort Bombay, who is an experienced Homeopath of long standing. To my surprise the result of his treatment was marvellous. I must say that he is a boon to those who are affected with leucoderma—F. S. COLOMBOWALA, 5, Rustom Baug, Victoria Road, Byculla, Bombay.

AUCTION SALES

RARE OPPORTUNITY TO INVEST MONEY IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTY IN HIGH CLASS LOCALITY.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT BENHAM HALL LANE, NEAR PORTUGUESE CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

Messrs. Gandhi & Co., will under instructions from Messrs Nandlal & Co., Attorneys for the vendors (Mortgagees) Messrs. Dwarkadas Damodardas and another and on account and at risk of Mortgagor Kantilal Kalyandas in pursuance of power of sale reserved to vendors under Two Indentures of Transfer of Mortgage and Further Charge all dated 9th January 1945, sell by Public Auction undermentioned immovable property on Monday, 12th day of June 1950 at 4-30 p. m. (S.T.) on premises.

All that piece of land together with dwelling house at Breach Candy or Girgaum Road admeasuring 666 6 9 square yards or thereabouts bearing Collector's No. 2507 and New Survey No. 7882 and Cadastral Survey No. 1434 of Girgaum Division "D" Ward No. 345 (1) (2) and 346 and New Street Nos. 97-40-50 and 1. Benham Hall Lane and Girgaum Road Nos. 40A to 50 and 1 Benham Lane and Nos. 993 and 95 Girgaum Road.

For particulars apply to Messrs. Nandlal & Co., Solicitors 23 Medows Street, Fort, or to us.

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT BAZAR ROAD, KURLA.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from Messrs Benjamin & Co., Attorneys for Mortgagees and on account and at risk of Varieties (India) Ltd. a Private Company Ltd. Mortgagors in pursuance of power of sale in Mortgage dated 3-3-49 sell by Public Auction on Wednesday 24th Inst. at 4 P. M. undermentioned immovable property on premises.

SCHEDULE

All that piece of Leasehold land with tenement situate at Bazar Road Kurla admeasuring about 6224 Square yards or thereabouts being part A bearing Survey No. 208 Hissa No 1 bearing House No. 116 and 117 of Bazar Ward and bounded as follows: that is to say on East old Agra Road on West Vacant land bearing part of S. No. 208 and Hissa No. 1 on North partly by open land bearing part of S No. 208 and Hissa No 1 and partly by land bearing Non- agricultural Survey No. 66 and on South by land part of S No. 208 and Hissa No. 1.

For further particulars apply to Messrs Benjamin & Co., Solicitors at Seksaria Chambers. Medows Street, Fort, or to us.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO INVESTORS

AUCTION SALE of vacant plots of land at Worli Mingootmandly.

M/s GANDHI & Co. will under instructions from M/s Benjamin & Co., Attorneys for Transferee of Mortgage and on a/c and at risk of Valibhai Issabhai Patel, Mortgagor, pursuant to power of sale in Mortgage of 24-1-22 and Transfer of Mortgage of 27-3-42, sell by Public Auction on Friday, 2-6-50 at 4-30 P. M. undermentioned vacant plots of land on premises.

FIRSTLY:— All that piece of Foras land at Worli Mingootmandly admeasuring 1095 Sq. yds. or thereabouts bearing New No. 12341, New Survey No. 1/2772, G. ward No. 2202 and Street No. 1198.

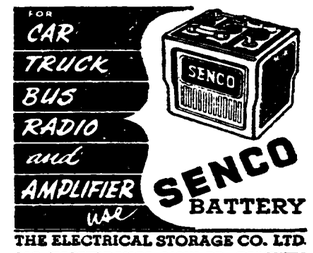
SECONDLY:— All that piece of Foras land at Worli Mingootmandly admeasuring 518 sq. yds. or thereabouts bearing New No. 12126, New Survey No. 4/2772, G ward No. 2205, Street No. 1201.

For particulars apply to M/s Benjamin & Co., Solicitors, 139, Medows Street, Bombay or to us.

GANDHI & CO.

BONAFIDE SALE
AUCTION SALE TOMORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. Property of B. Turner Esqr. and others at Babulal Mansion, Choupatty sea face of complete household and office furniture, Milners safe, steel almirah, typewriter, sewing machine, radio, wall clock, Elec. fan, dining, writing and dressing table, side-board, show case, chesterfield almirah, bed, etc. (S. Tax) T. 40213.

EASTERN AUCTION CO.



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354, Kalbadevi Road, 1st floor
BOMBAY No. 2

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TALL CLAIMS OF NATURE CURE EXPONENTS

Morarji's Call For Moderation

BOMBAY, Friday.

"WHEN people become fanatics, whatever be their sphere of life they lose their senses and go astray," declared Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Govt. of Bombay declaring open Dr. R. S. Agarwal's Nature-Cure Eye clinic at the residence of Mr. D. I. Ahmedi, Superintendent, Victoria Gardens, this morning.

He deplored the tall claims made by some of the nature-cure exponents and said that no system was perfect. If the cure lay in some other system, like allopathy or homoeopathy there should be no hesitation in benefiting from it.

A BELIEVER

Personally he was a great believer in nature-cure methods and during his last "jail interlude" he had made a somewhat serious

If only people observed simple rules of health and hygiene in their daily lives they would save themselves not only a lot of misery but a lot of money also.

What was required was a sincere adherence to Nature's rules. All things, even a modern car, had its principles. Harm only came when these principles were broken.

DISTURBANCE

When illness came, it meant that there was a disturbance in the observance of these rules. By removing this "disturbance" one could regain normal health. But that meant patience and in the hurry and bustle of modern life people had no patience and wanted quick remedies. If the eyes were weak they went for glasses. They thought that they could cure themselves in a minute, this way.

That was, however, not the right path. More people should take to nature-cure methods and thus set an example to others.

WRONG ACCENT

Today the "accent" was on money and profits. That was not the way of a true doctor. He should work with a missionary spirit without caring for his personal gains, added the Home Minister.

Earlier, Dr. Agarwal giving a brief history of his Eye clinic at Delhi said that there were great possibilities in India as far as nature-cure methods were concerned.

But it was rather deplorable that the Health Ministry, Government of India, was not coming forth with help in opening more clinics all over the country.

The clinic at Victoria Gardens will remain open till 30th May, 50 between 8 and 11 a. m. daily and the public can derive benefit either free or by making any contribution they like.

Mr. V. T. Krishnamachari Member of the Planning Commission was also present.

TRAVEL ESSAY COMPETITION

BOMBAY, Thursday.

With a view to supplement Government attempts to promote tourism, the New India Travel Service has started an essay competition. The writer of the best essay will be awarded a cash prize of Rs. 500.

The subjects cover such points which will help the authorities and the public to improve travel conditions.

The essays for the competition are: Air travel, tourism and excursion, foreign tourists, tourist bureau, international travelling and tours in India.

Further details can be got from the New India Travel Services, Co-operative Insurance Building, Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.

STILL REFUGEES STREAM IN: Refugees from Eastern Pakistan are still crossing into Jalpaipuri district in large numbers. Muslim evacuees are also returning in increasing numbers every day.

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Food Campaign Results

COMMITTEE TO ASSESS

BOMBAY, Thursday: A committee for assessing the results of Grow More Food measures has been appointed by the Government of Bombay.

Shri B. Venkatappiah, Secretary to Government, Finance Department, is the Chairman of the Committee and Shri A. L. Dias, Secretary to Government, Civil Supplies Department, Shri D. N. Mahta, Secretary to Government Agriculture and Forests Department, Capt. S. P. Mohite, Director of Food Production, Agriculture and Forests Department, and Shri G. M. Sankpal, Director, Bureau of Economics and Statistics, will be the members of the Committee. Shri Sankpal will also act as the Secretary to the Committee.

The functions of the Committee will be to devise measures for assessing statistically the results of the different Grow More Food schemes in the Bombay State to establish proper statistical machinery for implementing those measures and to submit to the Government, reports of the results of the statistical investigation from time to time for the 1950-51 season.

In view of the urgency and importance of the work of this Committee, the Government has instructed all Departments and offices to pay urgent attention to references from this Committee and to supply expeditiously any information required by it in connection with this work.

ENCOURAGING STUDY OF HINDI IN BOMBAY

Committee Appointed To Prepare Syllabus

BOMBAY, Friday.

Having regard to articles 343 to 351 of the Constitution of India, the Government of Bombay was considering the steps to be taken to encourage the study of Hindi in this State. But before making it a compulsory subject in the schools it was considered necessary to prescribe suitable syllabi for the courses of study in Hindi to be followed in the various standards and to prepare suitable text-books for the purpose and also to prepare similar syllabi for the training courses of teachers, etc.

It has, therefore, appointed a Committee under the Chairmanship of Mahamahopadhyaya D. V. Potdar to examine and make recommendations in respect of these problems. Other members of the Committee are Shri G. P. Nene, Shri Maganbhai Desai, Shrimati Perin Captain and Shri Siddhanath Pant. The Educational Inspector, Bombay Division, will be the Secretary of the Committee.

FUNCTION

The Committee has been asked to examine and make recommendations regarding the syllabi for the courses of Hindi in standards V to XI and whether it should be taught by the Direct method of teaching in Stnadards III to IV. It has also been asked to select text-books including those for the training courses and also to suggest arrangements for the training of teachers.

The Headquarters of the Committee will be in Bombay and it has been requested to submit its report within three months as far as possible.

DEVELOPMENT BOARD RECONSTITUTED

Procedure For Securing Advice Simplified

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Bombay State Rural Development Board has been reconstituted by the Government of Bombay in order to simplify the procedure for obtaining its advice.

The Chief Minister, and the Minister for Agriculture will be the President and the Vice-Prsident of the Board respectively. There are other 18 officials, including the Minister for Finance, who have been appointed as members of this Board. The Secretary Agriculture and Forests Department, or his Deputy, will be the Secretary of the Board.

The functions of the Board are to advise the Government on the general principles and policy of rural development and cognate matters and such other matters as may be referred to it and also on various agricultural and rural developmhent schemes and to review the work already done.

STANDING COMMITTEE

A Standing Committee, consisting of 10 members of the Board, has also been apointed to examine the various proposals in detail and to advise the Government on day-to-day problems arising out of the operations of the agricultural aud rural development schemes.

The Minister for Agriculture is the Chairman and the Secretary, Agriculture and Forests Department, or his Deputy, will be the Secretary of the Committee.

Board Of Ancient Monuments

BOMBAY, Thursday: The Government of Bombay has appointed Shri Munikumar M. Bhatt, Curator, Bhavnagar Museum, on the Board for Historical Records and Ancient Monuments to represent the Government of Saurashtra.

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Jeth Shud 3 2006.
Muslim: Shaban 2, 1369.
Parsi: Adar 20, 1319.
Sunrise: 6-3 a.m. Sunset 7-7 p.m.
Hightide: 01-10, 14-30. Lowtide: 07-22, 20-28.

Today's Engagements

A.C.C. STAFF ASSN.: General Body Meeting, at Cama Hall, at 2-30 p.m.

DADAJEE DHAKJEE & CO. EMPLOYEES' UNION: Meeting at Union Office, Congress House, at 4 p.m.

HARKISONDAS HOSPITAL WORKERS' UNION: Meeting at Union Office, Congress House at 6 p.m.

ASSOCIATED CEMENT CO. STAFF ASSN: General Body Meeting at Cama Hall at 2-30 p.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Public lecture, Wadia Bldg., Opp. Flora Fountain, on "Man, Mortal and Immortal" followed by question and answer, at 6-15 p.m.

SRI THYAGARAJA SABHA: Concert, by Shremati Renuka Hariharan and Party at Podar College Hall, Matunga, at 5 p.m. on Sunday May 21.

SIR HARKISONDAS NURROTUMDAS HOSPITAL: Inauguration of Silver Jubilee Week and of the Medical Exhibition, at Vanita Vishram Gardens, Sandhurst Road, at 6 p.m. The Hon'ble Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will preside.

TODAY'S RADIO

SATURDAY, May 20.

Air News From Delhi

English—8 a.m., 1-30 p.m., 6, 9; Gujerati—8-45 a.m., 1 p.m., 8-15, Hindustani 8-15 a.m. 1-40 p.m. 6-10, 9-15 Kannada—7-45 a.m.; 7-45 p.m. Malayalam—7-30 a.m. 7-30 p.m., Marathi—8-30 a.m., 12-50 p.m., 8; Tamil 7-15 a.m., 2 p.m. 7-15; Telugu—7 a.m., 1-50 p.m. 7

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. Bhor Bhaee. 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram 7-45 Kunj Bihari Desai, Geet 8-15 B. V. Jadhav, Jaunpuri. 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari. 12-50 Kunj Bihari Desai, Pad. 1-10 Geet Vaividyha. 5 Mohantara Ajinkya, Multani 5-30 Programme for children in Gujarati. 6-10 Nagesh Masute, Purvi. 6-30 Theory and practice of music 7 Topic of the Day. 7-10 Local announcements and Weather Report. 7-20 Nagesh Masute, Thumri. 7-45 Programme for industrial workers. 8-30 As in Bombay B. 9-15 Ramrao Parsatwar, Jaltarang. 9-30 Songs from films. 9-45 Mohammad Ismail. 10 As in Bombay—B.

VARIATIONS: 7-30 As in Bombay A. 8 Ramrao Parsatwar, Jaltarang. 8-45 Shaila Shirur, Light Marathi songs. 1 p.m. Shila Shirur, Bhavgeet. 1-10 As in Bombay A. 1-30 Geet Vaividhya. 1-50 Nagesh Masute 2-10 Ramrao Parsatwar, Jaltarang. 5 As in Bombay A. 6 Kannad Bhavgeet 6-20 Calling Rural Listeners. 7-20 As in Bombay A. 7-30 Commercial News 8-15 Mohantara Ajinkya, Light Marathi songs 8-30 Replies to listeners' letters in Hidi. 8-40 Musical Interlude 8-45 Sonyachi Dwarka. 9 Programme of folk songs. 9-30 As in Bombay A. 10 B. V. Jadhav, Nayaki Kannada. 10-30 Mohantara Ajinkya, Basant.

BARODA

7-30 a.m. Pathik. 7-45 Summary of programmes for today and tomorrow. 7-50 N. Ashtekar 8-15 Air Quartet 8-30 Nischala Desai 5-30 p.m. As in Ahmedabad 5-45 Instrumental Quartet. 6-10 Imamali Khan. 6-30 Programme for rural listeners. 7 Nai Pahchan 7-15 Replies to listeners' letters in Gujarati. 7-30 Violent Trio. 7-45 Imamali Khan, Gara Kannada. 8 Amritrao N. Ashtekar. 8-10 Local Announcements and weather report. 8-30 Sagar Mistry, Socho To. 9-30 Dadhi And Dant.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. Ashram Bhajanavali, 7-40 Jhankar. 8-15 Prahlad Parekhnan Geets. 8-30 Chandrakant Majumdar, 5-30 p.m. Uma Divetia. 5-45 As in Baroda 6-30 Navi Filmomanthi. 6-45 Ahmed Darbar, Clarionet. 7 Chandrakant Majumdar, Dhan Dhan Bhag. 7-25 Musical Interlude 7-30 Programme of Special interest to the Industrial Workers. 8 Local Announcements and weather report. 8-5 Hemant Kumar. 8-30 Variety Programme of Vocal and Instrumental music. 9-30 Dadhi And Dant.

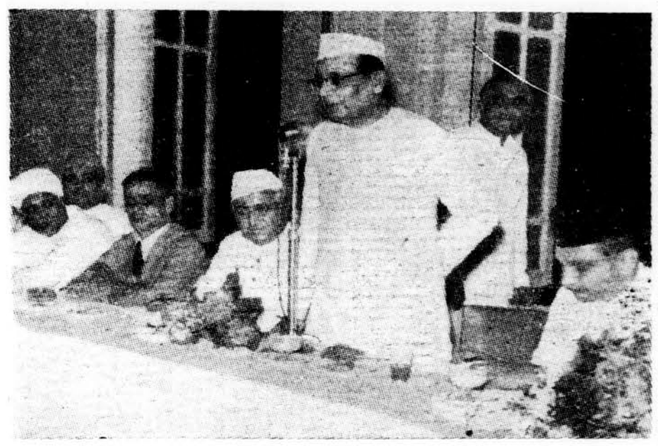
B. B. C.

GENERAL OVERSEAS SERVICE: 7-45 Sandy Macpherson at the Theatre Organ. 8 Music Magazine. 8-15 World Affairs. 8-45 Music from Grand Hotel. 10 Programme Parade 10-10 Lan Steward and his orchestra. 10-30 Much-Binding-in-the-March. 11 Sports Review. 11-15 Listeners' Choice 11-45 Listeners' Choice 1 p.m. Guards on Parade 1-30 Continuous Music. 2-30 The Adventures of Richard Hannay 3 Italian Opera. 3-30 Tip-Top Tunes. 4 Twenty Questions 4-45 Rendezvous Players. 5 The Earth's Atmosphere. 5-45 M.C.C. v. West Indies 6 Dance Music 6-15 Colonial Questions. 6-45 Listeners' Choice. 7-45 Dance Music. 8-15 M.C.C. v. West Indies 8-45 BBC Revenue Orchestra 9-15 M.C.C. v. West Indies. 10-30 Hampshire v. Leicestershire.

EASTERN SERVICE: 7-30 p. m. Questions and Answer. 8 Bachchon Ke Liye. 8-30 Bichitra. 9 News and News talk.

WORLD NON-RED UNION: Miss Maniben Kara Vice-President of the Hind Mazdoor Sabha is leaving for Brussels on the 22nd May to attend the meeting of the executive board of the International Confederation of Free Trade Unions on which one seat is allocated to India under the constitution of the ICFTU.

BULLION RECEPTION



A reception was given to Shri Tulsidas Kilachand at the Taj Mahal Hotel on Thursday evening by the Bombay Bullion Association. Photo shows Hon. Dinkerrao Desai, who presided addressing.

POONA UNIVERSITY RESULTS

Engineering First Examination

POONA, May 19, (PTI):

The following are the results of the first examination in engineering held by the Poona University in March 1950.

First Class: 11 26 34 40 57 74 75 80 87 90 104 132 331.

Second Class: 1 5 7 8 9 10 16 25 29 35 36 45 55 56 58 60 63 73 76 78 81 82 83 84 86 91 93 94 96 100 110 119 121 126 129 135 137 138 141 147 299 322.

Pass Class: 2 4 6 12 17 19 20 27 32 33 46 51 52 53 68 72 77 95 97 99 113 122 123 128 130 143 145 148 150 151 154 155 156 157 160 162 163 165 166 167 168 169 172 173 176 179 181 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 192 193 194 195 197 198 202 203 204 205 207 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 222 224 226 227 228 231 233 235 239 240 241 242 244 245 246 247 248 250 252 253 256 258 260 263 264 266 267 268 270 274 279 281 291 295 314 317 321 323 325 339 340 341 342 345 348 351 352 353 354 355 356 357.

Results of the following candidates have been held over: 98 170.

The following candidates are allowed to keep terms for S. E. Examination:— 21 22 31 38 48 62 65 66 71 102 106 108 109 114 125 127 134 146 149 153 171 183 196 200 221 223 237 251 255 259 262 275 283 286 294 300 301 305 308 312 313 326 327 328 329 346 347.

College Of Physicians Exams. Results

The following are the results of the various examinations held by the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Bombay.

D.O.M.S. RESULT

Bhatnagar, Arjun Sahai Verma, Docrat, Yusuf Ahmed, Jogiekar, Mahadeo Damodar.

FINAL L.C.P.S. RESULTS

Baxi, Anil Janardan, Bhatnagar, Soubhagya Narain Singh, Bhatt, Bhanukiran Trikamlal, Bhojwani, Bhagirathi Hemandas (Miss), Bhomisa, Sorab Pestonji, Bhopatkar, Gajanan Trimbak, Britto, Oliver Ignatz, Chaphekar, Prabhakar Madhav, Choksi, Jaykant Chimanlal, Desai, Sumantrai Gulabbhai, Deshmukh, Ramchandra Gopalrao, Dharamsey, Daulat Rajabali (Miss), Dhutia, Tulsidas Karsondas, Gaitonde, Mangesh Rajaram, Geevarghese, Jacob Padayattil, Iyer, Radha Yegneswar (Miss), Jhala, Gunwantsingh, Joshi, Vasant Shankar, Kshirsagar, Narhar Lalhar, Kulkarni, Prabhat Mahadeo, Kurlekar, Leela Shankar (Miss), Makhecha, Shantilal Dahyalal, Mehta, Popatlal Purshotamdas, Permanand, Lila (Miss), Reshamwala, Jayantilal Kantilal, Sharma, Deowrat, Shrikhande, Anant Vaman, Tamboli, Mrudula Ramanlal (Mrs.), Tarapore, Byram Sorab, Varma Lalbahadur Asharfilal.

RECOGNISED REGIONAL LANGUAGES

BOMBAY, Friday.

For the purposes of official business, the Government of Bombay has recognised the following language or languages in the talukas, Mahals or Petas as the regional language or languages in the following districts:

Satara North: Marathi in all areas.

Satara South: Kannada and Marathi in Jath. Marathi in all other areas.

Sholapur: Kannada and Marathi in Akalkot and South Sholapur. Marathi in all other areas except North Sholopur and Mangalwedha.

Kolhapur: Kannada and Marathi in Hatkanangale, Shirol and Gadhinglaj Marathi in all other areas.

Dharwar: Kannada in all areas.

Belgaum: Kannada and Marathi in Shahpur, Kannada in all other areas.

Bijapur: Kannada in all areas.

The merger of the Indian States into the State of Bombay and the consequent redistribution of the districts and talukas has necessitated the reorientation of the official language in these areas.

Orders regarding the languages of North Sholapur and Mangalwedha talukas of the Sholapur district will be issued later.

UNITY CONFERENCE: Presiding over the Unity Conference held at Ludhiana Sardar Daljit Singh, President, All India Unity Board, declared that the present communal differences in Punjab were due to lack of political programme and constructive lead.

ABOUT 25,000 GET JOBS

Record For Last 12 Months

BOMBAY, Friday.

Thirty-five thousand one hundred and ninety-eight vacancies were notified to the Employment Service during March 1950, and the number of persons placed in employment was 24,976, a record for the last 12 months. Although there has been no marked rise in the general employment level in the country, these figures rouse a cautious optimism with regard to the employment situation. Of those who utilized the agency of Employment Offices, 53 per cent were private employers.

The number of persons who sought employment assistance was 87,072, as against 76,471 during the previous month. The increase was marked in West Bengal, owing to the influx of displaced persons from Eastern Pakistan. The Employment Exchanges in this region were instructed to make an all-out effort towards the resettlement of these persons, and the State Government urged all displaced persons requiring employment assistance to apply to the Employment Service.

The first batch of candidates for admission to Training Centres under the Technical and Vocational Training Scheme for Adult Civilians had been selected by the end of the month in most of the regions.

Goa Surgeon Warned

BOMBAY, Friday (UPI): The Portuguese Government, through the Unaiao-Nacionale, a party sponsored by them, have warned Dr. Pundalik Gaitonde, a surgeon attached to a hospital in Mapuca in Goa, that he would be externed if he persisted in maintaining contact with the Indian Consulate in Goa, it is learnt here today.

It is believed that Government have issued this warning to Dr. Gaitonde because of the latter's contacts with Major Asok N. Mehta, Indian Consul in Goa.

Pro-Merger Movement In Goa To Be Strengthened

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Standing Committee of the Political Conference which met here yesterday under the presidentship of Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas, former Mayor of Bombay, appointed a sub-committee to ascertain the opinion of the people of Goa on "freeing Goa from foreign domination and its ultimate merger with India".

According to Mr. Waman Desai, former General Secretary of the Goa National Congress, "under-ground workers in Goa" recently met in Belgaum and decided to "intessify the political activity in Goa."

G. I. P. RAILWAY

CONVEYANCE OF PASSENGERS' LUGGAGE TO THEIR RESIDENCES

WITH EFFECT from June 1, 1950, a scheme for the conveyance of passengers' luggage from Victoria Terminus to their residences at various points in the City will be introduced, by which passengers, who wish to avail of this facility, will hand over their luggage to the Contractor at Victoria Terminus on getting a receipt for the number of packages so handed over. The Contractor will deliver them at the residences, collecting charges according to the following schedule. This Railway will, however, not in any way be responsible for any loss, damage, shortage or mis-delivery of the luggage while it is in the custody of the Contractors. Messrs. Fakirji Rustomji & Sons, Carnac Bridge Goods Station, Bombay have been appointed as Contractors for this purpose. They have an office at Victoria Terminus Station.

SCHEDULE OF CHARGES

	Rate per package Rs. as.
From V. T. to Fort area upto Flora Fountain	0 6
From V. T. beyond Flora Fountain and upto B.E.S.T. Depot	0 8
From V. T. beyond B.E.S.T. Depot and upto Colaba Observatory	0 12
From V. T. to Grant Road	0 8
From V. T. beyond Grant Road upto Kemp's Corner	0 10
Beyond Kemp's Corner to Cumballa Hill, Malabar Hill, Government House upto Sockey Hills Flat	1 0
Beyond Kemp's Corner to Worli upto Mahalaxmi	1 0
Beyond Mahalaxmi upto Dadar	1 4
Beyond Dadar and upto Mahim	1 4

Vanaspati a healthy food

FOOD MINISTER'S DECLARATION

Experiments Establish Vanaspati's Merits

With a view to establish the nutritive value of Vanaspati, Government appointed a number of eminent scientists to examine thoroughly Vanaspati and submit their conclusion. After nearly three years of experimentation, these scientists presented their report to Government. On 8th December 1949, the Hon'ble Shri Jairamdas Daulatram, Minister for Food and Agriculture, read out the report before Parliament. The salient features of this report are

(1) experiments were carried out at four different centres on rats for three generations,

(2) simultaneously human feeding on Vanaspati was carried out at four different centres,

(3) results proved conclusively that Vanaspati is nutritive and wholesome.

Vanaspati a boon

There cannot, therefore, be the least doubt. Vanaspati is a safe, wholesome and convenient cooking fat. It is essential for everyday use. It keeps fresh longer than oil, and in the absence of sufficient ghee it is indeed a boon to millions of homes, the defence services, hospitals and other institutions. Produced under strict Government specifications from oilseeds grown in this country, it is sold at Government-controlled prices.

Vanaspati is needed

Issued by the Vanaspati Manufacturers' Association of India

VMA. 8-50

MINOR GIRL FORCED INTO LIFE OF SHAME

ON a charge of kidnapping a minor girl aged 13, from the lawful custody of her parents for immoral purposes, the Esplanade Police arrested Gangaram Bhujang and Laxman Bhujang from Sion and Colaba respectively yesterday evening.

On 3rd March, 1950 when the girl was returning with her sister from Cama Hospital, one Yakub Muhammed Osman invited them to have some tea a nearby restaurant. Afterwards on the pretext of wanting to talk to her on confidential matters Yakub called her out to the road and forced her in a waiting car at the point of a knife.

Laxman Bhujang who was at the wheel drove them away to Gangaram Bhujang's residence at Sion where she was alleged to hav ebeen criminally assaulted by the latter, who locked her up in his place for a week.

AT HYDERABAD

With the active assistance of both the accused the girl was alleged to have been taken to Bangalore and Hyderabad State where she was recovered by the Hyderabad police.

Yakub Khan was later arrested.

Pending further inquiries the accused were ordered to be remanded in custody by Mr. J. Khambatta Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court today.

TIRED OF WIFE'S SUSPICIONS

Commits Suicide

BOMBAY, Friday.

Sick and tired of his wife's "foolish and suspicious nature", which made life unendurable for him, Satchidanand Pandurang, a Hindu aged 32, decided to take the shortest cut out, by helping himself to a dose of potassium cyanide.

His relatives thinking that he was merely feeling giddy, took him to the J. J. Hospital where on examination it was discovered that he was already dead

A note to the effect that he was committing suicide, together with a phial containing a few drops of the deadly poison, were taken charge of by the Lamington Road Police, who are awaiting theresults of the post-mortem examination.

ENDS LIFE TO FOLLOW WIFE

Vishwanath Bhupendra Gangoli, aged 27, lost his wife a little over a month ago due to accidental burns.

Since then he had been brooding over her death and the void it created in his life. His attachment to her was so much that he just could not live without her.

Yesterday, overcome with anguish, in the quiet of his home at Santa Cruz, he took a dose of opium to end his life, leaving a note behind to that effect.

He was rushed to the K.E.M. Hospital but expired within half an hour. A post mortem is to be held over his body.

THIEF BETRAYS HIS PARTNER

BOMBAY, Friday

What happens when thieves fall out is an old story which was revived yesterday at the Mazagaon Police Court, when Bhagwan W. Karande and Narayan Bari Karande were charged before Mr. G. K. Rege for alleged committal of house-breaking and theft of ornaments and cash valued at Rs. 1585.

The theft was committed by the accused, on 28th April at the house of one Patlibai Mahadeo. Accused No. 1 not having received his share of the loot, betrayed accused No. 2 to the complainant. The complainant and accused one. together reported the matter to the police, yesterday.

Both the accused were remanded in custody at the Mazagaon Court.

MENTALLY DERANGED: HANGS HIMSELF

Peering into a room on the second floor of House No. 146 at Princess Street, Vishvanath Pranjivra Bhatt noticed the body of Karischandra Bhagwati hanging by a rope from the centre beam of the room.

He informed the police, who, on entering the room found a 3-inch knife blade on the floor directly below the feet of the deceased. They also noticed a circular wound on his neck.

Nearby was a table and chair which were stained with blood, and a torn piece of dhoti on the floor. Except for the shirt tied round his hips, the deceased wore no other clothing.

A note in Gujerati left behind stated: "I close the door with a lock and then close another door from inside."

Inquiries reveal that the deceased was mentally deranged. The body was taken charge of yesterday by the Princess Street Police.

Plea To Rejuvenate Village Life

POONA, May 19. (PTI): The Minister for Local Self-Government, Mr. G. D. Vartak today appealed to members of gram panchayats to work in a selfless spirit and help rejuvenate village life.

Mr. Vartak was addressing a class of secretaries of gram panchayats in Poona district, who are now being trained by the Poona District Local Board in the various aspects of their work.

The course is of two months duration and 57 secretaries are attending it.

Mr. Vartak said he was sure that if the gram panchayats carried out the functions indicated in the legislation then they would have taken steps for the "establishment of Ram Rajya in this country."

THUNDERSHOWERS IN BIHAR LIKELY

All-India Weather

POONA, May 19, (PTI): The following is the daily all-India weather summary for Friday:—

Observations from north-east India are meagre. Thundershowers have presumably been widespread in Chota Nagpur and local in West Bengal. There have also been local thundershowers in east Uttar Pradesh, east Rajasthan, in and near the Punjab-Kumaon Hills and in Madhya Bharat. A few thundershowers are also reported from Assam, Orissa Madhya Pradesh, north Hyderabad and Tamilnad.

Day temperatures were appreciably below normal in Gangetic West Bengal and Chota Nagpur and appreciably above normal in Upper Assam, in and near Rajasthan and in north Tamilnad.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL SATURDAY EVENING: Thundershowers will be fairly widespread in Chota Nagpur and Vindhya Pradesh and occur locally in Assam, West Bengal, Uttar Pradesh, Madhya Bharat and north Madhya Pradesh. A few thundershowers are also likely in Bihar, Orissa, Madas, Mysore, Travancore-Cochin east Hyderabad and south Madhya Pradesh.

A few duststorms or thunderstorms are expected in the Punjab (Ind.), east Rajasthan and north Gujarat.

The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from March 1 and departure from normal, record at 8 a.m. on Friday:—

Abu 90 70 0 0 minus 0.8, Ahmedabad 103 81 0 0 minus 0.3, Ahmednagar 101 72 0 0.3 minus 0.5, Allahabad 104 82 0 1.9 plus 0.9, Ambala 105 76 0 1.9 minus 0.2, Aurangabad 108 76 0 0.2 minus 0.5, Bangalore 95 73 0 1.3 minus 2.9 Baroda 101 81 0 0 minus 0.1, Belgaum 92 67 0 2.6 minus 0.4, Bhuj 98 81 0 0 minus 0.4, BOMBAY 93 81 0 0 minus 0.1, Calcutta 95 77 0 4.7 minus 1.3, Kanpur 104 82 0 0.6 minus 0.1, Cochin 88 83 0 6.7 minus 4.7, Coimbatore 96 75 0 1.4 minus 2.1, Cuttack 98 83 0 4.3 plus 0.7, Darjiling 69 55 T 11.7 plus 0.9, Delhi 106 80 0 0.7 minus 0.4 Gwalior 112 80 0 0.3 —, Hyderabad (Dn.) 107 87 0 0.1 minus 2.0, Jaipur 109 74 0.3 0.4 minus 0.4, Jubbulpore 109 80 0.1 1.6 plus 0.4, Lucknow 102 79 0 0.5 minus 0.5, Ludhiana 110 81 0 1.8 minus 0.1, Madras 108 85 84 0 0.4 minus 1.0, Mahabaleshwar 81 61 0 0.3 minus 1.3, Mussoorie 74 60 0 4.3 minus 0.5 Mysore 96, Nellore 109 83 0 0 minus 1.3, Nagpur 108 81 0 1.2 minus 0.3 Ootacamund 72 51 0 2.1 minus 6.6, Patna 100, Patiala 105 83 0 1.3 —, Poona 96 73 0 1.6 plus 0.7, Rajkot 105 79 0 0 minus 0.4, Shillong 74 58 0.1 12.4 minus 1.7, Sholapur 106 78 0 0.5 minus 0.6, Simla 75 54 0.2 4.0 minus 0.5 Surat 93 81 0 0 minus 0.2.

VULTURE HITS NOSE OF AIRCRAFT

BOMBAY, Friday (PTI): A giant vulture hovering over the Santa Cruz airfield hit the nose of Deccan Airways Dakota aircraft, arriving from Bangalore today, damaging the port side and instrumental penal of the plane. The aircraft, carrying thirteen passengers, and a crew of three, landed safely at the airport, but is being grounded for repairs.

Cotton Waste Blankets

BOMBAY, Thursday: A press note from the office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay says:

Representations have been received by the Textile Commissioner to the Government of India stating that the existing orders by which the dealers are required to open up bales or cases containing cotton waste blankets packed by mills after 31st July 1948 and prior to 1st April 1949, will prove a great hardship as the cotton waste blankets could not ordinarily be sold until the next cold season.

The Textile Commissioner has, therefore, as a special case, passed orders that cotton waste blankets packed by mills in August 1948 or in any subsequent month may be bought or sold or kept in possession by any dealer till the 30th November 1950, in unopened condition. The orders also enable the sale of such cotton waste blankets in loose condition till the 31st January 1951.

Til Acreage Increases Yield Too

NEW DELHI, May 19, (PTI): Acreage under til or jinjili in 1949-50 increased by one per cent and the yield by 13.6 per cent over the previous year, according to final official estimates released today.

The acreage has been estimated at 4,549,000 acres and yield at 367,000 tons this year as against last year's partially revised figures of 4,502,000 acre and 323,000 tons.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

SCALDS AND SCOLDS: Prema Khedekar (15), of Thakurdwar went to a picture with her fiance Thursday evening, was severely repremanded by her father on returning home, took it too much to heart, poured kerosene on her sari, set it ablaze, was rushed to J. J. Hospital where she died shortly after,

WATCH AND POCKET: Mr. Horold M. Holan, occupying Room No. 314 of the Taj Mahal Hotel went to the bath room about 5 p.m. Thursday evening. When he returned, he found that his gold watch and wallet containing Rs. 1,000 were missing from his breast-pocket. The Colaba Police are investigating.

CONTRAVENTION: For contravention of various food control orders, more than 350 persons were convicted and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment and fines in the State of Bombay during March.

Shri Somadeva Sarma

SOMADEVA SARMA'S DISCOURSES

BOMBAY, Friday.

One of the foremost exponents of Hindu religion and culture, Mahopadesaka Acharya Somadeva Sarma, who is now in Bombay is giving a series of discourses since Thursday (May 18) on the "18 Puranas" at the Asthik Samaj, Matunga.

The Acharya is the Asthana Vidwan of H. H. Sri Sankaracharya Mutt and has represented the Mutt in Benares, Delhi and other places. For the past 35 years he is regularly giving lectures at the Sankara Mutt, Muthialpet, Madras, on the "18 Puranas" as well as "Upapuranas". In the name of Amarakala Vilasini Sabha, he is teaching Vedas, Kavyas, etc., to hundreds of Asthikas and has also organised several religious conferences.

INDIAN DELEGATE TO ILO MEETING

Mazdoor Sabha's Protest Against Partiality

BOMBAY, Friday. The Hind Mazdoor Sabha has challenged the credentials of the Indian delegation to the ILO Conference 1950 nominated by the Government of India and has protested against the partisan attitude "of the Government of India in nominating the representatives of the Indian National Trade Union Congress for representing Indian labour at the I.L.O. Conference and on its various committees.

The Secretary of the Hind Mazdoor Sabha Mr. G. G. Mehta, in the course of a letter to the Chairman of the Credentials Committee of the I. L. O. says: "The Government of India have completely ignored the recommendation of the Credentials Committee and the decision of the ILO Conference 1949 by refusing to nominate the workers' delegates and advisors in agreement with our organisation, which is one of the most representative organisations of labour in our country, claiming a membership of about 700,000.

AGREEMENT

The Hind Mazdoor Sabha Secretary informs the ILO Credential committee, that "a very satisfactory and workable arrangement" has been agreed upon between the INTUC and HMS organisation for representation of India labour on the Executive Board of the International Confederation of Free Trade Unions, whereby the representatives of INTUC and the HMS will attend the meetings of the board alternately.

The HMS suggests that the Government of India be requested by the ILO to agree to nominate workers' delegates and advisors for the ILO conferences and committees for alternate years from among the representatives of the major organisations of labour, in the absence of any agreement being arrived at between them, on the lines of the arrangement agreed upon for representation of Indian labour on the Executive Board of the ICFTU referred to above.

B. P. C. C. Primary Panchayat Election

BOMBAY, Friday.

As a result of more withdrawals, the contest in connection with election to Primary Panchayat has further been reduced. Election will be contested in only 56 Panchayats out of 200.

In the Bombay Sub. Dist. which has 79 Panchayats with 225 seats, 188 Panchayatdars have already been elected unopposed and contest now exists only in 8 Panchayts for 24 seats.

Deck Passenger Committee To Visit Calcutta

BOMBAY, Friday

The Deck Passenger Committee will shortly visit Calcutta, Madras and Negapatam for recording oral evidence.

The Committee will be in Calcutta from May 28 to June 1, 1950 where, besides recording oral evidence, it will visit various ships in the Calcutta port and also the docks.

SARDAR QUALIFIES

AHMEDABAD, May 19 (PTI): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, India's Deputy Prime Minister, and his daughter Miss Maniben Patel, have become primary and qualified members of the Congress in the Jamalpur Ward of the city where they were residing till the Bardoli Satyagraha movement was launched.

Nehru To Inaugurate Students' Convention

NEW DELHI, May 19 (UPI)—Pandit Nehru will inaugurate the U.N. Students Convention at University Convocation Hall, tomorrow at 8-30 a.m. Shri K. M. Munshi will preside over the Convention.

PAKISTAN NEWSLETTER:

LIAQUAT'S CONFUSION OVER DEMOCRACY

Suhrawardy's Criticism Of Speeches In America

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KARACHI, (By Air mail).

THE first unofficial reaction to Pakistan Prime Minister's American tour and the speeches delivered by him there, has been voiced by Shaheed Suhrawardy, President, All-Pakistan Awami Muslim League, who said in the course of his press conference that "he did not know what was Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan's conception of democracy when during his utterances in America, he was confusing 'Islamic Socialism' with the American system.

"The fact was that not a word of the Constitution was yet written, the legislature was suspended in a province for more than a year and in spite of promise of general election, no steps had been taken in that direction."

Mr. Suhrawardy further said that "Muslim Leaguers whose contributions in the creation of Pakistan can never be forgotten, are now rotting in jail merely because they opposed the present Ministry. As for social justice, not even a beginning has been made. Taxes have been increased which fall on the poor man but nothing has been done to increase his standard of living or the national wealth.

"Rehabilitation of refugees has been terribly mishandled and the short-sightedness of this Government is appalling—it just sits back without plan or foresight and takes up a matter inadequately when just too late. For more than two years and a half I have been shouting that a reciprocal Charter of Minority Rights must be drawn up."

Continuing, Mr. Suhrawardy says that "what affects the mighty is the astounding statement of the Prime Minister at a press conference in Washington that if the U.S.A. guarantee the integrity of Pakistan, the Prime Minister will give up the Army. While we are justified in examining the extravagant expenditure on the Army, entailed by the artificially kept up antagonism against the India Government, which we can now see was quite avoidable, we must resent such extraordinary fulsome statements. Let us hope that he did not mean it—imagination begins to boggle at the implication."

SOUTH AFRICA

The Government of Pakistan, it is learnt, have approached the Union of South Africa to postpone the Group Areas Bill till the forthcoming Round Table Conference, between South Africa, Pakistan and India on the subject.

The Bill, which was recently introduced in the Union Parliament, is designed to segregate the coloured population. The Government of Pakistan hope that postponement of the Bill will pave way to the success of the forthcoming conference.

Tea figures for Pakistan have just been issued by the International Tea Committee in its May statistical summary.

According to these figures, production of tea in Pakistan for the year ended March 1950 amounts to 46,163,000 lbs. while exports through Chittagong port to the United Kingdom for the same period come to 31,302,000 lbs. and to other countries 2,706,000 lbs. making a total of 34,008,000 lbs.

The United Kingdom imports of tea from Pakistan for three months from January to March 1950 were 17,415,000 lbs.

KHUHRO FOR CABINET?

Political atmosphere of Sind is today agog with rumours that Mr. M. A. Khuhro, Sind's ex-Premier, is being taken in the Central Pakistan Ministry.

All differences of opinion which existed between Mr. Khuhro and the high-brows of Pakistan, particularly Prime Minister Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, were patched up at the last minute before the latter's department for his American tour and therefore the appointment of Mr. Khuhro as a Minister in the Pakistan Cabinet was postponed till the Prime Minister's return to the Capital. It was therefore that Mr. Khuhro refused this time to become the Premier of Sind and allowed this high office to be filled by his colleague Kazi Fazlullah.

A Vagrants' Home, the first of its kind in Pakistan, is being set up by the Karachi Administration and will be housed in the Karachi Panjrapole Association Building beyond the District Prison.

The Administrator of Karachi, Mr. Hashim Raza, disclosed in this connection that a detailed scheme for the establishment of a poor house has been put up for approval of the Pakistan Government in order to get rid of the beggar nuisance from the city.

PERMIT SYSTEM

An earnest appeal has been made here to both the Government of Pakistan and India to do away early with the permit system existing between the two countries.

Sponsors of this move say that 'now that suspicion and distruct have been considerably assuaged by the Liaquat-Nehru Pact, to continue the permit system tantamounts to placing a heavier embargo on the loyalty of all uprooted persons who are anxious to return to their respective homelands. Two and a half years of absence from their native lands has created in all hearts an all-consuming yearning for a glimpse of their birthplace and therefore, 'let the Premiers meet as often as they may but if they by-pass the permit system, every other effort on their part to bring about a better understanding between the two nations may come to naught.'

In order to check the incidence of crime which has of late increased 100 per cent in the Pakistan Capital, a Conference of High Police Officials and local Magistrates was held under the Chairmanship of the District Magistrate.

This Conference, after reviewing the position for hours together, suggested to the Government to augment city's police force still further (which in recent times has practically been doubled) and urged upon the Magistrates to award exemplary and deterrent punishments to the culprits brought to book so as to serve as example to others.

The Conference also recommended to the Pakistan Government to appoint some more Magistrates to cope up with the increased work and the disposal of the accumulated cases.

The regular passenger service between Karachi and Chittagong was inaugurated by Pakistan's Commerce Minister Mr. Fazlur Rehman, last week when the first ship S. S. Barala sailed for Chittagong port from Karachi.

This service will be at six-weekly intervals until a monthly service is instituted. The British India Steam Navigation Company, which is running the service, expect to put new and faster ships on the line by September next.

MUSLIM INFLUX INTO PAKISTAN

Strong Action To Stop

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KARACHI, May 18: The continued heavy influx of Muslim refugees from India crossing Khokhrapar border in thousands every day, is receiving serious attention of the Pakistan authorities since the rehabilitation of over 1,30,000 refugees who have already crossed the Sind border during the past 2-3 months has created new problems for them.

It has been made clear more than once that Sind now cannot take any new refugees as its saturation point had been reached long ago. Not only that but the population of big cities like Karachi and Hyderabad had increased fourfold and still more and more people were coming in with the result that their accommodation question was baffling the authorities most.

It was therefore that the Interior Minister issued open warning to the incoming refugees and asked them not to come over to Pakistan as there was no arrangement for their rehabilitation. Besides, the permit rules, which were relaxed temporarily in the beginning of last month, have also been re-imposed in order to check the influx.

The most severe step in this direction will be of closing down the Sind border entirely for the incoming Muslims and the Pakistan authorities are giving this matter their most serious consideration.

MUSLIM PILGRIMS ENTERTAINED

HOSHIARPUR, May 19. (PTI): Fifty Pakistan Muslims who arrived here from Lahore to participate in the Urs at Bassi Kakoo were entertained at a party here yesterday.

Khawaja Abbul Samad, leader of the pilgrims thanked the District Authorities for making their stay at Hoshiarpur comfortable.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

AUCTION SALE AT (1) THE BHAGWATI MEDICAL STORES DEPOT, 121, J. N. MUKHERJEE ROAD, HOWRAH, ON 29-5-50 AT 10 A.M. (2) THE EMPRESS MEDICAL SUB-DEPOT, J. N. MUKHERJEE ROAD, HOWRAH, ON 29-5-50 AT 12 NOON.

STORES: Tray Food, Blanket Set—Small case empty, Machine Imprinting, Lanterns, Oakum, Saucer enamelware, Iodine swab, Mercuric Ointment, Eye dressing set, Kit Jungle, Spectacles lenses, First Aid Packets, Sulfanilamide Crystalline Powder and tablets, Sodium Pentothal, Furniture and Stationery, Acid Boric Ointment, Kit Medical Officers, Kit Dental, Vial Glass, X-Ray Equipments, Autoclave, Chest M.D., Iron Scrap, etc.

Full details of the stores can be had from the Auctioneers—M/s Gopi Chand & Sons, "Comilla House," P-8, Ganesh Chandra Avenue, Calcutta.

Permit to view the stores may be obtained from the office of the Director (U. S. Transfers), 6 Esplanade East, Calcutta from 23rd May to 26th May, 1950. All or any of the stores may be withdrawn from the auction, if necessary.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR, UNITED STATES TRANSFERS,
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Weekes Creates New Record With 304 Not Out

A DAY OF RECORDS IN DRAWN MATCH

CAMBRIDGE: May 19, (PTI-Reuter).

FURther additions were made to the list of new records when the cricket match between Cambridge University and West Indies ended here in a draw today.

In reply to University's first innings total of 594 for four wickets declared, West Indies scored 730 for three wickets, the highest total in history by a visiting West Indies side. This beat the 665 made against Middlesex at Lords in 1939.

Everton Weekes and Frank Worrell took chief honours for the touring team. In a third wicket stand they added 350 in three and three-quarter hours to set up a record for any West Indies wicket in this country.

Weekes, not out with 304, enjoyed the distinction of hitting the highest innings ever made in England by a player from the Caribbean, for exceeding George Headley's 234 against Nottinghamshire in 1939. He batted five hours twenty-five minutes and hit forty boundaries. Worrell's 160 included twenty-seven fours.

When Worrell and Weekes raised their stand to 231 today they established a new third wicket record partnership for a West Indies touring team in England by beating 230 scored by G. Headley and J. E. D. Sealey against Nottinghamshire in 1939.

By lunch, when rain had stopped play with the score at 559 for two, Worrell and Weekes were still together having added 346.

West Indies then needed 36 to pass their opponent's first innings total.

By Contrast to yesterday, Worrell scored more freely today obtaining twenty runs in the opening overs to Weeke's eight. Worrell reached his hundred, the fifth of the game, in three and a quarter hours. The batsmen were unperturbed by changes in the attack and the bowlers laboured in vain on a pitch which remained as unhelpful as on the first two days. Ten minutes before lunch was due heavy rain followed by thunder and lightning sent the players in early.

The weather was fine when the West Indies resumed their innings today 215 behind Cambridge University with eight wickets at hand at Fenners.

Worrell 64 and Weekes 109 who put on 166 together overnight faced the fast medium bowling of Wait and Warr on a hard wicket.

The third wicket stand realised 350 in three hours and three quarters before Worrell was deceived and bowled by a slow ball from Wait at 563. This stand set up another new record being the highest for any West Indian wicket in England. Worrell hit 27 fours mainly drives in a stay of four and a half hours. With Trestrail as his partner, Weekes completed his second double century in successive innings in four hours.

West Indies took the lead with seven wickets in hand.

Rain held up play for 25 minutes with the score at 607 and then Weekes with a drive for two off Doggart made his score 235 beating the previous best by a West Indies batsman in England. This was 234 by Headley against Nottinghamshire in 1939. The West Indies final total was the best made in England beating 665 made against Middlesex at Lords in 1939.

Weekes batted five hours 25 minutes for his unbeaten 304 which included 40 boundaries.

SCOREBOARD

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY (1st Innings) .. declared (for 4..... wkts.) 594

WEST INDIES (1st Innings)

R. Christiani l.b.w. Warr	111
J. B. Stollmeyer c. Doggart b. Killand	83
F. Worrell b. Wait	160
E. Weekes (not out)	304
K. Trestrail (not out)	56
C. Williams, P. Jones, H. Johnson, S. Ramadhin and A. Valentine did not bat.	
EXTRAS	16
TOTAL (for 3 wkts.)	730

FALL OF WICKETS: 1-178; 2-213; 3-563.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

Waar 35/3/121/1; Wait 28/3/127/1, Kelland 30/0/105/1; Doggart 25/2/132/0; Rimel 36/1/128/0; Stevenson 12/1/69/0; Wells 3/0/28/0; May 2/0/13/0.

Mr. Churchill's Horse Wins 14-Furlong Race

HURST PARK May 19 (PTI-Reuter):- Mr. Winston Churchill's horse. Colonist the Second, put on his best performance to date when he made every yard of the running to win the mile and six furlongs Paradise Stakes here today. He held off the French horse, Jocker the Third, in a thrilling finish to win by half a length. Native Heath was third of four runners.

Mr. Churchill had to be in Scotland today but his son-in-law Captain Christopher Soames told him of his horse's success over the telephone directly after the race.

Walter Nightingale, the horse's trainer, said that Colonist's next race would probably be the Ascot Gold Cup.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

4-30 p.m. Rashid's vs Tatas

5-45 p.m. GIP vs. Goans

(First Division Harwood League).

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel

3-30 p.m. Riders S.C. vs Asbestos Cement (Div II).

4-30 p.m. Globe S.C. 'A' vs. Tata "A"

5-30 p.m. General Motors vs. Little Pioneers "A" (Indian Football League, Div. I).

GIP Railway Ground, Parel

3-40 p.m. H.I. Dixon vs. Mazagaon Docks "B"

4-40 p.m. Young Silver Stars "B" vs. Mahim Young Boys "A".

5-40 p.m. Little Pioneers vs Hill XI (Harwood League, Div III)

Police Ground, Naigaum

3-40 p.m. Rainbow "B" vs Kohinoor Mills.

4-40 p.m. Panchgani Parsis vs Reserve Bank (Div II)

5-40 p.m. Thomas Cook vs. A.C.C. Sports Club (Harwood League, Div. IV).

A SURPRISE CHOICE

Richards To Ride Napoleon Bonaparte In The Darby

LONDON, May 19.

Champion jockey Gordon Richards will ride A.G. Samuel's Napoleon Bonaparte in the Derby on May 27, it was announced today. The news created a big surprise as it had been thought he would ride one of the Frenchbred challengers.

At present Napoleon Bonaparte is an offer at 100 to one in most bookmakers' lists but today's news will probably cause a big cut in his price at tonight's Victoria club's callover.

The colts best form was at Chester a fortnight ago when he ran the Aga Khan's Derby colt Khorassan to three quarters of a length in the Dee States over a mile and a half, and at Birmingham, in April, when he won the John Ford Stakes over a mile and a quarter.

Six To Run Today's Liverpool Cup

LONDON, May 19. (PTI-Reuter): Only seven are expected to go to the post for the Liverpool Cup to be run over one mile two furlongs and 170 yards at Liverpool tomorrow afternoon.

Following are the probables and jockeys:—

Nizami (Charlie Smirke) Kilbelin (Edgar Britt), Devon Lady (T. Dearlie), Brawby Lad (J. Walker), Red Carnation (D. Smith), Australian Star (J. Wright), Avon (J. Egan).

VICTORIA CUP ENTRIES

Bear Dance, owned by Sir Oliver Goonetilleke, High Commissioner for Ceylon in London, is among the high class field of 13 probables for the valuable Victoria Cup being run over seven furlongs at Hurst Park tomorrow afternoon.

Probables runners and jockeys are: Dramatic (Gordon Richards), Decorum (A. Presley), Welsh Honey (W. Rickaby), Burpham (T. Burn). Bobo (E. C. Elliot), Transatlantic (W. Guest), Bel Amour (D. Page), Barnes Park (K. Gethin), Star Signal (P. Evans), Double Deal (H. Packham), Galley Proof (R. Reader), Bear Dance (J. Walker) and June Ball (L. Piggott).

LITTLE PIONEERS' DESERVING WIN

Harwood League Soccer At Parel

BOMBAY, Friday.

Two matches were played in the Second Division of the Harwood Football League at the St. Xavier's College Ground at Parel. Little Pioneers accounted for the second string of the G.I.P. Railway by two goals to one. I. D'Souza and N. V. Swami scored for the former, while Dalgado scored only goal for the Railwaymen. In another match Happy Friends Sports Club trounced the "B" team of the Indian Navy to the extent of three goals to nil. Bakshi (2) and Khalil were the goalscorers for the runners.

In the two division four matches played at the G.I.P. Railway ground, the B.B. & C.I. "B" and Congress Seva Dal emerged victorious.

The Railwaymen defeated the New China Mills by three goals to one, after leading at halftime by one goal to nil. The Congress Seva Dal, for whom T. Sender, scored the only goal, defeated Dufferin Sports Club a solitary goal.

County Cricket Results

LONDON, May 19.

AT OXFORD: Lancashire beat Oxford University by ten wickets. Lancashire 341 and 15 for no wicket. Oxford University 114 and 240 (Whitcombe 61, Berry, leftarm slow, six for 63).

AT WELLS: Surrey beat Somerset by nine wickets. Somerset 214 and 169 (Laker, rightarm medium off spin, four for 24). Surrey 310 and 74 for one (Fishlock 51).

AT HOVE: Worcestershire beat Sussex by six wickets: Sussex 292 and 213 (Perks, rightarm, fastmedium five for sixty two). Worcestershire 284 and 222 for four (Kenyon 76, Bird 59, Dews not out 53).

AT NORTHAMPTON: Northamptonshire beat Kent by 187 runs. Northamptonshire 347 and 187 for four declared (Livingstone 87). Kent 214 and 133 (Clarke, leftarm fastmedium five for 41, Brown rightarm legbreak three for 17).

AT BRISTOL: Gloucestershire Yorkshire match drawn. Yorkshire 404 and 141 for five declared. Gloucestershire 269 and 229 for eight (Milton not out 77).

AT BIRMINGHAM: Warwickshire beat Essex by 118 runs. Warwickshire 213 and 303 for eight declared. Essex 155 and 243 (Dodds 56, Bailey not out 63, Hollies rightarm slow legbreak five for 51).

AT NOTTINGHAM: Nottinghamshire vs Leicestershire match drawn. Leicestershire 187 and 343 for four (Tomkin not out 102, Jackson not out 83). Nottinghamshire 489.

AT LORDS: Middlesex vs Glamorgan match drawn. Glamorgan 242 and 337 for six (E. Davies 96, Watkins 51). Middlesex 423.

Handicaps For Opening Day Of Bangalore Race Meeting

BANGALORE, May 19.

The following are the handicaps for the First Day of the Bangalore Races to be held here on Sunday, May 21:—

HIGH GROUND PLATE—Distance 7 furlongs.

Bold Bob 9-7, Rosy Flight 9-4, Padmini 9-1, Vanderadale 9-0, Corossolier 8-13, Nuremberg 8-12, May Lady Jean 8-12, Solo 8-10, Torchlight 8-9, Mansoor Beg 8-7, Clever Lass 8-6, Early Act 8-6, Bentotta 8-6, Panjak 8-5, Ellamenco 8-5, Roderic 8-4, Der Nue Wey 8-3, Night Ops 8-3, Fleet Wings 8-2, Another One 8-0, Thunder 7-13, Systematic 7-12, Sea Gull 7-10, Naeem 7-10, Bullrich 7-10, Gamlin 8-9, Nuralia 7-8, Abbess 7-8, Suntan 7-8, Sicily 7-7, Jonathan 7-0.

RENALA PLATE Division I—Distance 6 furlongs.

Illicit 9-4, Dolly 9-2, Sherni 9-0, Canon Queen 8-13, Jadugar 8-13, Bashir 8-10, Wet Bob 8-9, Royal Guard 8-9, Silver Bell 8-8, Ganga Singh 8-8, George 8-7, Meghapushpa 8-7, Royal Poet 8-7, Any a Girl 8-6, Deuce of Clubs 8-5, Tajik 8-5, Amelia 8-4, Sabah al Khair 8-2, Cold Legion 7-12, Blue Train 7-12, Cigarette 7-11, King's Dream 7-9, Handley Cross 7-4.

RENALA PLATE Division II—Distance 6 furlongs.

Royal Express 9-4, Torrid 9-4, Menzola 9-0, El Alamein 8-11, King of Diamonds 8-10, Willow Stream 8-9, Mystery Clipper 8-7, Navroze 8-6, Wadhina 8-5, Courtship 8-4, Princess Padma 8-3, Sunbathing 8-3, Lady Doctor 8-1, Vagabond Queen 8-0, Ack Ack 7-13, Flora 7-13, Hurry On 7-13, She's Nice 7-12, Nizamuddin 7-11, Beautiful 7-11, The Chief 7-10, Plumbob 7-7, Silver Flash 7-6, Custody 7-4.

JAMMU PLATE (Div. I): 1 Mile.

Flector 9-4, King's Star 9-2, New Era 9-0, Down South 8-12, Rajaji 8-11, Zeidai 8-10, Golden Boy 8-9, Golden Hope 8-9, Black and White 8-8, Pine Flower 8-7, Who Knows 8-7, As You Please 8-7, Naga Kanya 8-7, On and On 8-5, Egyptian Belle 8-4, Killarney 8-3, Abdel 8-2, Desert Hawk 8-2, Bold Attempt 8-2, Gay Wren 7-12, Florida 7-9, Pink Flower 7-2.

JAMMU PLATE (Div. II):—1 Mile.

Kickshaw 9-4, Torrent 9-4, Puri Pakodi 9-1, Fair Gold 9-0, Crescendo 8-12 Kaffir Chief 8-12, Adorable 8-11, Alcovita 8-10, Brilliant Sunshine 8-10, Robin Adair 8-9, Botticelli 8-7, Village Green 8-4, Carpala 8-2, New Hellas 8-0 Little Prince 7-12, Sea Log 7-10, Prince Dara 7-8, Panther's Pride 7-8, Maharukh 7-7, Bold Boy 7-4.

FARM PLATE—6 Furlongs.

Indian Port 9-6, Shahistah 9-4, Desert Queen 9-2, Gay Boy 9-0, Favourite 9-0, Hit Again 8-13, Ducky 8-12 Fidalia 8-12, Atinette 8-12, Traitor 8-11 Yankee Doodle 8-10, The Marine 8-10 Princess Manna 8-6, Star of Sethu 8-4, Al Kajora 8-3, Durga 8-1, Babul 7-13, Whispering 7-10, My Zabs 7-4, Rasili 7-1, Cutlass 7-0.

CAIRO PLATE—1 Mile.

Peter 9-4, Take It Easy 9-3, Khalaf al Hawa 9-3, Abjar Suad 9-2, Mamluk 8-13, Mountain Ash 8-7, Tashrin al Khair 8-5, Golshan 8-3, Nassr Daud 7-13, Kitty Hawk 7-12, Al Ameen II 7-9, Heather 7-8, Mosaki Pasha 7-4.

BEGINNERS PLATE—5½ Furlongs.

Owners and trainers are notified that the weights should be declared for Indian horses three-year-olds class "A" and "B" running in this race by Saturday, May 20.—P.T.I.

BOSE AND MISRA LEAVE TODAY

Busy Programme Chalked Out For European Tour

CALCUTTA, May 19. (PTI).

Dilip Bose, India's number one, and Sumant Misra, India's number two tennis players are leaving for England tomorrow by air.

The delay in departure has compelled Dilip Bose to cut out the French Championships from his programme. According to the present schedule, their first tournament in England will be the Birmingham Championships. They will also play at Manchester, Bristol and on the Queen's Club Tournaments before they go to Wimbledon.

Bose and Misra will partner each other in the doubles of all these tournaments and will also play together in the men's doubles at Wimbledon.

Bose also intends playing in the Swiss Championships after Wimbledon.

Physique Contest In Bomboy

BOMBAY, Friday.

The National Barbell Club, which has its headquarters in Zaveri Baug Sitaladevi Temple Road, Mahim, through its Director Augusto Aranjo is staging at the Cowasjee Jehangir Hall at 5-30 p.m. on Saturday 27th May, a grand Strong man show and a contest for the best male physique in the city, the winner of which will be styled "Mr. Bombay 1950".

This show is an annual event and the programme which is both varied and interesting should attract all who are interested in ensuring their health through Physical Fitness. Some of India's best known physical culturalists are combining to give the audience a real thrill in demonstrating extraordinary feats of strength, acrobatic acts, posing, muscle control etc., and the Indian Navy will put on a special Physical Training demonstration.

The Mr. Bombay Contest has already drawn a large number of entries and will be divided into two divisions, Junior and Senior. The age limit for the Junior Division will be 18 and under. In addition to the major award for Mr. Bombay, prizes will also be given for the man possessing (1) Best Arms (2) Best Legs (3) Best Chest (4) Best Back (5) Best Abdomen.

Another contest which will enable the competitors to show what they can do with weights will be a Bench Press Contest and a prize is offered to the best performers.

Lt. Col. G. D. Borrett will preside at the show and will present the prizes. The judges for the Mr. Bombay 1950 Contest will be Mr. R. S. Balsekar, Prof. T. R. Sakari and Mr. G. C. Dorsett.

Entries should be sent to the Secretary, The National Barbell Club.

Tickets for this extremely interesting can be purchased in advance from Mar Studio, Hornby Road, Cafe Royal Opp. Museum, Prof. Sarkari's Health Home, Grant Road, The National Barbell Club, Mahim, and at the C.J. Hall (on the day of the show).

FRANCE IN THE LEAD IN DAVIS CUP

LONDON, May 19, (PTI-Reuter): Play in six second round ties of the Davis Cup European Zone was taking place at various centres today.

In Paris the France-Switzerland match, the start of which was postponed yesterday owing to rain, began and France won the two singles to gain a lead of two matches to nil.

Bernard Destremeau beat Max Albrecht 6-1, 6-2, 6-1 and Jacques Thomas beat George Grange 6-0, 6-1, 7-5.

In Dublin Ireland gained a winning advantage over Monaco when, having won two singles yesterday they took the doubles today when M. Murphy and J. D. Hackett beat A. Noghes and G. Pasquiers 6-3, 7-5, 7-5.

Ireland will meet Israel or Poland in the next round.

At Copenhagen, Denmark won both singles which opened their match with Egypt to gain a lead of two to zero. Torben Ulrich beat Marcel Coen 6-1, 6-0 and Kurt Nielsen beat Adley Shaffei 6-4, 3-6, 8-6, 6-1.

BANGALORE YOUTHS BEATEN

Stafford Cup Football Tournament

BANGALORE, May 19.

Hyderabad City Police beat Bangalore Youths by two goals to nil in a tame encounter this evening in the Stafford Challenge Cup Football Tournament conducted here by the State Football Association.

After a barren first half, the visitors scored through Susat Junior and Susai Senior in the third quarter of play.

The Bangalore Youths who are now being promoted to the Senior Division did not impress especially at the finish.—(PTI).

Delhi Hockey League

NEW DELHI, May 19. (PTI)

New Stars beat Christians by two goals to nothing in the Delhi Hockey League match this evening. Trilok Singh scored both the goals.

Delhi Football League

NEW DELHI, May 19. (PTI)

In the first division of the Delhi Soccer League this evening Raisina beat Aryans by five goals to one and youngmen beat Government Press by three goals to nil.

Tramwaymen Improve To Register A Win

DEFENCE SHINES IN FIRST DIVISION HARWOOD FOOTBALL LEAGUE

BOMBAY, Friday.

PUTTING in their third appearance in the Harwood Football League series, B.E.S.T. beat Bombay Amateurs by a solitary goal scored by Khandia late in the second half. This is the first win for the B.E.S.T. their two previous encounters having been drawn—a steady improvement from their last outing.

There was nothing very spectacular about play this evening but nevertheless, it was a relief after yesterday's apology for a game between Burmah-Shell and St. Francis Goans. The B.E.S.T. are an untiring lot and should do very well, with more direction in the kicking of their forwards. Sawant was the worst offender in this respect; he persisted in shooting the ball either over the crossbar or sending it wide.

For fifteen minutes in the opening session play consisted of midfield exchanges, with B.E.S.T. slightly on top. In the fifteenth minute of play, Shivram shot at goal. The ball however struck the upright and rebounded into play. In about the twentieth minute, Shivram lost a gilt-edged opportunity when he had only the goal-keeper to beat but failed.

Though Amateurs had quite a large share in the exchanges, they were not as effective in the goal mouth as their opponents. They either tried to walk with the ball into goal or they shot wide. Though both teams were offenders in this respect, Amateurs were the more to be blamed B.E.S.T. should have been a goal up in the first half if they had been a trifle more lucky. As it was, however, a fine shot by Sawant from the right, hit the outside edge of the left upright and went out of play.

The winners have to thank their two stalwart backs who saved them time and again. Amateurs on the other hand, weakened their defense, when Mandon moved in to the unused position of centre-forward where he is least efficient.

The winners made a tactical blunder in including Namey at outside left in their team. Pimpalgaokar would have been the ideal man. Namey was completely mastered throughout the game by right-half Raghu who sustained an injury mid-way in the second half. The little freedom that Namey enjoyed after Raghu's injury was short-lived for Raghu returned after receiving medical attention.

The second half saw no improvement in play, with the exception of two raids by the B.E.S.T. one of which resulted in a goal Midway through this session, Sheenappa pushed out of play a good shot by Sawant, in brilliant fashion!

It was after this save that Raghu sustained an injury. But B.E.S.T. failed to take advantage of his absence. At the other end Prabhaker effected a nice save off a corner. Towards the closing stages of the game, Sawant raced along the flank with the ball and centred with a low shot, Khandia in position within the box dived and just managed to get his head to the ball, thus scoring the only goal of the match.

Though Amateurs tried valiantly after this, for the equaliser, their efforts were unrewarded and the match ended with the recently promoted B.E.S.T. registering their first League win.

THE TEAMS WERE:

B.E.S.T.:— Prabhakar; E. Pinto, R. Azavedo; A. Ebrahim, J. Jairam, M. Rodricks, L. Sawant, Khandia, Arjun, Shivram, Namey.

BOMBAY AMATEURS:— Sheenappa; D. M. Mandon, Puthran; Raghu, Uchil, Aithappa: Shesappa, Vithal, Nagappa, Chandoo, Koosha.

Earlier in the evening Reserve Bank Sports beat Bombay City "B" by a solitary goal scored by Varghese in the Summersgill Cup Football Tournament.

East Bengal Won By Three Goals And Not By Two Goals

CALCUTTA, May 19, (PTI): In the first division of the Calcutta Football League, East Bengal yesterday defeated the Calcutta Football Club by three goals to nil and not by two goals to nil was reported yesterday through an error.

The third East Bengal goal came in the third minute of the second session when Dhanraj scored from a soft ground shot.

NANDA STUDYING CONTROLS

AHMEDABAD, May 19 (PTI).

Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Deputy Chairman of the National Planning Commission, told pressmen here today that of the many problems under the consideration of the Commission the foremost was the problem of controls.

"We are collecting data about the various controls with a view to studying which of them are essential" Mr. Nanda said. "At the moment we are engaged in reviewing the whole question of cotton and cloth controls. We are at the same time directing our attention to the production of foodgrains".

The Commission, Mr. Nanda added, intended to tour shortly the states to "acquaint ourselves with their various development schemes."

Mr. Nanda arrived here today on his way to attend the Sarvodaya conference at Vedchhi in Surat District.

KAMPTEE CLUB IN LAST EIGHT

Madras Gold Cup Hockey Tournament

MADRAS, May 19.

Kamptee United Club from Kamptee (Madhya Pradesh) entered the quarter final of the Madras United Club Gold Cup Hockey Tournament beating Islam Gymkhana by two goals to nil in the replay here today.

The visitors could have won by a much bigger margin had they only utilised the several chances that came their way but, as in the previous encounter, they either hit out or hit the ball straight into the goal-keeper's pads.

Nainee and Ramulu were very prominent in the forward line while Mohamed Ghouse gave a superb display at right-half.

Ramulu gave the lead to the visitors midway through the second-half and Nainee completed tally five minutes from the end.

MEASURES AGAINST TERRORISTS

Vietnam Cabinet Approves

PARIS, May 19 (PTI-Reuter): The Vietnam Cabinet agreed on anti-terrorist measures at its meeting today, Agence France Presse reported from Saigon.

The measures, details of which were not given, were drafted yesterday at the first meeting of the anti-terrorist committee set up by the Cabinet at its last meeting.

The French High Commissioner for Indo-China, M. Leon Pignon, arrived in Saigon from Paris by air today, the Agency reported.

B.N. Railway Beat Sporting Union

CALCUTTA, May 19.

Bengal Nagpur Railway accounted for Sporting Union by three goals to nil in the First Division Football League this evening. In the other match Dalhousie beat East Indian Railway by one goal to nil

In a slow match B. N. R. dominated the exchanges for a long-time. Their defenders played with perfect understanding. R. Dey left-half, being prominent. Rao outside-right, exhibited perfect ball control and witty distribution. Sporting Union goal-keeper, Saha, was shaky while other defenders could not impress. Ajoy Bose, inside-left engineere several good movements but they were not utilised.

The Railwaymen attacked in the sixth minute but Paul, centre-forward, kicked over the Sporting goal availing a pass from Peru, inside-left. In the eighth minute Rao missed a certainty failing to connect from a cross pass by Naidu, left-outer. At the other end Pal, Sporting Union, left-out found Railway keeper Apparao too good to beat. In the fifteenth minute Rao, B. N. R. forward converted a pass by Naidu after drawing out Saha.

Four minutes after the breather Rao scored again breaking through Debnath, Sporting left-back. In another minute Railway completed the tally Paul netting with a fast rising shot off a pass by Peru, inside left.

TEAMS:—

B. N. RAILWAY: Apparao, M. Ghosh and Kalloo, S. Chatterji, A Gupta and R. Dey, Y. N. Rao, Raju, W. Paul, Peru and R. Naidu.

SPORTING UNION: Saha, Chatterji and Debnath, P. Chatterji, J. Datta and S. Mukerji, B. Roy, M. Mukerji, S. Biswas, A. Bose and A. Pal.

Dalhousie who earlier drew with Mohun Bagan sprang the first surprise of the season beating East Indian Railway by the narrow margin. The Railway were without S. Nandi, their outside-left but enjoyed territorial superiority throughout. The goal which Dalhousie scored in the seventh minute of the second half, was against the run of play. McLeod, inside-right centred well. Thorpe, outside left headed in.

HOW TO CONQUER FATIGUE

Rationale Of Treatment After Finding Out Cause

PROBABLY the chief difficulty that stands between you and your dream of vigorous efficiency is fatigue. Most of us do things in ways that are bound to make us unnecessarily tired.

misfit and other devitalizing emotions are the true causes of chronic fati-gue.

Fortunately the most trifling readjustments can often eliminate much weariness from daily life, writes Estelle H. Ries in 'Hygeia'.

At the outset suppose we look at the equipment you work with. All of it may be new and in perfect order, and yet not be right for you.

If your chair is too high, your feet do not touch the floor; if your work table is too high, you have to reach up unnaturally. If it's not high enough you hump over. Fatigue resulting from these discomforts can be corrected as soon as the cause is recognized. The same is true of poor lighting, stuffy stale air and noise, all of which give the body extra wear.

Sometimes strain occurs from unsuitable clothing. Tight shoes, high heels, hair over the eyes, flowing sleeves, clothing too warm or too thin, too easily soiled or torn, all hinder natural, easy work. The habit of wearing old clothes at work often defeats morale and adds a sense of weariness. Today's work uniforms help do away with this.

What Can Be Avoided

Another cause of weariness is poor organization of materials or equipment. Many housewives subject themselves to miles of unnecessary walking while preparing meals because their kitchens are not properly designed to eliminate useless steps and motions. If you have to walk the length of the kitchen from the stove to the drawer where you keep your cooking spoons, and crisscross all around from icebox to food-preparing centre dozens of times a day, it quickly adds up.

Group things together that are used together. Save yourself useless expenditure of energy. Find out the simplest, quickest and best way of doing things you must do frequently, and do them that way. It's the easiest and least tiring way to do them.

Fatigue also comes from repeating the same motion indefinitely. The cure for that is of course to vary your activities. If your eyes tire, do some arm work.

There's no need to loll back and have your whole body, which isn't tired at all, remain idle while you wait for your fingers to feel better.

You can also become tired from overeating, wasting energy in dealing with excess food or its result in excess fat. On the other hand, too little food will keep your caloric requirements and get a complete, wholesome diet. That also means avoiding overindulgence in stimulants and narcotics, for these react to produce slackness and require more stimulation later.

How Fatigue Is Caused

What really happens when you get tired The muscles as they work burn fuel in the form of sugar known as glycogen. Carbon dioxide and lactic acid are produced as by-products. The carbon dioxide liberated is gradually breather off, but the lactic acid is produced more rapidly than it can be removed. This brings about the toxic condition recognised as fatigue, which spreads all over the body through the blood stream, though only one small set of muscles may be generating it.

That is why rest periods are so valuable during work. It is easier for the body to remove these poisons before it has an accumulation of them. Frequent rest, even before you feel tired, will enable you to accomplish far more than steady and uninterrupted effort. The longer people work uninterruptedly, the less they actually accomplish. At some tasks, workers accustomed to work eight hours a day, when put on overtime which requires ten hours, will do less after two weeks in the ten hours than they did in eight. The extra two hours not only add to the total production of lactic acid, but subtract from the rest hours during which the accumulation can be overcome.

Shorter hours alone will not suffice. Much depends upon what is done with the free time.

Many people are always tired because they carry on a social programme too heavy for their working schedule. Recreation can be more destructive than labour. It should and can truly recreate. Don't let it be "wreck-creation".

Rest And Exercise

Deep breathing may help prevent as well as remove that tired feeling. Perhaps this is because muscles cannot burn their fuel and do their work without oxygen. Certainly it helps, when threatened with fatigue, to get some fresh air and breathe deeply for a few minutes.

Usually when you are "all in" after a hard day's work, the one thing you want most is rest. You try this by doing little or nothing after working hours and going to bed early. You try it on a larger scale by taking vacations. To be sure, we all need enough sound sleep and many of us do not get enough, but many of us set our requirements too high. The requirement for sleep is extremely variable, and can be determined only on an individual basis. Ill health, of course, is a cause of unaccountable fatigue and should be investigated in its early stages before bad conditions develop.

In factories, workers generally use the same muscles repeatedly. They are therefore advised to go in for sports that use all the muscles or, silly as it may sound, to do a 15 minute workout of exercises when they get home from work. A well balanced plan of exercise, properly done, for the body as a whole, will positively do wonders to restore good spirits and revive you for the evening. Exercise carries a freshened blood stream to the tired parts of the body to help do away with fatigue, likewise providing many benefits.

The Bombay Chronicle

A SORDID STORY

The Investigation Commission set up by the West Bengal Government to look into the working of the Calcutta Municipal Corporation has in its final report painted a sorry picture. The administration, it says, is full of abuses, due to neglect of duty, corruption and wilful violations of the law. The financial state is described in the following passage.

The revenue from most of the taxes was reduced by under-assessment and by omission to collect dues even on that footing. The unrealised arrears of consolidated rate, for instance, even today amount to a figure exceeding a crore of rupees. Large sums due as rates or rents have been allowed to be barred by limitation, and nobody has been held responsible for this loss. Expenditure has been wasteful, such as large payments made to contractors in excess of their just dues or large advances made of which no account has been insisted upon.

The Commission places the blame squarely on the system. The various bodies of the Corporation and the Corporation itself were controlled by men who were influential but had no knowledge of administration. Councillors concerned themselves even with matters like appointment of the staff, and promotion. And they took a hand in the actual administration. In other words, the Calcutta Corporation has suffered from the worst evils of amateurism.

The remedies proposed, according to the press summary, relate to establishing a proper system of financial control and supervision and to ensuring that a capable administrator takes charge of the administrative side. A Statutory Finance Committee, subject to the general control of the Corporation has been suggested to act as the final controlling authority over all matters relating to the income and expenditure of the budget, and a Chief Accountant and Financial Adviser to the Corporation is proposed to control municipal finances, examine all proposals and explore all sources of revenue. This will undoubtedly put an end to reckless and irresponsible spending, though it leaves the main troubles uncorrected—collection of dues. The administration of the municipality is to be taken away from the Corporation Council which will only be concerned with appointing and discharging the Chief Executive Officer, who will be entrusted with administrative responsibility. This provision, considering the condition of the Calcutta Corporation, is a very feeble recommendation. Calcutta might benefit by taking a leaf from the Bombay Municipal Corporation and having its Chief Executive Officer nominated by the Government for a period of three years. It will remove this high office from the intrigues of political parties and confer a certain stability on the incumbent and consequently on other members of the municipal staff. What is essential is that the staff should be made to feel they are public servants rather than men at the beck and call of councillors and that they can discharge their duties fearlessly. This is not peculiar to Calcutta but fairly common to several municipal bodies all over India. It has got to be tackled squarely if municipal corporations are to be the training ground of our national leaders, as it is in Democratic Britain. Everything may be done to preserve and extend democracy in local bodies but care should be taken that efficiency is not sacrificed and corruption let in on this pretext.

The state of municipal activities in India is one which cannot but cause disquiet. As experiments in Democracy they have not been singular successes. Most corporators seem to look at it more from the point of what they can get out of the Corporation rather than what they can contribute to the welfare of the city they live in. There is considerable negligence in setting up candidates which is done by national political parties on considerations which are entirely unconnected with capacity to work co-operatively. The Calcutta Commission says that the Corporation and its Committees were dominated by men who were men of "position" in the City. These were just the persons who obviously should not have been in the Corporation in the first instance, because their "position" did not prevent them from meddling in the routine administration much less induce them to set their lesser colleagues a good example. As a result, the interests of the Calcutta Corporation were subordinated to the interests of the dominating personalities and become nobody's business. The Calcutta problem calls for drastic remedies. If the Corporation had been a small body, the Commission would not have hesitated to order its immediate suspension. As it is, has contented itself with recommending that certain functions which the Councillors had wantonly abused should be taken away from them. So long as the Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation is left under the control of the Councillors, the evils can only be mitigated, not completely corrected. We trust that the Government in passing orders on the recommendations will bear this reality in mind and correct the weakness in the Commission's findings. We realize that it is difficult to withdraw powers from a body that has been exercising them so far: but the manner in which they have been exercised, necessitates firm action.

Malan And R.T.C.

A Capetown message says: "No comment was available in official circles on a report from Karachi that South Africa had suggested a neutral place for the Round Table talks with India and Pakistan on the Indian question. Ordinarily such a proposal would be plausible enough. But for South Africa to have waked up now to the desirability of meeting on 'neutral' ground—the Karachi report may be taken as correct —is, in the circumstances, more in the nature of another move to delay the Conference than an admirable concern to keep the conference out of the atmosphere of prejudices. The Union Government has deliberately been ignoring the instructions of the U.N. General Assembly in respect of a Round Table Conference. For several months it would not even take notice of Indian and Pakistani reminders about the holding of the Conference. If it did respond at last it was principally because the last session of the General Assembly was drawing near and South Africa very obviously did not want the matter to be reported to the U.N. The Union Government admittedly succeeded by expressing its consent to meeting in a Round Table Conference. But what was noticeable in that consent was the strategy of evading a discussion of the actual issue. The consent was confined to holding a tripartite conference for the purpose of discussing the preliminaries to the calling of the main Round Table Conference. To prove their earnest desire for achieving a settlement of the whole conflict by negotiations, India and Pakistan agreed to the South African proposal instead of reporting to the General Assembly as they would have been justified in doing, Malan's tactics of defeating the U.N. resolution by stalling.

A conference was, therefore, held some months back and some sort of agreement about preliminaries of holding a Round Table Conference was arrived at. But the actual intentions of the Government of the Union of South Africa have always been different. And it is those intentions that Malan has been consistently pursuing. This is well-proved by the recent Group Areas Reservation Bill. It was introduced in spite of protests and criticism by India and subsequently by Pakistan and passed into law regardless of the unquestionable fact that it was a negation of the very spirit of the U.N. resolution and of South Africa's own agreement to meet in a Round Table Conference. With such a clear proof of South Africa's determination to solve the Indian and colour problem according to its own White intentions, Dr. Malan's tactics in respect of the Round Table Conference mean no more than a policy of stalling and delaying. This is especially so because September is drawing near when the U.N. General Assembly meets. Dr. Malan would like to tide over the period of the Assembly session which will give him another year to push his own racial solutions—which involve making South Africa an impossible country for South African Indians to live in—further towards completion. The Governments of India and Pakistan must deal with Dr. Malan's attitude with due regard to this sinister fact.

Thought For The Day

It is a principle of human nature to hate those whom we have injured.

TACITUS

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

TEHERAN, May 19, (PTI-Reuter)— The Teheran Government told Russia last night that it had ordered air photography near the Soviet-Persian border to be abandoned "to remove Soviet uneasiness".

A Persian Government note handed to the Russian Embassy here assured the Russians that no air photographs had yet been taken.

* *

CALCUTTA: Mr. C. C. Biswas and Dr. A. M. Malik, Ministers for Minorities of India and Pakistan respectively, at a meeting here today have decided to deal with the present Bengal situation as "essentially a human problem and not as a narrow legalistic one".

We are glad Jawaharlal is being vindicated.

* *

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan is reported to have told a Los Angeles audience that Pakistan knew that the United States was determined to defy aggression; and then he added rather thoughtlessly, "we hope you will make no distinction between one aggressor and another."

If the U.S. doesn't make any distinction between one aggressor and another, how can she continue her powerful contribution to an amicable, statesmanlike solution of the Kashmir question?

* *

Repudiating Afghan charges that Pakistan has violated international usage and practice relating to Afghan trade through Pakistan, a Pakistan note says Pakistan has scrupulously adhered to the provisions of the Anglo-Afghan Treaty of 1921 and the Anglo-Afghan Trade convention of 1923 and counter-accuses Afghanistan of persecuting Pakistani traders in Afghanistan.

Now, where do they go from there?

* *

Speaking at a British Liberal Party demonstration, Lady Bonham-Carter, vice-President of the Party, declared that, acceding to Dr. Malan's demand (that Britain hand over to South Africa the three protectorates of Swaziland, Basutoland and Bechuanaland) would violate the spirit of the Commonwealth, destroy its meaning and endanger its survival.

But doesn't she realise the more serious alternative, namely that refusal would annoy Malan and Malan's annoyance may lead to a walkout by him from the Commonwealth? Then what will the "Commonwealth" and its "meaning" be worth?

* *

Apropos of his talks with M. Stalin and other Soviet leaders M. Trygve told newsmen in Moscow that he had been received "in a most friendly way and the exchanges of views and ideas have been of a positive kind."

Whether they were positively negative or positively affirmative will be revealed —er—in due course.

* *

In the opinion of General Romulo, President of the General Assembly of the United Nations, Russian walkouts from the United Nations Organisation meetings do not mean failure of the United Nations.

Not at all; by no means and so on and so forth. They only mean reduction of the U.N. Organisation to near-Hoover nullity.

* *

According to a Japanese newspaper, the "Tokyo Shimbum", thirty Japanese are still holding out on a small Pacific Island near Japan in the Marianas nearly five years after the end of the war.

Come to think of it, they are better off, aren't they?

CITY CORPORATION: WEEK BY WEEK

By: "Citizen"

THE FIRST results of the enforcement of the Greater Bombay Scheme are not very satisfactory from the point of view of the municipal employees in the suburban area. It seems nearly 100 municipal teachers on the temporary list have been served with discharge notices. These teachers, are not trained teachers and were on the temporary list.

The usual practice in these local bodies seems to be to take untrained teachers, keep them on a temporary list for nearly two years and then if their work is found satisfactory they are sent for training and when they get the necessary qualifications they are made permanent. The Bombay Municipality seems to have decided to discontinue such arrangement. If the Corporation wants only trained teachers nothing can be said against such a decision. At the same time they should not arbitrarily discontinue a practice which is of a fairly long-standing in the suburban municipal schools. They may not take new untrained teachers but those that are employed by the local bodies should be given a chance to pass the necessary examinations and they should be absorbed in the permanent service if they can get the necessary qualifications within a given period.

Again the discharge notices have been served on them just before the vacation. They are thus not entitled even to get the pay for the vacation period. This is a further injustice done to them. Some time back it was announced that the Corporation wanted to take the census of children in the suburbs who should be in schools but are not found on the register. The discharged teachers can be employed for this type of work so that they may get some time to find an alternate empolyment. Anyhow it seems there is a strong case for considering the case of these teachers sympathetically. Let us hope the Corporation will give due thought to the same.

VAITARANA DAM

The Tansa Vaitarana Scheme has reached a further stage when the Standing Committee approved the Contract of a dam across the river Vaitarana. This is said to be the first work of its kind in India and governments of different states as well as the Central Government are reported to be watching the progress of this dam carefully. The special engineer Mr. Modak is reported to be taking great pains to make the scheme fool-proof so that the dam may be such as to have a long life, durability and low cost of maintenance.

According to the original estimate there was a provision of Rs. 5,74,00,000 for a solid gravity dam built with plum-concrete. After this plan was prepared some important events took place which had to be given due consideration in finalising the design of the dam.. One was the extraordinary floods in the Tansa catchments in the Cyclone of November 1948. The second was the heavy storm of exceptionally high intensity experienced in Bombay in September 1949. The international conference on high dams had made certain recommendations in regard to provision of uplift in the design of such dams which also had to be taken into consideration. Weighing all these factors, the special engineer came to the conclusion that the solid gravity of dam should be preferred to other dams. Accordingly he invited tenders for the same and the tender of the Hindustan Construction Co. Ltd., being lower than the only other company Messrs. Hind Construction Ltd., by about rupees 59 lakhs. The tender of the former was accepted.

One important fact which attracts attention in this connection is that very few companies seem to have taken interest in this work. Fourteen firms had purchased tender forms but only four tenders were received in the municipal office. When the details and the finance involved were fully known, two of them combined with Hind Construction Ltd. and therefore really there were only two companies in the field, one Messrs. Hindustan Construction Co. Ltd. which ultimately secured the contract and Messrs. Hind Construction Ltd. One explanation for this limited number of firms taking interest in this type of work may be the large amount of finance involved and the highly technical nature of the work. But even then one would have expected larger number of firms quoting at least in the initial stages.

It seems the contractors feel rightly or wrongly that only selected firms get contracts from the Bombay Municipality and therefore it is not worth their while to take the trouble of preparing estimates and etc. If such a feeling does exist it is very unfortunate and the Corporaton should take special care to see that it is removed at the earliest moment. Cities like Bombay have always got more than one firm specialised in different types of work and full advantage should be taken of the competition among these firms.

MUNICIPAL SECRETARY'S POST

The Standing Committee considered a resolution moved by Mr. S. P. Nadkarni of the Congress Party modifying the qualifications required by a person for the post of the Municipal Secretary. The present rules say that the candidate must be a graduate in arts, law or commerce of a recognised university and should have at least ten years' experience of administrative or office work under a deliberative body or in a responsible institution. If the rules are kept as they are at present, the present incumbent of the office Mr. D'Souza who is the acting Municipal Secretary will be debarred from occupying the permanent post. Mr. D'Souza is certainly a great asset to the Municipal Secretary's Office and the Congress anxiety to retain him for the post can be easily understood. Mr. Nadkarni, therefore, proposed that further qualifications should be added namely that the candidate should either satisfy the present qualifications or in the alternative must have held the office of the Deputy Municipal Secretary in the Bombay Municipality for at least seven years. This suggestion will enable Mr. D'Souza to occupy the post of permanent municipal secretary. The Standing Committee has passed this recommendation unanimously. It will now go to the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee and then to the Corporation. Government sanction for the change will be necessary. On the whole it seems the Standing Committee has wisely accepted the resolution of Mr. Nadkarni. Mere academic qualifications are not sufficient for the type of work that the Municipal Secretary is called upon to perform. The work is of a technical nature and requires a lot of experience in that particular type of work. But at the same time one must note in passing that such changes in the qualifications for a post just to suit one particular individual are not desirable and should be resorted to only in rare cases.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Unsound Mind

Though it is irrelevant to speak in lighter vein about death, from a journalist's point of view four suicides in a day as it happened on Friday are meat and drink for evening papers. Though most of the Indian newspapers err on the conservative side, one can imagine a variety of headlines that should delight the heart of a news-boy and make him shout hoarse. But what strange light these suicides throw on the chequered pattern of life! While one husband cannot live without his recently departed wife, the other ends it all because he is tired of the behaviour of his spouse. From times immemorial verdicts on suicides have been followed by a rider "while of unsound mind". Psychologists have probed deeply into the workings of the human mind but have been unable to locate that fine line which divides the sound from the unsound condition. We are often told that joy and sorrow, happiness and suffering are relative terms. It all depends on how an individual looks at a thing at a particular time in a particular circumstance. But no one has been able to probe the barrier set up by the phrase "while of unsound mind."

Snuff And Smoke

The "British Medical Journal" in recommending smokers to take to snuff instead is pursuing a very short-sighted policy. It is all very well to consider the cost of cigarettes as compared to the cost of snuff and say that the latter is more economical. But that is not the end of the story. consider any inveterate snuffer, if you must. Look at his handkerchief, his coat lapel, his shirt-front and even his trousers. There is the thin powder almost invisibly spread but nevertheless there. And by time it becomes excruciatingly noticeable. Then think of the sneezes which infest the neighbourhood, the turns and dodges which the person sitting opposite the snuffer has to go through to avoid the loathsome spray. More, look at his dilated nostrils, his staring eyes. No smoker cuts so sorry a figure. We certainly do not feel very happy at the suggestion. If smoking must be given up, let it go and there is an end to it. But let not the smoker give up the fire to get into the obnoxious frying-pan.

Lost Character

Though it was unpalatable, Mr. Shankerrao Deo spoke the truth when he told Delhi Congress workers on Tuesday that the greatest casualty during the long years of slavery was our national character. Even the advent of Swaraj seems to have done nothing to improve the matter. Scarcity of essential commodities seems to have brought out the worst in many officials, businessmen, industrialists, traders and petty shop keepers. We have seen disgusting exhibitions of avarice at its worst. What has been more shocking is that the general public had come to accept it as a normal thing. Fines had no terrors attached to them, they were regarded as so much commission to be given away from the ill-gotten wealth to the Government. Even terms of imprisonment for hoarding, profiteering or cheating the income tax authorities have shed the sense of shame and ignominy attached to them. Honesty is trade, business integrity and trust are rare things found in very few people today. Black marketers and corrupt people go about in the open, flaunting the law with contempt, holding their heads high. Disillusioned, the common man is getting cynical and is trying to adjust himself to the changed conditions.

It is difficult for him in the circumstances to appreciate Mr. Deo's call for the revival of our lost national character. There has to be a purity drive and Congressmen may as well start the work in their own ranks so that they can inspire confidence. Values have fallen not only in business and trade but also in manners and tolerance. Many unhappy incidents would not have occurred if the majority of Indians had remembered their ancient traditions in religious toleration, good neighbourliness and charity to the poor and the unfortunate. Mere calls for a change of heart are not going to mend matters. Dire diseases need drastic remedies.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Janata Express And Bilimora

Bilimora being a great industrial and commercial centre having good port and a Railway junction of B. K. Railway and also a big Timber Trading centre of the district as it is connected with big forests of Baroda, Bansda and Dangs hence the annual export import amounts to several million rupees and thereby the passengers and traffic earnings of the Railways is earned by lakhs and it is increasing day by day which can be proved from the Railway Books.

The stopping of Up Saurashtra Mail at Bilimora has proved to be useful to the public as there is heavy rush of passengers every day so it has served the public purpose as well as increased the Railway earnings.

Bilimora is closely connected with Bombay due to its great commercial and industrial position and the people have to come and go often to Bombay for business purpose. If Down Janata Express will be stopped at Bilimora it will save great hardships and time of the busy people of our place as it arrives at Bilimora at about 11-30 P.M.

So I request the authorities on behalf of the Public of Bilimora to issue an early order to stop DOWN JANATA EXPRESS at Bilimora and to issue the tickets for the same from Bombay and Bilimora.

—C. R. DALAL
President, Bilimora Municipality.

Victim Of Delusion!

Nikolai Samarsky, whose article on Russian newspapers and "freedom of the press in Russia" you published on May 15, is a victim of delusion and thought-control. Being a good communist he does not know what freedom of anything is.

Comrade Nikolai talks like a parrot about "civil rights", "freedom of the press", "interests of the working people", "constitutional provisions", "Democracy", etc. without understanding any of them. They were non-existent under the Czars and they are non-existant today under Stalin. Just as one foolish Czar after another snuffed them out, so also one foolish general secretary after another in Red Russia is snuffing them out.

Interest of the working people? They are what Stalin thinks they should be. So many million articles are written on paper or scribbled on the walls? They are merely an endless repetition of meaningless words uttered first by Stalin and then expanded 'ad nauseum! If what friend Nikolai writes is half the truth the Russians would be the most wonderfully wise people. Alas they still remain merely Ivans and serfs of the Communist Party.

Russians are forbidden to think what Stalin does not or cannot think. To talk about freedom in Russia is both ignorant and childish. They talk like Henry Ford when he offered his customers the choice of colours in cars as long as they chose black. In Russia everyone has freedom to think and write as long as he thinks and writes as Stalin does and would.

Let Nikolai try to "deviate" by thinking intelligently and find out the consequences of his freedom. "Deviation" is nothing but freedom to think differently.

Russian Communists are the most virtuous people known to history. And like all virtuous people they behave idiotically. Indignantly Nikolai writes: "Who does not know that the entire press of Britain for example is in the hands of six powerful concerns and in the USA the property of eight monopolies. They have the capital, the printshops and the paper."

But does Nikolai know that there is only one concern—the Communist Party in Red Russia, which is controlled by one man, Stalin? He controls not only capital, printshops and paper but the life and mind of every Ivan in Russia including that of Nikollai.

If what friend Nikolai says of Britain and U.S.A. is true, he will agree that there can be at least six different viewpoints in Britain and eight in U.S.A., while as only one viewpoint is ever possible in Red Russia under Stalin.

Is Comrade Nikolai aware that Red Russia's "new democracy" is nothing but a drive for new slavery under Red Czarism? If he thinks otherwise let him get these views printed in some of his country's useless papers.

—H. G. MUDGAL

"Learn Hindi"

The importance of Hindi as a state or national Language of India has not only been acknowledged but statutary recognition has also been accorded to it by our Constitution and a reasonable time for its introduction has also been mentioned in the statute Book. But it is no use stopping with this. The span of fifteen years for its introduction will also be too short if real intelligent and systematic attention is not paid to its early introduction. The present generation is not at all sanguine about learning it, as they can enter government service at twenty-five or earlier and might complacently look forward to their exemption or some change in the Statute Book, a decade and half hence.

This is not a very encouraging state of affairs we must have our own language for Governmental purposes. It is only the difficulty of language that deters some of the ignorant busy-bodies of the foreign Press from undue interference in the affairs of other nations for the lure of the money of their misguided individuals. The cases of China, Japan, Russia Persia are signicant instances in this respect. To hasten its acquisition both the individual and the Government must be keen about it.

To achieve this object I suggest that every newspaper, Magazine or Weekly in any language whatsoever in the Republic should be induced to allot a column of six inches "for persons who are novices to the tongue to write letters to the Press on any subject in their Hindi no matter whether it is broken or murdered Hindi under the caption "Learn more Hindi". This will stimulate both interest and exertion on the part of new learners and soon the period of fifteen years will be considered "too long" for its adoption. Not only this but it will give healthly amusement to the scholars of the tongue who might indulge in "some sparks on the anvil" about them. Thus a simple, effective and speedy natural language will be evolved.

The only trouble with some of the Presses would be to have or to acquire a small supply of Nagri Types and a Nagri Compositor.

The intelligent modern editors certainly do understsand ordinary Hindustani and there would be no serious difficulty from that quarters. If an enterprising Editor sets the ball rolling I am sure others will also follow suit.

—K. S. DHURANDAR

Victimisation?

The Chief Engineer of the Bombay Port Trust has served Mr. Shantaram Ansurkar, ASST. SECRETARY, Bombay Port Trust Employees' Union, with the notice of discharge from 1st June 1950.

Mr. Ansurkar has a fine record of social service behind him. He has served the cause of Labour at serious personal loss to himself. In 1939 he was working in General Motors (India) Ltd. and there he organised the General Motors Workers' Union which was the first Union to ask for, fight and obtain dearness allowance on the outbreak of war in 1939. In August 1942 he, with the help of his other comrades, organised a political strike in General Motors. For his political activities he was sentenced three months' rigorous imprisonment and was discharged from the Company. Later on he joined the Bombay Port Trust and became an active member of the B.P.T. Employees' Union. In 1947 he was one of the organisers of the strike of 8000 workers of the Port Trust which lasted for 47 days.

Mr. Ansurkar is working in the Bombay Port Trust for the last eight years and has been active in the B.P.T. Employees' Union almost from the start. Recently he has opened an ANTI-CORRUPTION CAMPAIGN against the Officers in the Bombay Port Trust. The C.I.D. Department as well as the Chairman of the B.P.T. are fully aware of his services in this direction.

The prevention of the corruption is a great service done by him not only to the workers but to the people in general. Officers enraged at his activities have manoeuvred to get him discharged. The victimisation of such a brave, leading and honest Union worker is really surprising. Is this the reward for his sacrifice and honesty?

—SHANTI PATEL
Gen. Secretary, BPT Employees Union

Bright Future For Socialists

NARENDRA DEV'S VIEW

MUZAFFARNAGAR, May 19. (UPI). Acharya Narendra Dev, the Socialist leader inaugurating the U. P. Socialist Party Conference here said that India's "journey has by no means ended with the quitting of the British: it has just begun."

The Nation which was standing at the crossroads had two broad courses before it, one pushing forward and the other backwards, he said.

Referring to the Socialist Party, he said that as with the whole country, the Socialists also were inclined to feel frustrated but there was no reason whatever for disappointment.

The future of the Socialist Party was bright, he said. He had confidence that the working class would not let the country down and that the peasantry and the industrial labour would be its backbone. The Socialists dreamt of a world in which there would be honest service, peaceful life and equality. They thought in terms of brotherhood and democracy. If they had the will to create the new social order they would certainly win though the Congress would use its full governmental power to oppose them.

Continuing he said that people naturally were suspicious that the Socialists also would go the way of the Congress after gaining power. The answer to the doubts had to be given by Socialists within the next year.

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Indonesia To Abolish State Governments

POLITICAL LEADERS REACH AGREEMENT

DJAKARTA, May 19. (PTI).

INDONESIAN political leaders tonight announced agreement to abolish State Governments and reform them under a Central Government, probably within two months.

The agreement followed day long talks between the Indonesian Federal Government (the Republic of the United States of Indonesia) and the Revolutionary Government of "the Republic of Indonesia whose capital is Djogjakarta."

The former State Governments of East Indonesia and East Sumatra were represented at the conference by observers.

They had already agreed in principle to a unitary state and had vested their powers in the Prime Minister of the Federal Government, Mohammed Hatta.

TRANSFER OF POWER

The conference set up a committee to work out details for the transfer of the power to the new Government. Observers said tonight that when the Committee reports back—probably this month—the President of the United States of Indonesia, Dr. Soekarno, will probably formally declare the existence of the new Government and the abolition of the former Governments. Then, it is believed, the two Governments will hand over their powers to the new Government over a two-month period. The new Government, it is believed, will work out a new constitution, from one proclaimed by the Republic of Indonesia two days after the Japanese surrender and the Federal Constitution under which sovereignty was transferred by the Dutch to Indonesia on December 7, 1949.

STRONG CENTRE URGED

Sixteen autonomous states and territories made up the infant Republic of the United States of Indonesia when it came into being, but Indonesia leaders urged that a stronger Central Government must replace the federal structure if the new Republic was to make headway.

Expt for East Sumatra and part of East Indonesia all the United States of Indonesia had exercised their right under The Hague Agreement, to liquidate in favour of a unified state.

Ambon in the South Moluccas Island group revolted and declared a sovereign republic.

Dutch New Guinea is not included in the central scheme.

NOTES STOLEN FROM BANK

Thief Apprehended

CALCUTTA, May 19 (PTI): A youngman was apprehended while, it is alleged, he was escaping with five bundles of currency notes from the counter of a Calcutta bank today. He was handed over to the police.

The currency notes amounted to Rs. 50,000.

Stop Press

CALM PREVAILS IN SAIGON

Police Take 200 People Into Custody

SAIGON, May 19. (PTI-Reuter): Police were patrolling the streets here today but calm returned to the city after yesterday's violent incidents marking the 60th birthday of Viet Minh (Indo-Chinese insurgent) leader Ho Chi Minh.

A general strike was called for today by Viet Minh supporters but only taxi drivers and a few shopkeepers responded.

In 48 hours four hand grenades nad exploded, killing two Chinese and wounding six others. Two Viet Minh mortar shells fell in Saigon without causing damage or casualties and two army water wagons were attacked outside the city.

Two hundred people were taken to police stations for identity checking.

Viet Minh flags and leaflets were distributed, and photographs of Ho Chi Minh appeared on trees and telegraph poles.

The Vietnamese Council of Ministers today decided to impose prepublication censorship of local newspapers.

South African Indian Body's Refusal

CAPETOWN, May 19, (PTI-Reuter): The South African Indian Organisation today refused to submit proposals on the Bill to divide racial groups in South Africa into separate residential areas.

The organisation—a so-called moderate body, distinct from the South African Indian Congress—refused Interior Minister Dr. J. E. Donges' invitation to make written proposals on the Group Areas Reservation Bill.

MORE JUTE FOR MILLS

Black-Market Prices Down

CALCUTTA, May 19. (PTI): A steady flow of raw jute has been feeding the mills here since the Indo-Pakistan jute deal of April last.

Assured of supplies till the new Indian jute crop arrives, and in expectation of another Indo-Pakistan jute deal when the present one expires, these mills are considering the question of increasing their working hours from 42 1/2 hours to 48 hours weekly. A decision on this point is expected soon.

Any increase in the mills production would mean that larger quantities of jute goods would be available for export and India would reap the benefit of earning more dollars and hard currency.

Meanwhile, the improved situation is reflected in the downward trend in black-market prices for jute manufactures, which have been quoted at a premium since September last year when the Government of India fixed ceiling prices for all descriptions.

U.S. Plan In Offing?

WASHINGTON, May 19. (PTI-Reuter): The United States will apportion dollar aid to Suth-East Asia "according to the needs of each country, and possibilities afforded by local conditions to put this aid to immediate and effective use," Mr. James Webb, Assistant Secretary of State, said today.

There would be no "packaged dollar allocation" to South-East Asian countries under the economic aid programme the United States was now preparing, he declared.

At his weekly press conference here, Mr. Webb said it was not possible to generalise on aid to the area as a whole, but agricultural aid, health improvement and transportation facilities keyed to food supply and economic rehabilitation were general to all of South-East Asia.

Mr. Webb said the recommendations of the American Griffin Mission to South-East Asia, made after an on-the-spot survey and considerable consultation with Asian Government, would not be made public, though they had been generally approved by the United States Government.

The recommendations, he said, were still in the process of review, and negotiations were being carried on with the governments concerned.

RIGHT TO CARRY ON BUSINESS

Fruit Vendor's Plea Upheld

NEW DELHI, May 19 (PTI): The Full Bench of the Supreme Court today granted with costs the petition filed by Rashid Ahmad, a wholesale vegetable and fruit vendor of Kairana, U.P. praying for enforcement of his fundamental right to carry on his business.

The petitioner's submission was that on May 21, 1949 the Municipal Board of Kairana had auctioned the "contract for wholesale of vegetables" to one Habib Ahmad, the highest bidder for three years. The petitioner's application for licence to carry on his business was rejected by the Board.

Mr. Justice Das, on behalf of the Full Bench, observed in his judgment that they were satisfied that in this case "the petitioner's fundamental rights have been infringed and he is entitled to have his grievances redressed".

RED RAIDERS KILL THREE VILLAGERS

Incident In Tiruvur Taluk

SECUNDERABAD, May 19. (UPI): Three members of the village defence squad of Nemali village, Tiruvur Taluk, Krishna District, while on patrolling duty, were shot dead by a gang of armed State Communists who raided the village on Wednesday night, according to a report just received here.

It is stated that the gang was 30 strong and all the Communists were armed with guns and dressed in khaki. They crossed the Hyderabad border and raided the village which is within two furlongs from the border. The members of the village defence squad, who were armed with spears, had taken up their positions. On seeing the squad members on the outskirts of the village, the leader of the Communist gang, who was dressed in the uniform of a police inspector, asked them whether they were prepared to repulse any possible Communist raid. While the members of the squad, who had taken the raiders to be a police party, were answering the question, the other members of the raiding gang attacked them by surprise. Immediately the squad members realised that a Communist gang was confronting them and attacked them in return. One of the squad members speared one of the Communists, causing a severe injury to him. The Communists opened fire on the squad members resulting in the death of three of them and withdrew into the Hyderabad State limits. The injured Communist was carried away by the others of the gang while retreating.

Armed Dacoity In Ahmedabad Village

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, May 19: News of a daring dacoity that occurred in Dahol village, Mehsana, North Gujarat yesterday have been received here.

According to reports dacoits armed with guns entered the houses of two banias and decamped with property worth Rs. 50,000.

News BRIEFS

During the past twenty-four hours 6,925 Hindus and 3,446 Muslims arrived in West Bengal from East Pakistan by rail and 5,164 Hindus and 5,067 Muslims left, states a West Bengal Government Press Note on Thursday. By air 162 Hindus and 73 Muslims arrived and 62 Hindus and 95 Muslims left.

WEAPONS RECOVERED: A large quantity of "deadly" weapons were recovered on Monday last when the police raided a bustee near a forest at Jayanagar under the Lakshmipur police station. About one hundred persons were arrested in this connection and most of them have since been released on bail.

JAP-PHILLIPINE TRADE: Representative of General MacArthur's headquarters and the Phillipines Government signed a 50 million United States dollar trade agreement between Japan and the Phillippines.

The District Judge of Monghyr has granted temporary injunction restraining the chairman of the Jamalpur Municipality from holding the election of Municipal Commissioners from May 18 to 20 next.

COMPULSORY EDUCATION: The Government of Madhya Pradesh have chalked out a scheme to enforce compulsory free primary education to wipe out illiteracy from the state.

STRIKE: About four hundred workers skilled and unskilled employed in the Vanaspati Factory of Tungabhadra Industris Kurnool have gone on an indefinite strike.

CRIMINAL TRIBES ENQUIRY: The Criminal Tribes Enquiry Commitee, appointed by the Government of India concluded its two day sitting in Bombay on May 18.

FRENCH CLAIM: French forces killed 20 Indo-Chinese Vietminh insurgents "harrassing" posts in the Phai-Diam area, 60 miles South of Hanoi, the Agence France Presse announced here today.

Fatal Cholera Cases

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, May 19.

Three fatal cases of cholera occured in Rajpur and Gomtipur areas today Yesterday, three cases of vomitting were reported. Health authorities are taking all precautions to combat the menace.

More Land For Cotton Cultivation In Madras

MADRAS, May 19 (UPI): The Madras Government has sanctioned a short term plan for bringing 6.57 lakh acres of land under cotton cultivation which would result in an additional production of 94,000 bales of cotton.

The short term plan alms at expanding cotton production in this state through (1) expansion of area under cotton (2) manuring of cultivated cotton area with sulphated ammonia; (3) mixed cropping of cotton and groundnut chillie or ragi and; (4) use of improved cotton seeds.

NEW DELHI, May 19, (PTI): The rate for inward collect press telegrams from Japan is 11 annas per word from April 1, 1950, says an announcement by the Director-General, Posts and Telegraph.

NADKARNI COULD NOT HAVE BEEN THROWN SO FAR

Defence Argument In Murder Case

BOMBAY, Friday.

Resuming the defence arguments in the Nadkarni Murder Case, in which Jagdishkumar Hiranand Shetty and Rampalsingh Narendrasingh are charged before Mr. Karl J. Khandalawala, Additional Sessions Judge, Greater Bombay, with culpable homicide not amounting to murder, and Kishori Alladatta with abetment of the crime, Mr. J. M. Gidwani questioned the integrity of the prosecution witnesses, and said that circumstantial evidence proved that these witnesses had tendered false testimony against the accused .

Counsel argued that Mallana, the Gardener, and his son Chinnayya, had stated that they had seen Accused Jagdish and Rampal thrown Nadkarni from the balcony. Evidence showed that Nadkarni's body was found below Kishori's bedroom. It was physically impossible, Counsel emphasised, for the accused to have thrown the deadweight of Nadkarni's unconscious body to the spot where it was found, a distance of about 20 feet from where they stood at the time. It was therefore reasonable to believe that both the gardener and his son were lying.

NO TUTORING

Mallana had further stated, Mr. Gidwani argued, that when he returned from Kamatipura on February 9, 1949 at 5-30 p. m. he was sent for by Kishori and told to say that Nadkarni had fallen down the staircase.

Yet the police state that when they called at Kishori Court that evening, Kishori was not present. Therefore it was logical to infer that the tutoring of the gardener by the third accused was a palpable falsehood.

Mr. E. B. Ghasvala, Counsel for Kishori, in a preamble to his arguments, said that the case had begun as an ordinary case, but in the arguments of the Prosecution Counsel several peculiarities had crept in.

The Prosecutor had touched up his arguments with phraseology which gave to the case an air of mistery, romance and sex.

NOT THE DUTY

"It is not the duty of the Prosecution Counsel to inflame the members of the jury against the accused or aggravate their failings." Mr. Ghasvala emphasised.

Defence Counsel added a few oblique references to the Prosecution Counsel and the manner in which he had presented his arguments.

At this stage the Judge interposed and explained to Defence Counsel that the Public Prosecutor was entitled to press his case. He was not bound to present his evidence in a lukewarm manner.

"It is wrong to presume", His Honour stated, "that the Public Prosecutor must merely present facts without pressing his case. Moreover, the Public Prosecutor is not on trial, and the Jury are concerned with the facts of the case. Mr. Mistry has stated in his introductory remarks that if the evidence is not admissable, he would welcome a decision in favour of the accused."

Mr. Ghasvala continuing explained to the members of the Jury the manner in which their decision must be arrived at.

Further hearing of the case will be resumed on Monday.

Mr. B. M. Mistry instructed by Mr. S. R. Vakil and Mr. R. D. Chadha, appeared for the prosecution.

Messrs. E. B. Ghaswala J. M. Gandhi, Y. S. Morudkar and R. P Vacha appeared for Kishori, while Mr J. Gidwani with Mr. K. L. Gauba and Dr. P. N. Daruvala appeared for Jagdishkumar and Rampalsingh.

NEED FOR CENTRAL FILM CENSOR BOARD

Plea At Progressive Group's Meeting

BOMBAY, Friday.

WITH the object of giving its members an opportunity of knowing more about the film industry than one reads in the papers, the Progressive Group organized a symposium at Green's Hotel, to which they invited Mr. Chunilal, President of the Motion Picture Society of India, Mr. J. B. Wadia, President of the IMPA, Dewan Sharar, Mr. Surendra Nath and the character actor Mr. David Abraham, all of whom were on the panel.

The members of the Progressive Group mustered strong at this "question and answer" meeting, and it was quite apparent they did have an enjoyable evening—even if they did not get the better of the parleys.

Unfortunately time was too short, and rendered shorter by the fact that it started half an hour late. In the circumstances, very few questions could be put. Still, much could be done by way of palliation if only those questions were answered briefly and to the point.

The first question was whether there was any black-marketing amongst the film stars. The question was considered rather vague and dismissed by a gentleman of the panel who assured the audience that as far as he was concerned, he never claimed any black money.

Asked if the present censorship policy was justified, Mr. Chunilal, speaking as one who was a member of the Bombay Board of Film Censors, said that 68 per cent of the films were produced in Western India with Bombay as its headquarters. During the British regime, he said, much was done to discourage films calculated to promote national aspirations and national background.

ENTERTAINMENT

"The primary object of the film was entertainment" he said, "free from vulgarity and demoralizing influences but our censors have been very critical, and cuts in Indian pictures have become a matter of rule, which is neither in the interest of the public nor of the industry. Moreover, what Bombay censors deem fit to ban, the censors in Calcutta and Madras are not bound by such decisions, and vice versa. Therefore, it was essential that we have a central board of censors." He put India down as the second largest film producer in the world, with 289 productions to its credit during 1949 alone.

Mr. Dungaji, a member of the Progressive Group said "When we see foreign pictures, we see something new, something different, something exhilarating; but when we see Indian films we feel we have wasted an evening. Why?"

"That's a stinging question", retorted Mr. Wadia. "I do not agree with such views. Our pictures are for the teeming millions. We have to cater for them, and since they are illiterate, our pictures have to be of quite a different standard.

Mr. David deplored the comparison between Indian and American pictures. "America", he said, "has vast resources and the sound financial backing of our banks. Besides, the appeal in foreign films was dnue to high technique which usually compensated for a weak story."

Asked about the working conditions of those engaged in the film industry, he admitted that it was not as good as one would expect—not like Hollywood, anyway. Still there were sufficient amenities provided such as meals at 6 annas each, tea at one anna a cup (to say nothing of the bhajias) and one room for the leading lady and another for the leading man. There was not a worker, whether he be a sweeper or a hamal, who got less than Rs. 70 a month. Salaries differed. There were some drawing Rs. 10,000 to Rs. 15,000 a month. A good artist got Rs. 4,000 to Rs. 5,000 a month.

BAN ON FILMS

Regarding the banning of certain pictures in Pakistan, the explanation was that it was Pakistan's policy not to exhibit films glorifying Congress or the Congress regime.

To a question whether it was difficult to find admission into the profession, snap came the reply "If any of the young men or ladies here feel that they have a talent for acting, they can apply. The film industry is always ready to welcome talent."

To a question why the film industry concentrated more on money than on quality, the answer was that money was of more consideratnon—though that did not mean that foreign technicians would not be engaged if they were absolutely needed. As for the absence of technicolour, it was explained that it was the monopoly of America, but it would be introduced in Iidia in a year more.

"Why is kissing forbidden" asked a member whose osculatory propensities were perhaps at high pitch at the time.

"Ask the censor," came the reply. "It is not the general practice for Indians to kiss. I once saw a film depicting a mother kissing her son farewell on the platform. The censor had objected to it, and I told the censor that if a mother could not kiss her son then whom she kiss?"

The next question was "Who is the most beautiful actor and actress?"

"That's going off the track" replied Mr. Wadia. Nevertheless, he mentioned six, taking particular care to include one of his own productions "The Court Dancer."

"We want good pictures" said one: "We want real stuff."

"What do you mean by real stuff?" asked one of the panel men, "the stuff which dreams are made of, as Shakespeare would have said? Anyway it is impossible to answer."

Someone asked why Indian cinemas were kept dirty, and the naive reply was that "we were facing great difficulties with the Government."

BORING

At this stage, after a lapse of an hour, a young lady in the audience, Miss M. D. Patel, obviously bored by the monotony of the proceedings, rose from her seat and suggested that Mr. Surendra Nath be asked to "give us a song for a change."

The very obliging Mr. Surehdra Nath responded as joyously as he would have to his lady love on the screen, and after a preliminary introduction of himself as "just an artist", who was nevertheless struck by the aundience being "a bit too critical on art, morality and salary." he asked if the audience desired any particular song.

"Kiun Yad A Rahi Hai Gujre Huve Jamane" was suggested by Miss M. D. Patel. Soon the audience went into raptures as soft music floated in the air. It was a happy ending to a happy event, and Mr. Paymaster thanked his distinguished guests for the honour they had done to the Proressive Group by their presence.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, May 19.

Previous closing	31.51
Previous closing	31-51
Today's opening	31.49
Difference	—2
Today's closing	31.67
Difference	(plus) 16

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, May 19.

Stock Exchange opening prices:
Anaconda Copper Mining 33-3/8,
General Motors 85-3/4,
U.S. Steel common 32-1/4,
U.S. Steel Preference 44-1/2.

CORNERSTONE LAID FOR A STABLE ASIA

(Continued from page 1)

accepted as an expression of the common purpose of us all".

TECHNICAL AID PLAN

A final communique issued by the Commonwealth Consultative Committee said it was decided to recommend that a Commonwealth technical assistance scheme for South and South-East Asia should be inaugurated within the next few months. The total amount of assistance involved would be eight millions sterling over a period of three years.

The Committee recommended that a Commonwealth Bureau be set up at Colombo to co-ordinate the work.

It further recommended that a formal approach be made to governments of non-Commonwealth countries in South and South-East Asia, informing them of the Committee's deliberations and the course of action contemplated.

These governments should be informed that their full association in the enterprise would be welcomed by Commonwealth governments, the communique added.

The Committee recommended that each country to benefit from aid should prepare by September 1, 1950, a realistic and comprehensive statement of its economic situation and development programme.

These statements should be considered at meetings of Commonwealth governments in London later that month, it added.

The Committee decided that the most effective method of tackling the vast and intricate problems facing the peoples of South and South-East Asia and of meeting their urgent need for economic development would be to start immediately a programme based on action by governments represented at the Conference, the communique added.

ADDITIONAL AID

The communique said that while the Committee recognised there was already a considerable flow of technical assistance through private and Government channels to the area concerned, and that valuable assistance had already been received from the United Nations, the specialised agencies and their regional organisations, it was considered that their existing resources in the area required to be supplemented immediately.

The communique said the Committee recommended that development of Asian areas should proceed by progressive stages under a plan covering a period of six years.

According to informed sources here, the sum of 23 million sterling has been mentioned as the total on commitments over six years, but that is to be determined at the suggested London Conference in September.

The eight million sterling for technical assistance over a three-year period is understood to be an emergency measure for immediate aid, these sources stated.

INDIA'S HELP AVAILABLE

Mr. Ramaswamy Mudaliar, Leader of the Indian Delegation, commenting on the agreement to aid South and South-East Asia, said that India would do all she could to help the less unfortunate peoples of this area "to find their feet, to raise the low level of their standard of living and to bring a certain amount of contentment to people who, in the past, have been subjected to dominance".

The Leader of the Ceylon Delegation, Mr. J. R. Jayawardene, said: "We are now proceeding from the arena of words to the arena of deeds and I trust that in translating the words into action, we shall be helping in the building of a great and noble

People IN THE NEWS

DR. JIVRAJ MEHTA

BOMBAY, Thursday: Dr. Jivraj N. Mehta, Minister for Public Works and Housing, will leave Bombay on Friday, May 19 for Baroda and will tour in the Broach District on May 22 and 23. He will return to Bombay on May 24.

The Private Secretary to the Governor of Bombay will here-after be designated as "the Secretary to the Governor".

GRANTS TO W. BENGAL MUSLIMS

Government Sanctions Rs. 25,000

CALCUTTA, May 19. (PTI): The West Bengal Government have, it is learnt, so far sanctioned Rs. 25,000 as grants and loans to Muslim villagers in Howrah and Hooghly districts, whose huts had been destroyed as a result of the last disturbances.

Similar damage done to house property in Howrah Town is now being assessed and reconstruction work of the houses destroyed or damaged will begin as soon as the Enquiry Commission, set up by the West Bengal Government under the Delhi Agreement, goes into the matter and makes its recommendation for grants.

Meanwhile the Minority Commission, also set up under the Agreement is meeting for the first time tomorrow to discuss the procedure to be adopted in connection with their work. the Chairman of the Commission, Mr. Kalipada Mookerjee, has however, already started his work and settled a number of Muslim families in their original homes.

The West Bengal Government have received various complaints from minorities in both East Bengal and West Bengal, since the announcement of the agreement. While the complaints relating to East Bengal are being forwarded to the East Bengal Minority Commission, those relating to West Bengal have been referred to the West Bengal Minority Commission for immediate investigation.

Cheap Seeds For Borivli Taluka Peasants

The Secretary, Kora Gramodyoga Kendra informs the peasants of Borivli Taluka that the Agricultural Department of the Bombay Government has arranged to distribute at moderate rates seeds for the ensuing paddy season, manure mixture, groundnut cakes for the cattle, Ammonium Sulphate and Super phosphate for the vegetables etc. at Kora Kendra Shimpavli and asks them to make enquiries with the Agricultural Asst. Borivli, Mr. Mundle.

More Cotton In Hyderabad

SECUNDERABAD, May 19 (UPI): According to an over-all plan for increased cotton acreage in the cotton growing regions of the country, the cotton area in Hyderabad is being increased by six lakh acres for the production of an extra one lakh bales of cotton, it is learnt.

Special steps have been taken to ensure that the additional six lakh acres will be planted in the next kharif season.

NEON MATERIALS
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CALCUTTA—7.

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REMINGTON STANDARD TYPEWRITERS, NEW PORTABLE TYPEWRITERS.
Maintenance Service Contract & Repairs Undertaken
SAYAR & SANGHVI.
211-19, Frere Road Near G.P.O. BOMBAY.

R

RATION QUANTUM

THE FOODGRAINS ration quantum and the maximum proportions prescribed for different cereals in the Bombay Rationed Area for the 21st rationing week commencing from Sunday, May 21, 1950 to Saturday, May 27, 1950, will remain same as during the current week.

SUGAR

The quantum of sugar for the 21st rationing week continues to be 8 ozs. per ration card.

EROS
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
See the Deadliest range War ever!
Robert Mitchum, Barbara Bel Geddes, Robert Preston in RKO's
'BLOOD ON THE MOON'
Tomorrow at 10 a.m.
"Daughter of Don Q"
Exciting serial: Reduced rates
Listen to Radio Goa on 31 meters

PRIME PET
OF ALL—Through ALL AGES!
Meet him in
BHISHMA PRATIGYA
NARGIS, SHAHU MODAK, Kumar, Mishra
7th WEEK
Director: Vasantrao Painter
3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sun. 12-30
KRISHNA
Booking: 10 to 12 and 4 to 6
SURYA
POONA—Prabhat
AHMEDABAD—Model
CENTRAL FILM D. Release.

3rd HOUSEFUL WEEK
RANJIT'S Classic
JOGAN
NARGIS
DILIP KUMAR
LIBERTY
Daily: 3, 6-15 & 9-30

DELIGHTING THEM ALL!
WOMAN'S COURAGE
makes this Tale a Thrilling Social Argument!

New Light Films' Social Hit!
MAANG
RAMOLA, WASTI
AMAR, PROTIMA, MUBARAK
Direction: SAGHIR—("Jugnu" fame)
Music: GHULAM MOHAMED
MINERVA 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Sun. Holi. 12-30
(Advance: 10 to 12)
STAR (Mazgaon)
VYANKATESH (Vile Parle)

AURORA Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
The Screen's Greatest Action-Swept Sea Saga!

Starring:
JOHN PAYNE, GAIL RUSSELL
Tomorrow Morning at 10-30 a.m.
"THE SWORDSMAN"
In Technicolor, Starring
LARRY PARKS

Secure On The Steps Of Fame

Nargis in Ranjit's "Jogan".

Old Theme Skillfully Handled

Ranjit have reason to be proud indeed of their brain-child "Jogan". This beautiful film is a tribute to the zeal with which all the members of the cast and production troupe tackle their job. The conflict of "Jogan" is one as old as the age of Adam. Flesh and the spirit have always shown themselves to be mutually antagonistic, and never more so than in the present case, where a disillusioned agnostic finds himself falling in love with a faery creature who has abandoned herself unreservedly to the pursuit of devotion to her Maker.

Some would call the inevitable outcome tragic; but the attainment of spiritual peace was never a tragic thing, and so we feel that the close of the film leaves us not frustrated, but strangely calm.

Nargis plays the jogan and the man of the world is played with deep artistry by Dilip Kumar. This film truly merits the epithet dignified. As a work of art, too, it stands head and shoulders above the rest.

"Preet Ka Geet" At Swastik

Taking the screen this week at the Swastik is Hari Krishna Premi's "Preet Ka Geet", with a star cast consisting of Sulochana Chatterji, Prem Adib and Shashikala.

Briefly, the story concerns a dancer who, finding times hard in her part of the world, migrates to Bombay. One of the local bigwigs takes her under his wing, but she soon realises that his pretended interest in her art is merely a camouflage for foisting his unwelcome attentions on her. When the poet with whom she had been love in the past, comes on the scene, the plot begins to thicken, and what with the sethia's daughter falling for the poet and one thing and another, we are soon up to the neck in intrigues.

Beaten to a frazzle on numerous occasions, the well-worn plot fails to sustain the interest to any great extent. A few novel twists somewhat relieve matters. For the rest, the acting is competent enough, Prem Adib giving a sympathetic performance as the village poet.

Hilarious "Afsar" Ready For Release

Some of the top figures in the industry were present at a special preview to witness Nav Ketan's hilarious "Afsar". From the reactions of the audience, there is little doubt that the film will be quite a laugh raiser. The farcical events never go beyond their depth, and the plot is always kept within the bounds of reason.

The protagonists of the characters in the film are everyday people and the life-like portrayals of the players do full justice to them. There is a strong cast led by Suraiya and Dev Anand, while highlighting the entire film are the beautifully scored songs of Sachin Dev Varman.

"Barsaat" In 33rd Week

"Barsaat", now running at the Imperial, Palace, Broadway and Paradise, is now in its 33rd week and seems to be going as strong as ever. Whatever be its merits or demerits as a work of art there is no gainsaying the fact that the film is one of the top money spinners of recent years. The picture is also running at Ahmedabad, Poona Baroda and other centres.

17TH WEEK!
HIND–MATA
....PAREL....
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
Matinee: Sat., Sun. 12-30 p.m.
JAYANT DESAI'S
HAR–HAR MAHADEO
NIRUPA, TRILOK, JEEVAN
SUNDAY MORN. 10 A.M.
THE MAN FROM COLORDO

Shantaram's 'Dahej' Comes To Town

With the reputation that Shantaram has for the excellence of his direction, he may be safely relied on to give us an unusual and interesting film in "Dahej". Though the story nominally deals with the dowry problem, in reality it goes much further, showing us incidents in the life of a modern young woman, presenting her from the time she is a raw and inexperienced maiden to the time when she achieved the full maturity of motherhood.

The central role has been filled by Jayashree, and her appearance after all these years is all the more welcome. Sharing the stellar honours with her is that grand actor Prithviraj who plays the part of her father. There is a cast that is studded with top-ranking names, including Karan Diwan, Lalita Pawar and Ulhas.

The story is from the pen of Shums Lucknavi, and direction and production are by Shantaram himself. The songs, ten in number, are by Vasant Desai, and the camera work is in the hands of Avadhoot.

"KHILARI," AMUSING COMEDY

An amusing comedy in which a young man falls in love with a portrait and then develops a lasting crush on the original, Talwar Films' "Khilari", which stars Ashok Kumar and the glamorous Suraiya, is now running at the Excelsior, New West End, Kismet, and other theatres in the city and suburbs.

Finding that the girl's father is a martinet of the old school and a stickler for form, the lovers have to resort to subterfuge in order to meet. Ashok Kumar poses as the son of an old school chum of the father's, and all goes famously till the friend turns up in person. Some fast thinking and extra fast talking manages to save the day.

Ashok Kumar and Suraiya are delightful as the lovers, and Kumar gives a fine portrayal as the girl's father. "Khilari" is directed by R. C. Talwar, with music by Hansraj Bahel.

Desraj Bhakri Dead

Mr. Desraj Bhakri, brother of Mr. Lekhraj Bhakri of Kuldeep Pictures died last week of heart failure. Mr. Bhakri, who had just recovered from an illness, had gone for his usual stroll along Versova beach when he collapsed. The deceased leaves behind a large family to mourn his death.

Kishore Sahu, the producer of "HAMARA GHAR" which collected a lakh of rupees in two weeks.

'Hamara Ghar' Still Strong

Kishore Sahu's "Hamara Ghar" which is at present running at the Lamington, is one of those few films where no single role is completely dominant. Though Durga Khote plays the matriarch of the clan, her role is nevertheless kept completely within bounds so that it does not upset the balance of the other parts.

Other roles are filled in by Yashodara Katju, Agha, Veera, Anant Prabhu and Geeta Bose, each one contributing its meed to the artistic intergrity of the film. The film has been released through Kardar Films Ltd.

"Saliak" Holds Good Promise

From advance reports that have been trickling through from time to time it seems that 'Sabak", M. Sadiq's forthcoming social, will be one of the outstanding films of the season.

"Sabak" depicts the weaknesses and inhibitions of people, frailties that result in them treating their fellow-beings with prejudice and intolerance. Seeking to overcome these deep-seated prejudices, Azim Badizpuri has produced a well-knit plot which has been faithfully translated to the screen by M. Sadiq, the director who won accolades for his fine work in "Rattan" The stars of the picture are Manawar Sultana, Karan Diwan, Kumar and Om Prakash. The film is released by India Film Exchange.

CLERK TURNED REVOLUTIONARY

A clerk who turned revolutionary who was in the forefront of the revolt against British domination during the latter part of the last century, Vasudeo Balwant led a life that was inspiring for its courage and inspiring, too, for the single-mindedness with which he pursued his ideal of freedom. His biography now being shown in filmic form at the Kohinoor is proving so popular with everyone, that the film is being released at the Central for two weeks. Vishram Bedekar is responsible for bringing the subject to the screen.

Shanta Apte In "Male Attire"

In "Mai Abla Nahi Hoon", which is released today at the Majestic Theatre, Shanta Apta takes a leading role as a woman who, failing to get a job because of her sex, dons man's attire. Though she succeeds in the job, she soon finds that she has bitten off more than she can crew, for not only does a charming damsel fall in love with her, but she herself loses her heart over a dashing specimen of manhood.

All this of course provides the material for plenty of laughter and hilarity. The story and dialogues have been provided by Madgulkar, and the roles are capably filled by Shanta Apte, Raja Nene and Rohini. The lyrics are by Gopalsingh Nepali while the musical score has been composed by Shanta Apte herself.

"BHISHMA PRATIGYA" IN SEVENTH WEEK

Nargis Art's mythological picture "Bhishma Pratigya" continues at the Krishna and Surya talkies, where it is now running in its seventh week. It has been widely released at upcountry centres and is having quite a vogue there.

The film is based on the romance between King Shantanu and a lowly fisher girl, and has been freely adapted from the Mahabharata. The stellar roles have been played by Nargis and Shahu Modak. Whether it be the fault of the direction or due to the fact that the subject is not too congenial to the players, we find that the actors never seem to get their heart and soul into the parts assigned to them, and run through their scenes in a curiously stilted manner. A good portrayal is given by Kumar in a minor role.

"Akhri Paigam" With A Message

Preaching the message of non-violence, Filmland's "Akhri Paigam" stars Leela Chitnis, Shashikala and Muzzamil Khurshid, the latter doubling also as director and producer. The film is being released this week at the Capitol and National Cinemas.

Let The Dead Bury Their Dead!!
Said NETAJI SUBHASH CHANDRA BOSE And An Army Followed Him!
See Those Stirring Scenes IN
FILMISTAN'S
Epic of Freedom
SAMADHI
23rd COMBINED WEEK
ROXY
Daily: 3, 6-15, 9-30 Sunday Matinee: 12

Please Do Not Forget
It is TODAY that
PREET GEET
The Greatest Socio-Musical Melodrama
OPENS AT
SWASTIK
12-30, 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

JAI HIND 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
RIVOLI 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
It is the SHOW of SHOWS!
SULOCHANA CHATTERJEE, PREM ADIB, GULAB, BADRIPRASAD, CUCKOO, SHYAM SUNDER, DAR KASHMIRI, MUNSHI KHANJAR, Y. N. JOSHI & SHASHIKALA, URVASHI, DAR KASHMIRI
Direction: GIRISH TRIVEDI Music: SHYAMBABU PATHAK
Written and Produced by: HARI KRISHEN 'PREMI'
Photography: K. V. S. REDDY and V. N. REDDY
Edited by: BABU BHAI THAKKAR and ALI MOHAMED SHEIKH
Still Publicity: STUDIO CHITREKHA
Dance Direction: NARENDRA SHARMA, and Pt. GYAN SHANKER
Make Up.: T. G. MADHU and RAM MURTI
Production Manager: GULSHAN SINGH.
Publicity: PARDESHI.
A BHARTIYA CHITRA MANDIR Release!

On The Indian Screen

Dulari in Dilgit's "GORAKH DHANDHA".

"Pyar" In Final Stage

The finishing touches are now being applied to V. M. Vyas' "Pyar". Since he is wanting all the scenes to be as beautiful as possible, the director has taken the crew of "Pyar" to Mahabaleshwar to do outdoor shots of some locales of the beauty spot of the hills.

Director Vyas has gathered together a strong cast for the film led by Nargis, Raj Kapoor, Yakub and Shyama. Music is by Sachin Dev Varman.

Santoshi Back With "Apni Chayya"

Santoshi, maker of gay and light hearted musicals, who will be widely remembered for "Shehnai" and "Khidki" has now come out with "Apni Chayya". This picture which is running this week at the Novelty leads us through two generations and stars Sulochana Chatterji and Balwant Singh Santoshi has written both the dialogue and the songs which have been scored by Husanlal and Bhagatram.

"MAANG," MUSICAL SATIRE

"Maang" starring Ramola and Wasti, which is now showing at the Minerva, is a musical satire about the injustice of the artificial laws and conditions that govern a maiden's bethrothal.

Ramola is the indomitable champion of women's rights. In the end of course, she bumps into her beau ideal in the person of Wasti, and after some preliminary tiffs, finds that she is quite content with things as they are. Mubarak, who will be remembered for his portrayal of the sadistic "Boss" in "Samadhi", has a strong role in the present film, which was written and directed by Saghir Usmani, and has Gulam Mohamed in charge of the music. Release is through Calcutta Film Exchange.

Shashi Kala in "JAL TARANG"

CONCILIATOR TO SETTLE DISPUTES

Proposal Before U.N. Security Council

LAKE SUCCESS, May 19. (PTI-

THE United Nations Security Council is to meet on May 24 to discuss ways of setting political disputes behind the scenes beforee launching into fullscale public debates in open session.

The General Assembly asked the Council to study the possibility of appointing one of its members as a Conciliator to meet with parties involved in any dispute brought before the Council.

The Conciliator, under this plan might meet the disputants immediately after they had laid their cases beefore the eleven-nation body and attempt to reach a compromise in informal talks. This it is argued would avoid long, repetitious statements before the full Council and promote better preparation of cases to be presented to it.

The Council will try to establish this procedure to replace its practice of holding private conversations to avoid the crystallisation of views which tends to result from public statements.

A THOUSAND HOUSES COLLAPSE

BAGHDAD, May 19 (PTI-Reuter)—About a thousand houses and 16 factories in the Karradh District, seven miles south of Baghdead, collapsed yesterday under the battering of the flood threatening this historic city.

Baghdad, with a population of more than 800,000 has been surrounded by water from the swollen Tigris River since noon on Wednesday.

BOMBAY SAYS— 'IT'S A TOPPER'!
TALWAR FILMS
Musical Romance
KHILARI
Producer-Director: R. C. TALWAR
SURAIYA
ASHOK KUMAR
INDU, KUMAR,
CUCKOO, SUNDER
Music: HANSRAJ BEHL.
DRAWING PACKED HOUSES
NEW WEST END 3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sun. 12-30 Booking: 10 to 12 and 4 to 6
EXCELSIOR 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Booking: 9-30 to 1 and 2 to 7
KISMET Prabhadevi
KRISHNA Kalyan
UDAYA Ghatkopar
NEPTUNE Bandra
BHARAT FILM CO. Release.

POPULARITY...
THY NAME IS....
BARSAAT
33RD WEEK SMASHING ALL PREVIOUS RECORDS EVERYWHERE
IMPERIAL 3-15, 6-15, 9-30 Sun. 12 noon
Broadway 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Sun. 12-30
PALACE 3-15, 6-15 and 9-30 Sat., Sun. 11-45
Paradise 11-45, 3-15, 6-15, 9-30
AHMEDABAD—Lighthouse—2ND WEEK
BARODA—Sharda—7TH WEEK
SHOLAPUR—Bhagwat Chitra Mandir—8TH WEEK
SURAT—Prakash—4TH WEEK
POONA Hind Vijay
KOLHAPUR RAJARAM & CHITRA MANDIR
A JAYSINH Release

DIXON WILL BE IN DELHI ON MAY 28

Hopes To Meet Lie In London Or Paris

LAKE, SUCCESS, May 19, (PTI).

SIR Owen Dixon, United Nations Representative in Kashmir, said yesterday that he had decided to leave for the Indian subcontinent on Sunday, May 21 two days ahead of his previously announced schedule, cables D. P. Wagle PTI correspondent.

He said in an interview that he expected to reach New Delhi on or about May 28.

Sir Owen said: "I had expected to see the United Nations Secretary-General, Mr. Trygve Lie, here at lake Success before I left.

But Mr. Lie had changed his plans. I am therefore leaving here a little earlier and hope to see Mr. Lie either in London or Paris." either in London or Paris."

MUCH WORK

Asked whether he had fully familiarised himself with the background of the Kashmir dispute, the Australian jurist said: "I have done a great deal of work in going into the facts."

"I have found my time fully taken up during my stay at Lake Success."

Sir Owen said that he had practically completed the task of selecting his staff in Kashmir. The U. N. Representative said: "It is not a large staff."

Sir Owen declined to discuss the political aspects of his task and said that he would take up all questions regarding demilitarisation when he reached the Indian sub-continent.

"I regard myself as an intermediary between the two parties and I shal do all in my power to help them."

AFRICAN STRIKERS TEARGASSED

Stone-Throwing At Police

NAIROBI, May 19 (PTI-Reuter):—Police used teargas yesterday to disperse a crowd of Africans when a city-wide strike was touched off by the arrest of a Communist trade union leader.

Armoured cars and riot squads cruised through the streets while street cleaners, shop assistants, office boys, hotel staff, Government workers, domestic servants and taxi drivers stayed away from work.

Strikers threw stones as the armoured cars broke up illegal meetings and kept crowds within the African locations. Police have used batons to control crowds during the days of strike incidents.

Hotel guests had to make their own beds and carry their meals from the kitchens when staffs walked out. The strike was believed called by followers of Mr. Makan Singh, Indian Communist Secretary of the East African Trade Union Congress, who was arrested with the President on Monday and charged with being an officer of an unlawful organisation.

MALAYA TERRORISTS KILL SIX

SINGAPORE, May 19 (PTI): Terrorists killed six civilians yesterday in different areas of Malaya and unsuccessfully attempted to derail the night mail train from Kuala Lumpur to Singapore by cutting the line with explosives eight miles from Seremban.

BRITISHERS GIVEN 5 DAYS TO QUIT

BUDAPEST, May 19 (PTI-Reuter)—Three members of the British Legation staff in Budapest were last night given five days to leave the country by the Hungarian Government.

A short note from the Hungarian Foreign Ministry to the British Legation gave no reason for their expulsion.

BERLIN'S MAN-MADE MOUNTAIN

BERLIN, May 19, (UPI) Berlin is to have a man-made mountain.

It is a mountain of bomb rubble, to be covered with soil, sown with grass, planted with flowers and crowned with a beergarden.

The "Schoeneberg Alps" are already 30ft. higher than Berlin's hitherto highest point Kreuzberg 240 feet above sea-level.

Burmese Socialist Leader In London

LONDON, May 19 (PTI-Reuter)—U Ba Swe, Burmese Socialist Party leader and General Secretary of the Anti-Fascist Peoples Freedom League, arrived in London last night in response, it is believed, to an urgent summons from Burmese Prime Minister Thakin Nu, now on a visit to Britain.

Commons To Debate Asia

LONDON, May 19 (PTI-Reuter)—The House of Commons is to debate the situation in the Far East and South-East Asia next Wednesday.

Russia Too Can Make H-Bomb?

WASHINGTON, May 19 (PTI-Reuter): Russia knows how to make the hydrogen bomb, according to Democratic leader Senator Scott Lucas.

He said in the Senate yesterday "these are probably the most dangerous peacetime days America has ever experienced.

That statement is based on what is going on throughout the world. It is based on the fact that another country knows how to make the atom and hydrogen bomb."

He explained later in an interview that he meant by this reference that Russia had as much knowledge as the United States on how to make the hydrogen bomb.

NO SPECTACULAR RESULTS FROM LIAQUAT'S VISIT

LOS ANGLES, May 19, (PTI-Reuter): The visit of Pakistan Prime Minister Liaquat Ali Khan to the United States would not result in any written or verbal agreements of headlines importance, usually reliable Pakistani sources said here yesterday.

The personal appearance of the Prime Minister, however, has given United States political, financial and business leaders and a large cross section of American people a truer understanding of Pakistan's problems and the Dominion Government's basic policies, these sources believed.

They said that three things may emerge from the Prime Minister's visit. These are: firstly the signing of a treaty of commerce and friendship between Pakistan and the United States, secondly an agreement between the Republic and the Dominion on the question of double taxation, and thirdly, greater American political, financial and industrial intereset in Pakistan's problems.

CAPITAL INVESTMENTS

The Prime Minister, in his private interviews with leading representatives of American business and commercial corporation, was believed to have stressed that Pakistan would welcome American investments on the basis of Pakistan's declared industrial policy.

He was stated to have said that the Pakistan Government would welcome foreign capital subject to the participation of indigenous capital up to 51 per cent in certain industries and 30 per cent in others but only if indigenous capital was forthcoming within a reasonable time.

FURTHER CUT IN ELECTRICITY

Situation In Mysore Deteriorates

MADURA, May 19, (PTI): The present fifty per cent. cut in the industrial and domestic consumption of electricity in the areas served by the Papanasam, Mettur and Pykara hydro-electric grid will be increased to to sixty per cent from the May 22 it is learnt.

This additional ten per cent cut has been necessitated by the diwindling level of water in the reservoir at Papanasam, Mettur and Pykara. There is every possibility of the cut being increased to 75 per cent from May 25 if the situation does not improve by then it is stated.

Owing to the increasing shortage of power supply street lighting in all municipal and panchayat areas had been restricted to every alternate light and there is total blackout after eleven in the night. All cinema theatres in the grid area have been ordered to have only one show daily.

CHOLERA ABATING IN MADRAS STATE

MADRAS, May 19 (PTI): Cholera has been prevalent in an epidemic form in the Madras State since the middle of January this year, the areas chiefly affected being the deltaic districts of Guntur and Krishna, in the north, and Tiruchi, Janjore and South Arcot, in the south.

The disease is now showing signs of abatement, said an official spokesman of the public health department today.

The incidence of attack and death reached its peak in the state in the month of February, when there were 7260 seizures and 4183 deaths, as compared to January when out of 6354 cases, 3642 proved fatal.

The epidemic has shown signs of progressive abatement from March, the number of attacks and deaths being 3034 and 1660 respectively. April showed a further decline in the incidence of the disease, while in the first week of May, for which period alone figures are available, there were 365 cases whereof 166 succumbed.

A LAKH LEAVE WINNIPEG

River Rises To Record Level

WINNIPEG, May 19, (PTI-Reuter): Army engineers were today blowing up a railway embankment to relieve pressure on some of the dykes holding back the raging flood waters of the Red River and its tributaries.

Meanwhile the Royal Canadian Air Force had put all its planes on a twelve-hour stand by order in case it became necessary to evacuate this city of 300,000 people entirely.

Thousands more had to leave their homes yesterday as the Red River rose one-tenth of a foot to a record 30.3 feet above flood level.

More rain was forecast and experts said a rise of another two and a half feet would make the city uninhabitable by cutting off vital electricity and water services.

Flood fighting authorities estimate that 100,000 people have fled the city in the past fortnight.

U. S. NEEDS NO RUBBER IMPORTS NOW

New Synthetic Quality Developed

CHICAGO, May 19 (PTI-Reuter): The American tyre industry's dependence on natural rubber imports from the Far East may be ended by a modified synthetic rubber for tyre bodies developed at the University of Illinois, it was indicated here today.

Details of the new type synthetic rubber, or copolymer, were given by Prof. Carl Ship Marvel, head of the Department of Organic Chemistry of the University, in an address to the Chicago section of the American Chemical Society.

Dr. Marvel, a major contributor to synthetic rubber development during the last war, said copolymer showed great promise as a material for tyre carcasses.

Natural rubber is still used for tyre carcasses because all previously known types of synthetic rubber build up too much heat in service.

It is made of butadiene and styreme by a process employing sodium as a catalyst.

BRITAIN RETREATS, SAYS MOSCOW

Differences At Sydney

LONDON, May 18. (PTI-Reuter): Moscow Radio quoting a Tass (Soviet News Agency) message from Sydney said today that Britain had "retreated" in South-East Asia "under pressure from the stronger American rival".

The radio was commenting on "sharp differences" of opinion at the Sydney Commonwealth Conference on aid to South and South-East Asia.

The differences indicated the collapse of Britain's attempts to use the conference to strengthen her positions in South-East Asia", it was added.

Lie Had Been Advised Not To?

LONDON, May 19 (UPI): The peace mission to Moscow of the UN Chief, Trygve Lie, is reported to have been undertaken against the advice of Mr. Dean Acheson. Mr. Bevin is also understood to have opposed to the visit according to a report in London newspaper.

The State Department appears to have instructed Ambassador Lewis Douglas in London to attempt to dissuade Trvgve Lie from making the trip.

Lie Leaves Moscow For Paris

MOSCOW, May 19. (PTI-Reuter): United Nations Secretary-General Trygve Lie left here by air for Paris today after his seven-day "peace mission" during which he had a 90-minute interview with Marshal Stalin.

Mr. Lie whose Moscow mission was preceded by private talks with the British Prime Minister Clement Atlee, President Truman and President Auriol of France, also met Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Vyshinsky, Deputy Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko and other top Soviet diplomats.

VYSHINSKY MEETS TRYGVE LIE

MOSCOW, May 19, (PTI-Reuter): Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Vyshinsky yesterday received Mr. Trygve Lie, the United Nations Secretary General.

Mr. Lie, who is to leave Moscow by air today for Prague on his way to Paris London and Lake Success, spent this morning working and confering with his staffil

PERSIA CONCILIATES RUSSIA

Air Photography Near Border Abandoned

TEHERAN, May 19 (PTI-Reuter)—The Teheran Government told Russia last night that it had ordered air photography near the Soviet-Persian border to be abandoned "to remove Soviet uneasiness".

A Persian Government note handed to the Russian Embassy here assured the Russians that no air photographs had yet been taken.

Russia had protested in a note last Tuesday against the alleged activities of American technicians in Persia, and particularly their aerial and land photography in Northern Persia.

In future only land surveys would be made, the Persian note said. The Persian Government wished to strengthen already friendly relations with Russia, it added.

MOVEMENT TO REPLACE HO CHI MINH

New Headquarters Near China Frontier

PARIS, May 19 (PTI-Reuter)—Ho Chi Minh, Head of the Viet-Minh Communist forces in Indo-China has set up his headquarters near the Chinese frontier so as to make regular contact with the Chinese Communists, Agence France Presse reported from Saigon.

The Agency said Ho's new headquarters were in the Caobang area, 110 miles north of Hanoi and about 20 miles from the Chinese frontier.

A movement to replace Ho Chi Minh as head of the Viet Minh Government by Dang Xuan Khu was reported from Viet Minh-held territory, the agency added.

According to these reports the movement was planning to make Hc the head of the State and in charge of liaison between Communist movements in South-East Asia, leaving internal affairs to Dang Xuan Khu.

MAO'S MESSAGE

HONG KONG: Mao Tse-tung, Chairman of the Chinese Government, in a message To Ho Chi Minh, head of the Viet Minh Communist forces in Indo-China, on his sixtieth birthday, wished him "victory over the foreign aggressors and their running dogs" according to Peking Radio last night.

"May the people of China and Viet Nam (Indo-China) unite for ever in a common effort for the cause of peace in Asia" Mao Tse-tung added.

Ahmedabad Congress Panchayat Election

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD May 17.

Election to Congress panchayats, under the new constitution, was held throughout Gujarat yesterday. One hundred and eighty-four out of 275 candidates in city and 146 candidates in Ahmedabad district were declared elected uncontested.

Keen competition is expected in Sanada (Kutch) where 75 candidates are contesting 34 seats.

SOLVING PROBLEM OF SQUATTERS

Nehru Meets Delhi Municipal Officials

NEW DELHI, May 19 (PTI): The Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru today called a meeting of officials and the President of the Delhi Municipal Committee and the Chairman of the Delhi Improvement Trust to discuss the problem of squatters in Delhi.

The meeting decided that sites should be selected in the suburbs of Delhi, such as Shahdra and Ghaziabad, where plots could be leased to displaced persons or housing societies who had the means to construct houses themselves.

Opinion was expressed that no fresh encroachments by displaced persons should be allowed and the squatters should be moved sectorwise to alternative sites.

The Prime Minister is reported to have expressed a desire that the question of making available small plots of land in the existing rehabilitation schemes in Delhi where squatters could construct mud-huts or other roofed structures should be examined.

The Delhi Administration has been charged with the responsibility of giving effect to the decisions and the Prime Minister has asked that a full report should be made to him before he left for Indonesia.

FERTILITY RESTORED

STOCKHOLM, May 19, (UPI): An operation performed here to restore fertility to a sterile women is claimed to be first successful one of its kind in medical history.

The woman became sterile after blood poisoning several years ago Professor Axel Westman transplanted membrane from the womb of a healthy woman

Now this patient has given birth to a healthy daughter in a Caesarean operation.

Australia To Withdraw Men From Japan

MELBOURNE, May 19 (PTI-Reuter): The Australian Cabinet is expected to announce today a decision to bring all Australian troops back from Japan as soon as possible, according to the Canberra correspondent of the "Melbourne Argus."

The correspondent said it was believed that service objections to the withdrawal had been overridden.

He added that the Government believed the Australian Occupation Forces had served their purpose in Japan—the demilitarisation of Southern Honshu and other areas placed under Commonwealth control.

Japanese Peace Treaty Soon

DULLES PUT ON THE TASK

WASHINGTON, May 19 (PTI-Reuter): President Truman yesterday told his press conference he hoped the negotiation of a Japanese Peace Treaty would not be too far off.

The State Department announced yesterday that Mr. John Foster Gulles, its Republican Policy Adviser, would take over from Mr. W. Walter Butterworth the task of preparing for the treaty.

The Presdident defended the approaching American Government deficit for the year ending on June 30, by saying that the United States was trying to prevent another war.

Secretary of the Treasury, John Snyder, estimated this week that the deficit on June 30 would amount to about 5,000 million dollars.

He did not elaborate the reference to war, but was understood to be referring to American expenditure in 1949-50 for foreign economic aid and the military aid programme for North Atlantic Pact members and other non-Communist nations.

He welcomed the Schuman Plan for pooling French and German heavy industry as "an act of constructive statesmanship."

MANUSCRIPTS ON BARK PARCHMENT

JODHPUR, May 19 (P T I)—A well preserved collection of Pali and Sanskrit manuscripts on bark parchment has been unearthed from the cellar of an ancient Jain temple in Jaiselmer fort here by Mr. Punye Vijaya, a paleographer.

He believes the manuscripts to have been hidden away in the desert fort temple by the Rajput warrior Vir Durgadass Rathore of Jodhpur, at about the time of the Moghul invasion of India in the sixteenth century.

Mr. Vijaya will attempt to classify the manscripts systematically and meet the Rajastan Government Authorities for research facilities.

Large-Scale Gold Smuggling On Karwar-Goa Border

(From Our Correspondent)
KARWAR, May 17.

Large-scale gold smuggling activities on the Karwar-Goa border through the Majali Customs Station, and by sea during fair weather, are causing a headache to the Central Excise (Customs) authorities.

The land frontier between Goa and Karwar being accessible by a maze of secret footpaths and by-paths cutting across the forests between the two countries, it is found difficult to completely check smuggling by the existing staff.

Through the Karwar-Goa frontier gold worth about three lakhs of rupees has been seized by the Customs authorities so far, since December, 1948, according to Mr. G. Pal, Central Excise Inspector. Similarly, gold-smuggling from Goa into the Indian Union is also carried on extensively through the Castlerock Frontier, and reports received here indicate that in the course of the last sixteen months gold worth about thee to four lakhs of rupees has been attempted to be smuggled into India. The gold-smuggling rackets at both ends, it is learnt, are controlled and worked out by goldsmiths.

EXPORT OF COTTON GOODS TO PAKISTAN

Provisional Licences To Be Issued

NEW DELHI, May 18 (PTI): The Government of India have decided to issue provisional licences for export of cotton piecegoods to Pakistan to those producing the following evidences:

Firm order from a Pakistan importer, provisional contract with mills in India for the purchase of cloth and a letter from a scheduled bank in Pakistan indicating that a letter of credit will be opened as soon as the Indian exporter has furnished the licence number.

To ensure an equitable distribution of the quotas among the large number of applicants for licences, it has also been decided that confirmed licences will be issued subject to the minimum of ten bales and maximum of 500 bales.

INDIA'S PENSION SCHEME FOR EUROPEANS IS FAIR

GORDON-WALKER'S DEFENCE IN COMMONS

LONDON, May 19, (PTI-Reuter).

BRITAIN'S Commonwealth Secretary Patrick Gordon-Walker yesterday rejected a suggestion in the House of Commons that certain former British members of the non-Secretary of State Service in India should be compensated for the loss of their careers.

Mr. Norman Bower, Conservative had asked if the Minister knew of the "hardship caused to British subjects who were members of the non-Secretary of State Services in India and resigned their appointments on the transfer of power owing to the change in their conditions of service by reason of the fact that they have been granted no compensation for the loss of their careers."

He suggested they should be placed on the same basis as former members of the Secretary of State Services as regards payment of compensation.

OF THEIR OWN ACCORD

Mr. Gordon-Walker said the officers concerned were appointed by the Central or Provincial Governments of India and the conditions of services were regulated by those Governments. Many of them had remained at their posts and those who resigned did so of thier own accord .They were not dismissed.

The Minister said the continuation of their existing conditions of service was guaranteed before the independence of India and Pakistan by the party leaders, and this guarantee was announced to the House by the Prime Minister on July 10, 1947 during the second reading of the Indian Independence Bill.

In November 1948, the Government of India and Pakistan introduced proportionate pension scheme for Europeans of non-Asian domicile who might thereafter wish to retire prematurely on the understanding that compensation would not be payable in addition.

This condition, Mr. Gordon-Walker said, was fair and reasonable since the employing Governments did not wish to dispense with the services of these officers but were nevertheless giving them the option of retirement. It was accepted by the British Government.

Some officers had already resigned and so forfeited their claim to pension or gratuity from the employing Government he said.

PLAN TO DEVELOP RAJASTHAN

Five-Fold Scheme

JAIPUR, May 19 (P T I): The Rajasthan Government today announced the details of a one-year plan for the development of Rajasthan.

The plan lays down a five-fold scheme comprising the development of means of communication educational facilities, execution of new water works, construction of veterinary hospitals and new aerodromes.

Under the plan about Rs. 24 lakhs will be spent on the construction and repairs of roads, culverts and bridges in various places in Rajasthan; about Rs. 3 lakhs for the establishment of 500 primary schools, 50 middle schools, 20 high schools and 50 hostels in five divisions of the Union; about Rs. 20 lakhs for carrying out water supply schemes in the Jaipur, Jodhpur, Udaipur and Bikaner divisions; Rs. 5 lakhs for opening 84 new veterinary hospitals and Rs. one lakh thirtysix thousand for building new aerodromes at important towns of the State.

ABDULLAH VISITS SINKIANG REFUGEES

SRINAGAR, May 19 (PTI)—Sheikh Abdullah, Kashmir Chief Minister yesterday visited the Yarkandi Serai near the Fifth Bridge in Srinagar and met the Sinkiang refugees living there. He looked into the arrangements made for their convenience and donted Rs. 5,000 for their welfare.

Spokesmen of the refugees acknowledged the help and hospitality they had received from India and Kashmir and expressed their gratitude.

GUJERATI PHONOCOM SERVICE

Read Out Your Telegrams On The Phone

SURAT, May 18, (PTD: The Gujerati Phonocom Service (phoned telegrams which was inaugurated on May 1, 1950 between Bombay and Ahmedabad, can also be availed of by ringing up Phonogrms at both the places, i.e. Bombay and Ahmedabad.

This facility will help overcome the difficulty of the public who may be far away from the few posts and telegraph offices in Bombay and the Central Telegraph Office at Ahmedabad, where alone such Gujerati telegrams are accepted.

Hyderabad Socialist Party Conference

SECUNDERABAD, May 19, (UPI): The third annual conference of the Hyderabad Socialist Party will be held at Peddapalli, Karimnagar District, from May 29 to 31.

The Working Committee of the Provincial Socialist Party will meet on May 25 and 26 to consider draft resolutions for the conference.

CHEAPER WHEAT FOR INDIA

Australia To Consider

CANBERRA, May 19 (PTI-Reuter): The Australian Government would consider a statement by Mr. Ramaswami Mudaliar, Leader of the Indian Delegation to the Sydney Conference on aid to South and South-East Asia, that India wanted to buy Australian wheat at a cheaper price, a Government spokesman said here today

The Australian Wheat Board was selling wheat abroad under terms of the International Wheat Agreement, and it was the Government's policy to allow the Board to operate within those terms, the spokesman added.

The Indian Delegate said in a press conference in Sydney yesterday that devaluation of the pound sterling had helped India's balance of payments position but "it does not help us in getting wheat from your country at reasonable prices."

Mr. Mudaliar added that he might take this matter up with officials when he visited Canberra during the week-end.

RISE IN RAGI ACREAGE

Yield Declines

NEW DELHI, May 18 (PTI)—Acreage under ragi crop this year has recorded a 5.5 per cent rise over the previous year while the yield has declined by 0.5 per cent, according to the final all-India official estimates available here.

The estimates put the area and outturn for 1949-50 at 5,416 thousand acres and 1,438 thousand tons as against 5,133 thousand acres and 1,445 thousand tons in the last year.

The increase in acreage has mainly occurred in Bombay, Bihar and Orissa and has been attributed partly to favourable weather conditions at the sowing time and partly to the efforts for increasing food production. In spite of the fact that there has been an overall increase in acreage the production has slightly gone down in 1949-50. This decline in outturn has mainly been shared by Bombay due to the damage caused by heavy rains in some parts of that State and by Madras due to the adverse effect of cyclones and failure of north-east monsoons.

The estimate generally relates to the period up to the end of February 1950 and till then the condition of the crop was reported to be satisfactory on the whole.

This estimate includes for the first time figures for merged territories of Orissa State which were previously non-reporting.

NEW U. K. TRADE COMMISSIONER

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. D.A. Bryan, OBE, arrived this week to take over the duties of United Kingdom Trade Commissioner in Bombay from Mr. F. E. Arnold, OBE.

Mr. Bryan has served as Trade Commissioner at Calcutta from November 1947 to September 1948 and at Madras from September 1948 until his transfer to Bombay. Before his appointment as a Trade Commissioner, Mr. Bryan served in the Punjab from 1933 to 1947 as a member of the Indian Civil Service.

Mr. Arnold has been appointed Senior United Kingdom Trade Commissioner in Pakistan and leaves Bombay for Karachi on May 23rd

Madras Offer To Film Exhibitors

MADRAS, May 18, (PTI): The Madras Government is considering a proposal to offer a prize, preferably a shield, to the management of the cinema theatre which pays the highest amount to Government by way of Entertainment Tax in a year.

Jute Talks In Dacca

DACCA, May 19 (PTI-Reuter)—High level discussions about the next year's jute crop and the future of the Jute Board will be held here next week when the Pakistan Finance Minister Mr. Ghulam Mohammad and Commerce Minister Mr. Fazlur Rahman are expected to arrive in Dacca.

Mr. Fazlur Rahman who is arriving on May 25 will also visit the office of the Deputy Controller, Exports and Imports at Chittagong during his five-day stay in the province.

DETENTION ACT VALID

But Section Fourteen Is Declared Illegal

SUPREME COURT'S VERDICT

NEW DELHI, May 19. (PTI).

THE SUPREME COURT today dismissed by a majority of four to two the habeas corpus petition filed on behalf of Mr. A. K. Gopalan, Madras Communist detenu, against the state of Madras.

Each of the six judges delivered a separate judgment.

The Chief Justice, Mr. H. J. Kania, Mr. Justice Patanjali Sastri, Mr. Justice B. K. Mukherjee and Mr. S. R. Das, dismissing the petition held that Section 14 alone of the Preventive Detention Act was invalid.

Mr. Syed Fazil Ali and Mr. Justice Mehrchand Mahajan gave the verdict that in addition to Section 14, Section 12 of the Preventive Detention Act was "Ultra Vires" of the constitution and ordered the release of Mr. Gopalan.

The Court also dismissed two other habeas corpus petitions, the first by Mr. Ashutosh Lahiri, Hindu Mahasabha Working Committee Member, and the second by Mr. Tej Narain Jha, a Bihar detenu. These two petitioners, besides challenging the validity of the Detention Act had also questioned the detention on grounds of mala fide.

Section 14 of the Preventive Detention Act which was declared void by all the judges prohibits a detenu from disclosing to the Court the grounds of his detention and makes it an offence punishable with imprisonment of one year or fine or both.

Section 12 of the Act, which he minority judgment declared 'ultra vires', prescribes the classes of cases and the circumstances in which a detenu can be detained for a period longer than three months without obtaining the advice of an Advisory Board.

LENGTHY JUDGMENTS

The Court room was crowded to capacity when the judgments were delivered. All the judges gave only the "broad scheme" of their judgments and did not actually read the judgments running collectively into hundreds of pages. They took nearly one hundred minutes to deliver them.

The Chief Justice, Sir Harilal Kania, in his judgment dealt at the outset with the broad scheme of the Constitution, the fundamental rights chapter and its provisions. Dealing with the contention of the counsel for A. K. Gopalan that the Court could go into the reasonableness or otherwise of the Preventive Detention Act on the ground that it took away the right of free movement and thus came under the scope of Article 19 (1), Mr. Kania said that Article 19 has to be read "without pre-conceived notion".

The concept of right to move freely through the territory of India, provided for under Article 19, was entirely different from personal liberty. "The true construction of Article 19, it seems to me, is that both preventive and punitive detention are outside the scope of Article 19." Article 19, he said, did not purport to cover all aspects of liberty. If article 19 was to be construed that it was the only article safeguarding personal liberty, other well established rights like right to eat, drink etc. "will not be deemed protected under the Constitution".

PROCEDURE ESTABLISHED BY LAW

Referring to Article 21 which provides for deprivation of life or liberty only "according to procedure established by law", the Chief Justice held that the phrase could only mean a procedure established by State-made law. "The only right given by Article 21," the Chief Justice said, "is that no person shall be deprived of his life or liberty except according to procedure established by law. One may like that right to cover a larger area, but to give such a right is not the function of the Court: it is the function of the Constitution".

After dealing with the omission of the word "due" and the use of the words "established" and "procedure", the Chief Justice said: "By adopting the phrase" procedure established by law, "the Constitution gave the Legislature the final word to determine law".

Referring to the contention of the Attorney-General that Preventve Detention was not governed by Article 21, the Chief Justice said: "I am unable to accept that contention. The proper mode of construction will be that to the exetnt the procedure is prescribed by Article 22, the same is to be observed: otherwise Article 21 will apply".

Continuing, he said: "If The Legislature prescribes a procedure by a validly enacted law and such procedure in the case of Preventive Detention does not come in conbict with the express provisions of Part Three or Article 22 (4) to (7), the Preventive Detention Act must be held valid notwithstanding that the Court may not fully approve of the' procedure prescribed under such Act".

INTERPRETING CONSTITUTION

The Chief Justice then dealt with the powers of the Court in interpreting a Constitution, and said: "It is only in express constitutional provisions limiting legislative power and conhrelling the temporary will of a majority by a permanent and paramount law settled by the deliberate wisdom of the nation that one can find a safe and solid ground for the authority of courts of justice to declare void any legislative enactment. Any assumption of authority beyond this would be to place in the hands of the judiciary powers too great and too indefinite either for its own security or the protection of private rights."

Mr. Kania then dealt with the various sections of the Act which were challenged. Referring to the contention that under Section Three, no objective standards of conduct had been provided for, Mr. Kania said that the very purpose of Preventive Detention was "to prevent the individual not merely from acting in a particular way but, from achieving a particular object. For Preventive Detention, action must be taken on good suspicion. It is a subjective test based on the cumulative effect of different actions, perhaps spread over a considerable period". He held, therefore, that Section Three was valid.

Referring to Section 12 of the Act, the Chief Justice said for purposes of Article 22 (7) it would be enough if either "classes of cases or circumstances" in which a person can be detained for a period longer than three months without the advice of the Advisory Board was specified.

DRASTIC PROVISION

Dealing with Section 14 of the Act, which he held 'ultra vires' of Parliament's powers, the Chief Justice said it prevented the detenus from disclosing the grounds of detention of the Court and prevented the latter from calling upon auy officer to disclose those grounds. The Courts were thus prevented from even ascertaining whether the alleged grounds of detention had anything to do with the circumstances or class or classes of cases mentioned in Section 12.

"Section 14 appears to be a drastic provision in the Detention Act." If the detained person was prevented from putting the grounds before the Court, the latter would be prevented from considering whether the requirements of Article 22 (5) had been complied with.

"It seems to me therefore that the provisions of Section 14 abridge the right given under Article 22 (5), and is therefore ultra vires". The Chief Justice, however, held that Section 14 was severable from the rest of the Act which could therefore remain unaffected.

LAW AND NATURAL JUSTICE

Difference In Meaning

Justices Patanjali Sastri, Mukherjea and Das in separate judgments agreed with the view of the Chief Justice that excepting Section 14, the Preventive Detention Act was valid.

Mr. Justice Mukherjea said that the argument that 'law' in Article 21 meant principles of natural justice though attractive at first sight was not sound, The word 'law' had been used in the sense of State-made law and not in the general sense.

Referring to Section 12 of the Act which had been challenged, Mr. Mukherjea said that though he did not think that the Section had been framed "with regard to the object which the Constitution had in view," he was unable to say that the Section was 'ultra vires' of the Constitution. The Constitution having given "unfettered powers" to Parliament to make classifications, it was open to Parliament to adopt any method or principle it liked.

CLUMSILY DRAFTED

Holding Section 12 to be valid, he said: "I must say that Section 12 has been drafted in rather clumsy manner and certainly, it could have been framed in better and more proper way."

He also held that Section 14 took away the right to move the Court under Article 32 rendering the entire proceedings (in the Court) ineffective and entirely illusory", and was hence void.

SUPREME COURT'S SUPREMACY

Recognition By The Constitution

Mr. Justice Das in his judgment pointed out that the Indian Constitution unlike the English Constitution, recognised the Supreme Court's supremacy over the Legislature in limited spheres, but did not recognise the absolute supremacy of the Court over the Legislature as in the United Sates.

They could not overlook the basic fact that "it is not for the Court to question the wisdom and policy of the Constitution which the people have given upto themselves." He held that Preventive Detention did not come under Article 19 and that Article 21 only defined the substantive fundamental right to which protection had been given, and it did not purport to prescribe any procedure at all.

The Constitution having accepted the supremacy of the Legislature with certain limitations, which had been made justiciable, they had to accept the vagaries of that legislative authority.

"Our protection against legislative tyranny, if any, lies in the ultimate analysis in a free and intelligent public opinion which must eventually assert itself."

BOTH SECTIONS 12 & 14 INVALID

Dissenting Judges' View

Justices Fazl Ali and Mahajan who delivered the dissenting judgments held that both Sections 12 and 14 of the Preventive Detention Act were invalid.

Mr. Justice Mahajan in his judgment dealt with facts of the case and said, "The matter is one of great importance both because the legislative power expressly conferred by the Seventh Schedule has been impugned and because the liberty of the citizens is seriously affected."

"Preventive Detention laws are repugnant to democratic constitutions and they cannot be found to exist in any of the democratic countries of the world", he said.

Citing Article 22 of the Constitution, he said: "It seems that the subject of Preventive Detention became the particular concern of the Constitution because of its intimate connection with the deprivation of personal liberty to protect which certain provisions were introduced in the chapter on Fundamental Rights and because of the conditions prevailing in the newly born Republic.

"Preventive Detention means a complete negation of freedom of movement and of personal liberty and is incompatible with both those subjects and yet it is placed in the same compartment with them in Part Three of the Constitution. Though the Constitution has recognised the necessity of laws as to Preventive Detention, it has also provided certain safeguards to mitigate their harshness by placing fetters on legislative power conferred on this subject."

"Apart from these enabling and disabling provisions certain procedureal rights have been expressly safeguarded by Clause (5) of Article 22.

GUARANTEE UNDER CONSTITUTION

Solemn Declaration Pointed Out

Mr. Justice Mahajan said that by this clause the right has been conferred to enable a detained person to establish his innocence and to secure justice, and no justice could be said to have been secured unless the representation was considered by some impartial person.

He said: "The intepretation that I am inclined to place on Clause 5 of Article 22 is justified by the solemn words of the Declaration contained in the preamble to the Constitution. It is this declaration that makes our Constitution sublime and it is the guarantee mentioned in the Chapter on Fundamental Rights that makes it one of the greatest Charters of liberty and of which the people of this country may well be proud. This Charter has not been forced out of unwilling hands of a sovereign like the Magna Carta but it has been given to themselves by the people of the country through their Constituent Assembly. Any interpretation of the provisions of Part Three of the Constitution without reference to the solemn declaration is apt to lead one into error".

RIGHTS CURTAILED

Continuing, he said the Constitution had further curtailed the rights given in Clause (5) by providing in Clause (6) a privilege on the detaining authority of witholding facts which the said authority considered not in public interests to disclose. "This privilege has been conferred for the security of the State and possibly for the security of the Constitution itself, but in view of these stringent provisions no additional clogs can be put on the proper consideration of representation of the detained person by presuming that the detaining authority itself will properly consider the representation".

Referring to Article 22, Mr. Justice Mahajan said: "I am satisfied on a review of the whole scheme of the Constitution that the intention was to make Article 22 self-contained in respect of the laws on the subject of preventive detention".

He added: "It was next contended that a Law of Preventive Detention encroaches on the right of freedom of movement within the territory of India guaranteed to a citizen under Article 19 (1) (D) and that being so, by reason of the provisions of sub-clause 5 of Article 19, it was justiciable on the ground of reasonableness. It is true, as already pointed out, that a Law of Preventive Detention is wholly incompatible with the right of freedom of movement of a citizen. Preventive Detention, in substance, is a negation of the freedom of locomotion guaranteed under Article 19 (1) (D) but it cannot be said that it merely restricts it. Be that as it may, the question for consideration is whether it was intended that Article 19 would govern a law made under the provision of Article 22".

STIPULATED PERIOD

He then referred to the provision of Article 22 that no detention could last longer than three months without the necessity of such detention being examined by an Advisory Board He also referred to sub-clause (B) of Clause (7) of Article 22 enabling Parliament to fix the maximum period of detention, and asked: "Can it be said that in view of this express provision of the Constitution such a law was intended to be justiciable by reason of Article 19 (5)"?

Mr. Justice Mahajan then considered the classification of cases under Section 12 of the Act and said: "The question is whether it can be said that a mere selection of all or any of the categories of the subjects for reasons connected with which a Law of Preventive Detention could be made under the 7th Schedule amounts to a classification of cases as contemplated in Clause 7 of Article 22. Entry 9 of the Union List and Entry 3 of the Concurrent List of the Seventh Schedule lay down the ambit of legislative power of Parliament on the subject of Preventive Detention on six subjects".

"Section 12 had dispensed with the Advisory Board in five out of the six subjects and the compulsory procedure of an Advisory Board laid down in Clause 4 of Article 22 had been releiated to one out of these six subjects. This had been achieved by giving a construction to the phrase "Circumstances under which and the classes of cases in which" so as to make it co-extensive and co-terminous with the "subjects of legislation".

A CONTRAVENTION

"In my opinion this construction of Clause 7 is in contravention of the clear provisions of Article 22, and makes clause 4 of Article 22 to all intents and purposes negatory. Such a construction of the clause would amount to the Constitution saying in one breath that a Law of Preventive detention cannot provide for detention for a longer period than three months without reference to an Advisory Board and at the same breath and moment saying that the Parliament, if it so chooses can do in respect of all or any of the subjects mentioned in the legislative field".

Mr. Justice Mahajan went on to say: "It can hardly be said that all cases of preventive detention for reasons connected with the maintenance of public order stand on the same footing in the degree of gravity and deserve the same duration of detention and all cases connected with the maintenance of supplies and services essential to the life of the community stand in the matter of their gravity on such a footing as to require a lenient treatment. It is true that in a sense, all persons who act prejudicially to the defence of India may be comprehensively said to form one group and similarly persons who act prejudicially to the maintenance of supplies and services essential to the life of the community may form another class but the question is, whether it was in this comprehensive sense that classification was intended by the Constitution in Clause 7 or was it intended in a narrower and restricted sense? It has to be remembered that the law under Clause 7 was intended to provide detention for a longer period and such a law very seriously abridges personal liberty and in this situation, giving a narrower and restricted meaning to his expression, will be in accordance with well-established canons of construction of statutes".

AN IRON CURTAIN

Concluding his remarks on Section 12 of the Detention Act, Mr. Justice Mahajan said that the Section "treats the lamb and the leopard in the same class because they happen to be quadrupeds". Such a classification could not have been in the thoughts of the Constitution makers when Clause 7 was introduced in Article 22. He said the Section "is void and by reason of it the detention of the petitioner cannot be justified. There is no other provision in this law under which he can be detained for any period whatsoever".

Referring to Section 14 of the Detention Act Mr. Justice Mahajan said: "This Section is in the nature of an iron curtain around the acts of the authority making the order of preventive detention".

In conclusion, he said: "Section 12 and 14 of the Detention Act are void and the decision of the detenu's case has to be made by keeping out of sight these two provisions in the Act. If Sections 12 and 14 are deleted from the impugned legislation, then the result is that the detention of the petitioner is not legal. The statute has not provided for detention for a period of three months or less in such cases as it could have done under Article 22 (4) of the Constitution and that being so, the petitioner cannot be justifiably detained even for a period of three months. I would, accordingly, order his release".

A COTTAGE INDUSTRY THAT IS LANGUISHING

Wanted A New Deal For Khadi

(By Acharya Kripalani)

THE AVOWED policy of the present Government, in the Centre as in the provinces, is to help cottage and village industries. It is the Congress policy reiterated in many of its resolutions. It preceded the leadership of the organisation by Gandhiji. Even as the Government have been unable to implement it they have been loud in their advocacy of it. Some governments have created a sort of special machinery for the encouragement of village and cottage industry Why then has there been a failure in this direction?

Gandhi's Way

We can best understand this if we study what Gandhiji did for cottage industry and how he did it. In 1919 he thought of reviving the old cloth industry. Cloth was then the one commodity that drained most of our national wealth to England. It did so to the tune of 60 crores of rupees per annum, which in those days was an unusually large amount. (Nowadays we have grown used to purchasing food from abroad worth 100 crores annually!) Gandhiji thought that if we could produce here the necessary cloth and that too through the charkha and the handloom, we would not only save national wealth but provide work for millions of unemployed and semi-employed workers in the vilages. There were other advantages, connected with the revival of this industry, into the details of which we need not enter here.

What did Gandhiji do? Like a good businessman, he thought both of production and consumption simultaneously. Before him, during the Partition agitation in the first decade of the century, there was a movement of boycott of British cloth. But the unpractical nationalists of those days, while exhorting people to use Swadeshi cloth, forgot in their enthusiasm to think of production. For this they relied on the mills of Bombay and Ahmedabad. The result was disastrous. The unpatriotic and short-sighted millowners raised the price of cloth and made huge profits, and when they could not meet the demand, passed off foreign cloth as Indian mill-made cloth.

A Protected Market

As Gandhiji did not believe that Capital will play the game and as he also did not believe in the use of machinery, where unemployed starving human labour could be profitably engaged, he advised the nation to produce cloth through the spinning wheel and the handloom. But how were the people to ply the charkha that had gone out of use and fashion?

Knowing the psychology of the common man, that he does what his superiors do, he induced Congressmen, belonging at that time mostly to the upper and middle classes, to ply the charkha. He also linked the charkha and the production of cloth with the revolutionary movement for independence. He induced the biggest and the busiest leaders to give some of their time to the spinning wheel.

He then tackled the question of marketing. He knew that handspun and hand-woven cloth had not the ghost of a chance to stand in competition with the mill-cloth, much less with foreign imported cloth. If he was to popularise Khadi, he must get it the necessary protection. He devised the best method by which a new industry can be protected. He gave it an exclusive and protected market. He induced the Congress to pass a resolution by which all the primary members, if they wanted to qualify themselves for membership, must wear khadi; nay, at first he made the plying of charkha and producing a fixed quantity of yarn a condition precedent of membership. By these measures he avoided competition with Indian mill or foreign cloth. However cheap the latter may be, if a Congressman was to function in his organisation and if he was to participate in the struggle for Swaraj, dear to his heart, he must patronise khadi, irrespective of its price.

Gandhiji also induced some of our best intellectuals to organise the production and sale of khadi—Sri Shankerlal Banker, Sri Rajagopalacharya, Dr. P C. Ghosh, Sri Satish Dasgupta, Dr. Bhargava, Dr. Pattabhi and others. At the same time he created a general atmosphere of Swadeshi. This was not enough. Gandhiji made khadi fashionable. Leaders of fashion like Motilal, C. R. Das and others discarded their foreign dress and wore clothes made from coarse khadi. In the beginning it was as thick as canvas without its smoothness. 'Not only did he make khadi fashionable, he made it respectable. It was, even as its white colour, the symbol of plain living, patriotism and sacrifice for the nation. It was also in the direction of an effort to identify the classes with the masses.

Blackmarket In Khadi

With all this the millowners and merchants tried their best to defeat Gandhiji's plans. They produced a black-market in khadi. Thick mill-cloth was passed off as khadi. They called it mill-khadi! What steps did Gandhiji take to check this black-marketing and sabotaging of his plans? He was not in charge of the Government. He had no coercive power to check such anti-social and unpatriotic activities. But what moral power he had with the Congress and the public, he utilized to save khadi. He again induced the Congress to pass a resolution re-defining 'khadi'. Khadi henceforth meant, khadi either directly produced by the Spinners' Association or certified by it and such khadi alone could entitle the wearer to be a member of the Congress. This resolution is yet on the statute book of the Congress.

Gandhiji tried to protect khadi by other means also. In 1930 he proposed to the millowners that they give up spinning and weaving below 15 counts, in favour of khadi, and confine themselves to production above 15 counts. He wanted them to do this in consideration of the heavy protection they received through the Swadeshi movement advocated by the Congress by which people who did not use khadi patronised Indian mill-cloth in preference to foreign cloth. After he was arrested Motilalji tried to induce the mill agents to accept the plan 'But the patriotic proposal of the two leaders were rejected by the selfishness of the mill industry, that was always getting heavy protection at the expense of the nation.'

New Wage Scale

Soon it was found that as spinning was paid competitive rates of wages, the poor, helpless spinner was exploited. When Gandhiji realised this he made the unwilling and unconvinced workers in the Spinners' Association fix the minimum wage for the spinner. The wage fixed was four times that paid through competition. Yet such was Gandhiji's moral stature and influence that instead of the production and sale of khadi diminishing, it actually increased, converting the doubters to the new scale of wages. It is thus that the new industry of khadi was introduced, fostered and popularised by Gandhiji, who not only had no state power to back his efforts but was opposed by a powerful imperialist government. This government whenever direct action was started, did not hesitate to put in prison khadi workers, lock up and loot khadi shops and burn charkhas.

Foreign Competition

If then our governments mean business and really desire to foster and protect home and village industry they will have to follow in the footsteps of Gandhiji and adopt some of his methods. The first thing then is to protect cottage and village industry from the competition of both native and foreign large-scale industry. What can be the best form of protection? Is it giving subsidies and imposing import duties on similar articles from abroad? I believe the best form of protecting an infant industry is to give it an exclusive market. The Government have done this in the case of sugar. For this industry they have provided, now for years, an exclusive India-wide market by prohibiting the import of all sugar from abroad. If this exclusive market had not been provided even cent per cent import duties would not have saved it. Foreign sugar would sell in the Indian market at a cheaper rate. Even when the sugar interests played false with the Government and the nation, the latter did not throw open the market to foreign imports. What was the reason given? That such imports would ruin the industry.

Again the imposition of heavy import duties upon foreign cloth has saved the Indian mill cloth industry from its commencement. As a matter of fact scarcely any centralised industry in India can stand foreign competition. This is not only the case with India; highly industrialised countries in Europe and America cannot stand free foreign competition. A country like Japan would be able to beat England and America through open competition in their home markets. Before World War II Japan did in the matter of cloth undersale England and America, in their home markets. If a totalitarian country like Russia, with immense natural resources, were to dump its goods in foreign countries it could destroy all such industries as did not enjoy a monopoly in some raw material. We must recognise that the world today is divided into exclusive national states and each state seeks to protect its industries by ensuring them a monopoly of at least the home market. It is difficult to get American goods in England. It is as difficult to get English goods in America, though England and America are political allies. 'When centralised industries need an exclusive market as the best form of protection against foreign competition, how much more the village and cottage industries require this kind of protection?' Whatever other protection is given will not be as effective.

Since Independence

Have the Government provided this exclusive market, say, for the khadi industry revived by the efforts of Gandhiji and the patriotism of Congressmen? The exclusive market already provided was on a voluntary and sacrifice basis. It was expected that a national government would at least widen its area. Gandhiji, when the Congress accepted office in the provinces, advised provincial governments to order all their cloth requirements in khadi. Something in this direction was done and khadi production and sale in those days increased throughout the country. But with the coming of independence all government patronage of khadi has almost ceased; nay, even our national flag today need not be made of khadi. In a sense we have changed the very significance of the national symbol under which we fought and suffered.

Khadi represented the idea of the identification of classes with the masses. To allow our national flag to be made of any material proved that we knew not what we were doing

Even in other ways the exclusive market that was created for khadi has been dwindling ever since independence. Though many districts have enrolled qualified Congress members to the tune of lacs, yet khadi sales have not increased. (Every qualified member must be a habitual wearer of khadi). Khadi had already received a severe blow during and after the war on account of inflation. The capital engaged in the industry remained the same but it could produce only one third or one-fourth of the yardage of cloth. To this was added the indifference of Congress governments and Congressmen to khadi.

As if this were not enough, Congressmen by their conduct have not enhanced the dignity of what they wear. Gandhiji made khadi the symbol of purity, patriotism and self-sacrifice. Today at best khadi is a symbol of cashing one's sacrifices and power-politics. At its worst it is identified with black-marketing. In Bombay Gandhi caps are mostly seen in the share market. Khadi no more symbolises our identification with the masses; for actually that identification has disappeared as a matter of fact from our lives except in the case of a few scattered and helpless constructive workers.

Gandhiji made khadi fashionable. It was a mark of distinction. The castes and classes in India that have through the ages been in administrative work have always in dress and manners taken after those who wielded power. In the days of the Muslims they wore pyjamas and achkans, dressed in European style. It was In the days of the Beitish they were natural therefore to expect that when Congress came into power those in administrative services would follow in dress those who were at the head of the administration. But nothing of the sort has happened. Why is this so? Is it because in the minds of this class somehow there is an idea that Congressmen wear khadi because public opinion demands it or merely through habit? If they knew that their bosses really loved khadi and wanted them to patronise it, the administrators, who are always anxious to please the bosses, would surely take to it.

For all these reasons we have come to such a pass that a few years hence only such purists, who consider it sinful to wear any other cloth than khadi, will either themselves produce it for their use or if they are rich get it produced at fancy prices, even as some Brahmans do today in the matter of their sacred thread, which must be made out of hand-spun yarn.

'Khadi workers recognise the fact that they are playing a losing game in which the dice are loaded against them.' But their chiefs instead of recognising the facts of the situation, think that the industry can be revitalised merely by intensifying their own efforts. Formerly people were asked to spin, now they are asked to weave their cloth also at home. Thirty years of incessant work and making spinning a part of a revolutionary programme for the attainment of Swaraj, with the exemplary patronage of the middle classes could induce only a small section of the rural population to take to spinning. This was done under Gandhiji's high example and leadership. For him the villagers had an unbounded reverence. To expect them to do the same about weaving on a nation-wide scale, without an example being set in this direction by their betters, is to expect the well-nigh impossible. And this at a time when all dynamic leadership, in this as in any other direction is so sadly lacking. But faith can move mountains. However, till faith converts the population of India, individual by individual, to spin and weave cloth at home, we may be so overwhelmed by big centralised industry or by Communism that there may be no scope left for khadi or any other decentralised industry. But the man of faith works in the spirit of 'nishkam', unattached to his work or the results thereof.

False Pleas

When the Government is asked to create even a limited exclusive market for khadi or any other cottage industry they trot out the plea of the interests of the consumer. Actually the Industry Minister in Parliament gave this plea when he was asked to provide market for village industry. The high dignitary forgot that in the matter of centralised industry he and his government never think in terms of the consumer's interests. 'Even in the matter of sugar when the consumer was deliberately cheated to the tune of crores of rupees the government's anxiety was to protect the industry and not the consumer.' The latter was even insulted by being told that the fault was his and that he consumed more sugar and produced more children and that the sugar muddle was not a matter of great importance and that the critics of the government made a mountain of a mole-hill.

Far from helping khadi or trying to build up any other cottage industry, the authorities are not even putting forth any effort to save the small-scale industries that are struggling against the inroads of centralised industry. The household utensil industry in Madras was a prosperous small-scale industry. But recently factories have been started for the manufacture of utensils. Everywhere one goes one sees utensils made of white alloy manufactured in factories. Apart from the ruin of a prosperous industry this offends one's aesthetic taste. I hear that Banaras and Moradabad metal industries are facing the same danger. Recently Government have almost taken away the high import duty on foreign raw silk. This will soon destroy the indigenous silk industry in Bengal.

—"Vigil."

Steels And Textiles Steady At Higher Levels

STOCK EXCHANGE RECOVERS AFTER YESTERDAY'S DEBACLE

BOMBAY, May 19.

Deputy Prime Minister Sardar Valabhbhai Patels' announcement that there would be no change in the exchange ratio, had an all-round heartening effect on the Bombay Stock Exchange today. After yesterday's nervous liqpidation resulting into a steep decline in prices on all important couners, the market opened steady today on good demand in the pivotals, recovering a substantial part of the lost ground.

The undertone was however quiet, and at higher levels there was scattered realizing which arrested further progress. The tug-of-war between bears and bulls still continues, giving the market a tone of uncertainty.

Tata Steel Deferred rallied magnificently under the influenc of the exchange-ratio announcement. Opening 40 points higher than the previous closing at Rs. 1636, it lost Rs. 10 under initial buying pressure to improve again to Rs. 1637-8 on fresh bull support. Later it hovered around the lower level of Rs. 1625 for a considerable part of the session.

Tata Ordinary fluctuated between Rs. 318 and Rs. 320 after opening at Rs. 319.

Bengal Steel and Indian Iron were steady at Rs. 21-7-6 and Rs. 30-10 respectively.

Textiles also showed considerable improvement over the last closing, with good business passing. Bombay Dyeing started at Rs. 957-8 after yesterday's closing at Rs. 945. Lack of support, however, brought the scrip down to Rs. 950. Bulls at this stage came to rescue to push the price again to Rs. 953-12. Later the share was quiet around Rs. 953-12.

Kohinoor was in fairly good demand and was quoted up to Rs. 290-4, after opening a shade lower. Other textiles also were quietly steady after making up yesterday's losses.

Banks and Insurance were almost unchanged, Central being quoted at Rs. 82.

The miscellaneous section was steady. Scindia was quoted at Rs. 11-6-6. Premier Construction found buyers upto Rs. 90, while Bellapur was placed at Rs. 227. Bombay Burmah improved to Rs. 490 after opening at Rs. 485.

Securities showed moderate activity. 3 per cent Conversion Loan of 1986 was quoted at Rs. 97-2.

During the closing part of the session a further all-round improvement was noticeable in the market. Prices rallied under the leadership of Tata Steel Deferred which touched Rs. 1647-8 level to finish at Rs. 1646-4. Bombay Dyeing closed at Rs. 965. Other counters also showed a considerable increase.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (27-8) XD	961 4
Kohinoor Mills (1) (Ex Div)	242 0
Svadeshi Mills (12-4)	245 0
Central India Mills (6)	228 0
Simplex Mills (6-8)	213 0
New Great Eastern (8)	129 0
Indore (8-3)	111 4
Gokak Mills (12) XD	250 0
Century Spinning (15)	232 12
Indian Bleaching (6)	151 0
Swan Mills (20)	306 0
Finlay Mills (15)	248 0
Morarji Goculdas (S)	156 8
Edward Sassoon (30)	215 0
Meyer (12)	83 12
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 10
India United Ord. (0-14-9)	11 6 6
India United Defd.	1 12
Madhusudan (15)	176 4
Podar (S)	132 8
Khatau	156 4
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	321 8
Tata Steel Defd. (64-15)	1645 0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (7-12)	142 12
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (7) XD	153 12
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8) XD	486 4
Bellapur	227 8
Scindia Steam (0-8)	11 8
Shivrajpur (1-8)	31 0
Premier Construction	91 0
Tata Chemical	11 9
Tata Oil (2)	45 0
Indian Iron (0-12)	30 10
Bengal Steel (0-12-0)	21 9
British India Corp. (0-2)	8 9
Indian Copper	2 3
Wimco	210 0
Alcock	317 8
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (3) XD	153 0
Andhra Valley (30)	1390 0
Tata Power (25)	1507 8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone (5)	66 0
Phoenix (9)	138 4
Indian Mfg. (40)	2950 0
Kurla XD	105 0
Colaba (12)	100 0
New City (11)	172 8
Minerva (12)	137 8
Bradbury (12)	602 8
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4 4
Bharat Mills (2)	28 4
Mysore Defd (04)	160 10
Madhavji (0-12-0)	14 4
Model Mills (13-8)	155 0
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	630 0
Vishnu Cotton (8)	207 8
Western India (40)	2925 0
Standard (15)	227 8
Sholapur (200)	3160 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8-0)	18 0
Hindustan Mills (40)	2950 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	39 0
Ahmedabad Advaice (3)	228 12
Sassoon Silk	34 4
New Union Mills (0-8)	18 4
Madhusudan S. (2-5)	32 0
Srinivas Mills (S)	173 12
Raja Bahadur (4)	51 0
Berar Mills	261 14
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8) XD	121 4
Ahmedabad New XD	95 8
Surat Electric	137 8
Karachi Electric (2)	127 8
Broach (0-5)	6 8
Ajmer [illegible] (0-8)	10 1
Amalgamated	11 4
[illegible] (1-12)	28 8
Poona Electric Supply (8)	126 4
Bombay Suburban (8)	155 0
Bombay Suburban New	145 10
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bankk of India	1820 0
Imperial Bank P (0-12)	451 4
Central Bank	82 0
[illegible] New (1-8)	82 0
Bank of India (4) XD	176 0
Union (0-3)	7 4
Baroda (2-3) XD	120 8
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	37 8
United Commercial (1-2)	45 0
Jaipur Bank (18-0)	31 8
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	365
Eastern Bank (0-14-9)	90 0
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	4870 0
Empire (10)	573 12
New India (1-7)	62 0
Jupiter (0-12)	12 12
Vulcan (0-10)	13 6
Indian Mercantile (0-4)	39 4
Universal	9 0
B I C (1)	17 6
Industrial and Prudential	28 4
Neptune	7 0
New Great	17 0
RAILWAY SHARES	
C. P. (1-14) XD	112 12
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	228 12
Bombay Burma New (5)	162 8
Burma Petrol	1 9 9
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Port Canning (3)	54 0
Kemp and Co. (20)	312 12
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	100 0
Incustrial Invest Trust (5-12)	81 12
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	56 0
Mukund Iron	4 6
Dena Trust (0-12)	14 0
Alembic (15)	146 4
Supreme Industries	72 8
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	27 8
Indian Cement (1937)	20 0
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	147 8
United Motor	28 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	785 0
Hydary Construction	19 2 6
Manamadi Steam	100 0
Gujarat Motor	26 14
Sardar Carbonic XD	700 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrella Batteries	30 0
National Rayon	48 4
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	200 0
Andhra Valley (7)	1207 8
Tata Power (7-8)	1303 12
Hydro Electric (7) XD	128 2
Bombay Steamer (6)	225 0
Central India (5)	651 4
Swedish Mills	130 0
Vishnu Mills (7)	675 0
Laxmi	275 0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 4
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	107 8
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	334 5
Surat Electricity (3-4)	135 0
Pre. Construction First	99 8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref	98 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	126 4
Walchandnagar	1130 0
Jupiter	12 15
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	102 8
Mackenzie First	92 0
Mackenzie (2)	85 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 8
Mysore Mill	42 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 0
Morarji	94 8
National Rayon	76 0
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	101 4
Rubber Planting	....
Bombay Steamer	98 8
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	101 0
Walchandnagar	106 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 14 0
New Victoria	2 2
New Victoria Pref.	4 6
Phalton	91 0
Gold Mohar	285 0
New Kaiser-i-Hind	325 0
Sajjan X R U.D	101 0
Osmanshahi X.R. C.D.	115 0
Alam Shahi	105 0
Air Service	4 0
Air India	63 0
Hind Motor	5 5 0
India Steam	6 12 0

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, May 19

The Bombay Bullion Exchange ruled steady today with moderate fluctuations.

There was a quiet undertone in forward silver which declined to Rs. 189-14 after opening at Rs. 190-6 due to scattered liquidation. Ready silver was placed 12 annas higher.

Forward gold was firm and advanced up to Rs. 117-14-6 after opening at Rs. 117-10. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 118-10.

Later on, forward gold further to Rs. 118-2 on scattered buying. There was moderate support for forward silver at lower level, which again raised the price to Rs. 189-12. Following were the quotations when the market closed for the day.

	Rs. as.
Forward Silver	189 12
Ready Silver	189 14
Forward Gold	118 0
Ready Gold	118 12

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, May 19.

The Bombay Seeds market ruled steady today with a moderate turnover. Groundnuts were in demand and prices indicated an upward trend.

Later on there was a moderate demand in Castorseeds, due to short-covering which slightly improved the prices.

Following were the quotations when the market closed for the day:—

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality ready	Rs. 45	4	0
Madras Coromandal	45	0	0
Bold ready	44	4	0
Oil Bombay Mills	24	0	0
Oil Upcountry Mills	23	7	0
Oil June	23	10	0
LINSEED—			
Bold ready	37	3	0
Small Satna	36	2	0
Oil June	21	1	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Castorseeds ready	28	3	0
Madras ready	28	12	0
June	29	0	0
July	29	4	0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, May 19.

2 1/2 per cent	1954	94	14
2 1/2 per cent	1950	100	0
2 1/2 per cent	1955	99	13
2 1/2 per cent	1961	96	14
2 3/4 per cent	1962	99	[illegible]
2 3/4 per cent	1976	95	12
3 per cent	Con.	97	2
3 per cent	1951-54	101	0
3 per cent	1953-55	101	8
3 per cent	1957	101	5
3 per cent	1959-61	101	1
3 per cent	1963-65	100	5
3 per cent	1966-68	100	1
3 per cent	1970-75	99	13
3 1/2 per cent	1954-59	104	0
4 per cent	1960-70	109	14
4 1/2 per cent	1958-68	109	14
4 1/2 per cent	1953-55	112	8

PROVINCIAL LOANS

3 per cent Bombay	1962	99	0
2 3/4 per cent C. P	1961	97	2
2 3/4 per cent Madras	1981	97	2
3 per cent Bombay	1955	100	10
3 per cent Bombay	1958	100	1
3 per cent Punjab	1952	100	0
3 per cent Madras	1952-53	100	8
3 per cent C. P.	1952	100	6
3 per cent U. P	1952	100	6
3 per cent N.-W.-P	1952	98	2
3 per cent U P	1901-68	99	8
3 1/4 per cent Municipal	1977	98	8
4 per cent B.P.I long dated		110	0
4 per cent Bombay Munt.		109	12
5 per cent Bombay Muni	1959	113	8
6 per cent K. P. I	1950	113	0

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, May 19.

Following were the closing quotations in the Bombay Artificial silk yarn market, today:—

120 Ready	Japan	7	2 0
150 Ready	Japan	6	7 0
120 Ready	Italy	6	12 0
120 Ready	Italy	6	5 6
150 D Box	July	1176	0 0

July delivery opened at Rs. 1,160. The highest and the lowest levels touched during the day were Rs. 1,188 and Rs. 1,152 respectively.

BOMBAY PEPPER

BOMBAY, May 19.

Closing black pepper prices in the Bombay market today for Jeth delivery were quoted at Rs. 2,980 to Rs. 3,010. Those of Ashad delivery were placed at Rs. 2,990 to Rs. 3,020.

SINGAPORE PEPPER

SINGAPORE, May 18

The Pepper prices declined five dollars today with Black Lampong at 535 and White Muntok at 855 in quiet trading.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, May 19.

B. C. Rates I. I D D 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B C. Rates I. I. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months

London Banks Selling I. I. D D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling I I. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months

London Banks Buying T. I. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month

London Banks Buying I. I. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying D D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th-9th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th-9th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th-9th Month.

New York B C Rate I. T. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 435.

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs 435

Banks Buying T I Rs 475 Montreal Rs 431 3/4

Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 472 1/2 Montreal Rs 429 3/4

Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 473 3/4 L/C. Montreal Rs. 430 1/2.

Paris Banks Selling I. I. Fcs. 7250

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T D D. Fl 79

Switzerland Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 90 1/4.

Belgium Banks Selling T T. D. D. Fcs. 1033.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Gldg. 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 83 3/4.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 156 3/4.

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 3/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8. London/Afghanistan Cross Rate/Afghani Rs. not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pta 97 1/4 3/4 London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl 10 63-65 London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tel. 35. London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs 139.90-140.10 London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr 19.32-36. London, Hong Kong Cross Rate 1/2 27/32-1/2 15/16 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl 89.40-91.00 London/Java Cross Rate Fl 10-63-65 London/Karachi Cross Rate Rs. 2/1-84-2/1.94 London/Lisbon Cross Rate Esc. 80.35 London/Manila Cross Rate Pes 5.60-65. London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 3.07 3/4 3.08 1/4 London/New York Cross Rate dol 2.79 7/6-2.80 1/8. London Oslo Cross Rate Kr 19.98-20.02 London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 979-981. London/Prague Cross Rate K. not quoted London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16. London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr 14.47-50. London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 12.23-12.26

Gold London £12/8, Gold New York dol. 35, Silver London 62 1/2, Silver New York 72 3/4.

London Discts 3 Mos. 11/16 p.c.

London Discts 6 Mos 7//8 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money: Call 3/4 per cent. 3 Mos. 1 1/4 per cent. 6 Mos. 1 1/2 per cent 12 Mos. 1 3/4 per cent.

Tone: Steady

MADRAS STOCK EXCHANGE

MADRAS, May 19

Following are today's quotations on the Madras Stock Exchange:

SECURITIES: Government of India Three Percent Paper 97, ditto 1986 97-2-6, ditto 1953-55 101-8, ditto 1966-68 100-1-6, Government of Madras Three Percent 1960 100-4.

BANKS: Travancore 14-14.

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan 19, Mysore 46-2, Travancore 5-10.

PLANTINGS: Blue Mountain 2-15-6 Chembra 5-9, Devashola 16, Ouchterlony 6-3, Pullangode 1-9-6, Thirumbadi 2-5-6, T. R. and T. Co. 5-11.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 137, Ditto Pref. 188, Cambodia 11, Coimbatore 137, Coimbatore Spg. 52-8, Laxhmi 74-8 Madura 37, Mettur 337-8, Radhakrishna 182-8, Ranga Vilas 59, Trav. Rayons 4, Trichinopoly 11-8, Vasanta 111.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 70, F.A.C.T. 6-3, India Cement 17-4, Mettur Chem. 5-7.—(PTI).

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, May 19.

Tata Ordinary 321, Tata Deferred 1640, Indian Iron 30-10, Steel Corpn. of Bengal 21-9, Bombay Dyeing 960, Central India 227 Gokak 249, Kohinoor 292, Simplex 212, Swadeshi 248, Tata Power 1505, Associated Cement 153-8, Belapur 227-8, Bombay Burma (Old) 485,, Scindia 11-8, Central Bank 82, New India 62 Tata 2nd Pref. 142-8.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, May 19

Apollo 2-11
Bharat 28-4
B. Dyeing 957-8 47-8 57-8 53-12 65 61-4
C. India 227 28 26 28
Century 232-8 33-12
Finlay 248
Gokak 246-8 50
I. U. Defd 1-12
I. U. Ord. 11-8 11-6-6
Indore 110 11-4

Kohinoor 290 89-8 91-8 91 93-8 92
Madhusudan 176-4
Model 155 56-4 55
Minerva 137-8
Morarji 160 62-8
New Great 127-8 29
Podar 131-4 32-8
Simplex 213 11 13
Svadeshi 248 47-8 49 48 50 49
Vishnu 207-8
C. P. Rly. 113

Scindia 11-6-6 11-5-6 11-7 11-5-6 11-8
Baroda 120-8
Central 82 82-4 82
Imperial 1815 20
Imperial New 450 51-4
India 176 75-8 76
Union 7-4
U. Commercial 45

Ahmedabad 121-4
Andhra 1390
Suburban 154-6 55
Surat 137-8
Hydro 153-8
Power 1507-8
I. Mercantile 39-4
New India 62
B. Steel 21-7 21-7-6 21-7 21-9
I. Iron 30-9 30-10 30-7 30-11
Tata Defd 1636-4 25 37-8 27-8 32-8 26-4 47-8 45
Tata Ord 319 18 20-12 19-8 22-8 21-8
Tata 2nd Pref. 142-8 42-12
Alcock 321-4 17-8
A.C.C. 153-4 52-8 54 53-12
Belapur 226-4 25-8 27 26 27-8
B. B. Old 485 90 82-8 87-8 86-4
B. B. New 162-8 61-4 65 62-8
B. B. Petrol 1-9 1-9-9
B.I.C. 8-8 8-9
I. Copper 2-3
I. Bleaching 151
P. Construction 89-8 90-8 90 91
Shivrajpur 31
Tata Chemical 11-10 11-8 11-9
Tata Pref. 126-4
Dharamsey 56-8 56
Tata Oil 45-4 45-8 45
Kemp 311-4 12-8
Wimco 208-12 10

N.Y. COTTON CLOSES IRREGULAR AFTER AN EARLIER RALLY

Mixed Appearance In Stocks: Renewed Selling In Grains

NEW YORK May 18, (PTI-Reuter).

Initial gains were extended under the leadership of new crops on active Commission-House demand and short-covering based on the favourable export outlook and the recent sudden upsurge in cotton goods sales. Increased profit taking, however, eventually stalled the upturn. Trade buying against textile and export business was centred in near July but encountered fairly liberal hedges against spot purchases on loan repossession.

In the afternoon prices rallied smartly on renewed Commission and New Orlean buying of new crops with the better outlook for cotton distribution and smaller crop ideas remaining the chief bullish factors. The trade continued to support near July but advances were checked by persistent scale up hedges. Profit taking on technical considerations finally arrested the advances in new crops. The session closed irregular with sales estimated at 140,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON
NEW YORK, May 18.

July	32.92+04
October	31.51+12
December	31.44+18
March	31.48+16
Middling Spot	33.67+15

October Highest: 32.58 at 13.10 p.m. Lowest: 31.41 at 11-43 a.m.

NEW ORLEANS
NEW YORK, May 18.

July	32.81
October	31.49
December	31.38
March	31.45
Middling Spot	32.65

WALL STREET

After a minor extension of the advance the Wall Street market met increased profit taking and irregularly lower tendencies developed in moderate trade. Sentiment, however remained cheerful and numerous buyers appeared to be only awaiting slackening in the corrective movement. Rails were among the lower groups nothing a new strike threat by the Switchmen Union lines. Oils were mostly higher on a large increase in Texas, allowable crude oil output for June and optimism over the outlook

At noon the industrial average stood at 220.75 and rails at 56.45. Aided by the secretary of treasury's prediction that 1950 will be one of the most profitable business years in our history the market recovered some vigour. Both the industrial and utility averages toughed new peaks for 1950 prices showing advances upto a dollar, although rails were inclined to lag.

A late increase in pressure gave the market a mixed appearance in most divisions but left a small overall gain on balance. The session closed irregular.

STOCKS CLOSING

American Telephone and Telegraph	160
Amerex Holding Co.	34 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	32 7/8
Chase National Bank	38
Firestone Tyre	39 3/8
General Electric	50
General Motors	85 5/8
Ingersol Rand	67 1/4
International Nickel	27 7/8
National City Bank	47
New York Central Rail Road	14 1/8
Sinclair Oil Corporation	27 1/2
Socony Vacuum	18 3/4
Texas Corporation	68 1/2
Union Carbide	50 7/8
U.S. Smelting and Refining	39 5/8
U.S. Steel Common	32 5/8
Western Union	29 3/4

Total number of shares which changed hands during the day was 93,900 Highest and lowest U.S. Steel trading prices were 32 5/8 and 32 3/8 respectively.

CHICAGO GRAINS

Chicago grains fluctuated irregularly with early steadiness due to strong cash demand and smaller producer offerings of coarse grains. Some buying in wheat was attributed to the overnght Washington news regarding export subsidies of wheat and flour for which sales can be made against 1950-51 wheat agreement quotas. Later prices eased on liquidation on improved crop prospects but short-covering and recovery in Soyabeans checked the setback. Renewer selling pushed most grains except soyabeans to the day's lowest.

NEW YORK PEPPER

NEW YORK, May 18

The Pepper market was quiet but steady with spots offered at 1.39 dollars. Following are today's closing prices: Black Pepper: Spot 1.39 asked, Old Contract: May 1.37 nominal, June 1.37 nominal, July 1.37 nominal, August 1.36 bid and September 1.38 nominal. New Contract: May 1.37 nominal, June 1.39 asked, July 1.37 nominal, August 1.36 nominal and September 1.43 asked. White Pepper spot 2.42 1/2 asked.

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, May 18

The market was very active with open market turnover approximating 300,000 ounces at unchanged level. Regular sellers were readily disposing all their offerings while non-regular seller of Mexican silver was also moving about 50,000 ounces daily.

LONDON PEPPER

LONDON, May 18

The Pepper market was neglected with prices unchanged. Sellers quoted Black Lampong May/June at 10 sh. 1 1/2d., White Mantok at 15 sh. 8d. shipping weight and White Sarawak at 16sh. 2d. delivered weight per pound c.i.f. basis ports. Malabar May/June and June/July were offered at 1.120 sh. per cwt., c.i.f. United Kingdom.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, May 19. (PTI-Reuter): Feature of the London Stock Exchange today was a renewed advance in British Government Stocks. Once again small persistent demand was encountered and in the market short of stock, gains of seven-eighths per cent were recorded.

Part of buying was believed to be on account of "Market Grooming" for new financing.

Most other sections ended the week on a bright note. Leading industrials were assisted by rise in funds and by a crop of good company results and dividends.

Oil shares were very firm under the influence of Burmah Oil dividend of fifteen per cent as against twelve and a half per cent. Market was now looking for increase in the forthcoming payment.

Copper shares were bright following an increase in United Kingdom price of metal and British South African Company dividend of five Shillings per share as against four Shillings. South African sold shares more quiet and occasionally harder on small local support.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, May 19.

Better feeling was again in evidence with regard to the more speculative stocks on renewed buying, while other stocks remained more or less unchanged. Following are today's final transactions.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent Loan 1986 97/4, three per cent Loan 1966/68 100/1, three per cent Loan 1970/75 99/11, four per cent Loan 1960/70 109/12.

BANKS: Hindustan Commercial 21/12, United Commercial 46.

COTTONS: Cawnpore Textiles 10/8, New Victoria Ordy. 2/6.

COALS: Bengal 520, Bhalgora 8/4, Bhulanbararee 12/12, Borrea 29/12, Burrakur 13/14, Central India 4/12, Dhemo Main 17/2, Katras Jherriah 35, Talcher 2/15, Western Bengal 5/9.

JUTES: Anglo-India 235, Auckland 133, Barnagore 234, Fort Gloster 356, Gourepore 471, Howrah 30/5, Kankanarrah 174, Lansdowne 107, S. L. Nuddea 72, Presidency 7/6, National 25/6, Orient 213, Reliance 23/6, Standard 190.

ENGINEERINGS: Arthur Butler 10/10, Indian Iron 30/11, Jessop and Co. 15/2, Kumardhubi Eng. 8/1, Marshalls 7/7, Saran Eng. 9/10, Steel Corp. 21/9, Ditto Pref. 118, (Ex Div), Textile Machinery 7/6.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corp. 2/15, Indian Copper 2/4, Karanpura Dev. 21/10, Dalmia Cement 6/3, Sone Valley Cement 6/4, Calcutta Electric 15/5, Alluminium Corp. 7/2, Bararee Coke 23/7, B.I.C. 8/10, Indian Wood Products 37/6, Jardine Henderson 150, Martin Burn 16/7, Rohtas Industry Ordy. 5/10, British Burma Petrol 1/8, Shree Gopal Paper 11/3, Titaghur Paper 38/1, Midnapore Zemindary 71/8, Assam Saws 8/6, India Steamship 6/13.

SUGAR: Carew and Co. 8/13.

TEAS: Bateli 16, Choonabhuti 195, Gungaram 300, Hattikhira 14/12, Poobong 11, C.T. Seajuli 44, C.T. Teliapara 205, Brooke Bond 10/10, East India 19/10, Hantapra 220, Killcott 26, Roopacherra 12/4, Singtom 3/14.

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, May 19

With scattered advice of bulls market got a push and displayed some firmness.

Fluctuations: Calico opened 255 lowest 251-8.

Arvind opened 754, highest 756, lowest 751.

Ambica opened 292, highest 294-8.

Deferred opened 1631, highest 1648, lowest 1623.

Closing Quotations: Calico 254, Arvind 754, Ambica 294-8, Ashok 331-4 New Manekchowk 123-12, Bhalkia 97-8. Deferred 1648.

LONDON STOCKS

LONDON, May 18.

2 1/2 Per Cent British Consols	£ 69 1/2.
3 1/2 Per Cent Conversion Loan 1961	£ 93 1/2
4 Per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	£ 106 5/8
3 1/2 Per Cent War Loan on or after 1/12/52	£ 91 3/4
Chartered Bank of India	£ 9 7/16
Honkong and Shanghai Bank Loan Regd.	£ 78
National Bank of India	£ 31 5/8

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 5.806.

LONDON BULLION

London silver spot and forward 63 1/2d

London gold bars fine per Oz. £ 12/8/0

London Exchanges unchanged.

WHEAT

Australian wheat 121/8 may June.

LONDON COPRA

LONDON, May 18.

The Copra market was irregular. Philippines in bulk was again easier at 200 dollars per ton c.i.f. May/June but Straits/Dutch East Indies fair merchantable was dearer on fair enquiry. Sellers asked £89 1/4 for May/June against bids of £88 3/4 per ton delivered weight c.i.f.

The Cocoanut Oil market was quiet with Straits in drums quoted at £129 1/2 and in bulk at £126, Ceylon in drums at £133 and in bulk at £128 all per ton c.i.f. May/June shipment.

SCHEDULED BANKS

Weekly Statement Of Affairs

BOMBAY, May 19.

Following is the statement issued by the Reserve Bank of India, showing the position of Scheduled Banks as on May 12 last.

	Rs.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	
(i) Borrowings from banks	22,07,11,000
(ii) Other demand liabilities	565,82,42,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	
(i) Borrowings from banks	79,20,000
(ii) Other time liabilities	270,87,88,000
3. Cash in India	
(i) Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	32,33,22,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	1,70,93,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	58,78,000
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	49,44,04,000
5. Advances in India	463,04,73,000
6. Bills discounted in India	11,92,33,000

Karachi Cotton Market

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI May 19.

Cotton market steadily held featureless. Yesterday spot bales 3,500, exports 6,642 bales for China, Japan and Liverpool. New crop NT October changed hands at 75.

Cottonseeds quiet, 3,630 bags exported for Cutch ports.

Pakistan Government announced decontrol of food grains in Punjab.

Current Quotations: Cotton NT 73, Punjab 289 F 76, Fourf 72-4, Cottonseeds 5-14, Gold 100.

Make Hindi Compulsory

DELHI DIRECTIVE TO STATES

NEW DELHI, May 19 (PTI): The Government of India has requested State Governments to take steps to introduce Hindi as a compulsory subject in secondary schools, it is learnt.

The Central Ministry of Education has issued a letter to State Governments drawing attention to Article 351 of the Constitution of India relating to the spread of the Hindi language throughout the Union.

The letter states that the Government of India have considered ways and means to give effect to the directive contained in that Article.

Pointing out that Madras has already introduced Hindi as a compulsory subject in secondary schools the Education Ministry letter states that the State Governments should take early action in this respect and in any case, not later than the beginning of the next academic year.

A proposal for the starting of special Hindi classes outside office hours for the Central Government employees not above the age of 40 years is under active consideration of the Government of India.

VOILENCE IS NO SOLUTION

Gadgil's Call For Peace

MIRAJ, May 18 (UPI): "There is greater need today of reminding ourselves of Gandhiji's deeds. Violence has not solved any problem satisfactorily. The world today is on the verge of a catastrophe and it seems some uncontrollable force is driving humanity towards it," said Shri N. V. Gadgil, Minister for works, mines and Power, Government of India, unveiling a portrait of Mahatma Gandhi in the Miraj Electric Supply Company.

Continuing, Shri Gadgil added: "Behind the Nehru-Liaquat Pact is our determined and conscious effort to practise what we have professed. We will continued to do our part of the contract without minding what the other side does. This will strengthen our cause, give us that moral backbone that we need today.

Shri Gadgil quoting some facts and figures maintained that the criticism that Government of India's scheme were mere paper schemes was baseless. "The production of electricity has increased by 20 per cent and the consumption by 19 per cent since 1947. The industries consume 65 per cent of the total production. The installation capacity has gone up by 1,20,000 kilowatts during the period of 1947-49".

In conclusion Shri Gadgil said: "The schemes undertaken by the Government of India will not, it is true, be finished overnight but it is not all the same true that the schemes would not be completed at all."

OPENING COLLEGE IN AURANGABAD

HYDERABAD (Dn.), May 19, (PTI): Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Law Minister, Government of India, arrived here this noon from Delhi.

During his four-day stay in Hyderabad, Dr. Ambedkar is expected to confer with the authorities here to settle details in connection with the opening of a college in Aurangabad under the auspices of the Peoples Education Society, Bombay, of which Dr. Ambedkar is the President.

Dr. Ambedkar told pressmen this afternoon that he had invited President Rajendra Prasad to inaugurate the Aurangabad College.

He said the medium of instruction in the proposed college at Aurangabad would be English.

Questioned about his reported intention to become a Buddhist, Dr. Ambedkar said he wished the whole of India to become Buddhist. He intended writing a book entitled "Why Should India Become Buddhist".

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1665

BIG THREE TO DEFY SOVIET RUSSIA

Lightening Burden Of Occupation In Austria

LONDON, May 19, (PTI-Reuter).

BRITAIN, France, and the United States announced today that they would shortly appoint Civilian High Commissioners to replace their military commanders in Austria.

They promised that if agreement with Russia on an Austrian Treaty were further delayed, they would themselves do everything possible to "lighten the burden of occupation".

In a joint statement, the three powers declared their readiness "at any time to settle without delay" the issues which have blocked four-power agreement on the treaty for over three years.

"Soviet unwillingness" continued to prevent conclusion of the treaty, they said. The occupation would have to be maintained, but they would themselves do everything possible within the framework of existing four power agreements to strengthen the authority of the Austrian Government.

The Deputies of the "Big Four" Foreign Ministers have held hundreds of sessions to reach a solution. Western diplomats have recently charged the Soviet Government with deliberately stalling the discussions.

Statistical Survey Of India's Villages

CALCUTTA, May 19 (UPI): A nationwide survey to ascertain reliable data about the economic conditions of over two hundred million people living in India's 6½ lakh villages is being shortly undertaken by the country's statistical experts, it is learnt.

The survey, the first of its kind to be executed on an all-India basis, is going to be one of the world's largest statistical operations next only to a similar one undertaken in Soviet Russia in 1933. The Government of India, who are sponsoring this survey, have decided to spend Rs. 25 lakhs for the purpose, it is stated.

The plan for the survey has already been drawn up, and in another month's time it will be ready for execution.

The survey is expected to take over a year for completion.

WAS NOT PRESENT IN COURT

Warrant Issued Against Actress

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, May 19. The Additional Resident Magistrate, Kalyan has issued a bailable warrant against Mrs. Hansa Wadkar a Cinema actress of Poona, yesterday for failing to respect the summons issued to her to attend the court on May 18.

It will be recalled that Mrs. Hansa while travelling between Poona and Bombay a fortnight ago lost her bag and that she lodged a complaint with the Kalyan Railway Police. The Railway Police at Kalyan have arrested a man with the bag the same day and kept him in lock-up. The case was to be heard yesterday but the complainant herself was not present.

The accused protested against this when the trying Magistrate issued the above warrant against the Mrs. Hansa Wadkar, directing her to be present on May 23.

Supreme Court Closes For Vacation On May 27

NEW DELHI, May 19 (PTI): The Supreme Court will be closed for vacation from May 27 to September 11.

Mr. Justice Mehr Chand Mahajan will hear cases which require to be promptly dealt with during the vacation.

Qualified Membership Of Nanda Cancelled

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, May 19: Names of leading workers of Gujarat, including Messrs Gulzarilal Nanda, Vasavda, and Jashbhai Patel have been cancelled from the qualified members of Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee as they did not enlist themselves as primary members of the Congress.

Armed Bandits Raid Village

3 KILLED, 5 HURT

VIJAYAVADA, May 19. (PTI): Three villagers were killed and five others seriously injured when 30 armed bandits, believed to be hailing from Hyderabad, raided Nemali village in Krishna district on the border at dusk on May 17 according to information received here today.

Defence squads, who were on duty, challenged and engaged the raiders as they approached the outskirts of the village. Raiders who were fully armed appeared to have overcome opposition and set fire to the village school and certain other houses before retiring from the scene.

This is the first incident after three weeks lull in Krishna district.

NOTORIOUS RED SHOT DEAD

SECUNDERABAD, May 19 (UPI): In an encounter between armed Communists and police near Lachagudem, in Warangal district, on May 17, Ranga Rao, a notorious character, was shot dead. His dead body was brought to Khammam.

Begam Veeraiah, a desperado, said to be responsible for a number of offences in Yedulapuram and other villages in Khammam Taluka, Warangal district, was captured yesterday.

"Unverified" Press Reports Deprecated

DACCA, May 19 (PTI): The East Bengal Government has deprecated in a press note here the publication in "certain Calcutta newspapers" of "unverified reports" likely to affect the return of members of the East Bengal minority to their homes and "to disturb the minds of the West Bengal public.

The immediate occasion for the press note was a report published in Calcutta that a 70-year old Hindu woman was injured by some policemen whilst she was trying to get into a railway compartment occupied by the policemen at Latur station.

The press note said: "The police had nothing to do with it", and added that the woman had been injured in a rush made for the compartment by other intending evacuees waiting at the station.

Wholesale Prices Rise

NEW DELHI May 19 (UPI) The official wholesale price index at 394.1 for the week ended May 6, 1950 with the year ended August 1939 as equal to 100 as base, witnessed a rise of 0.6 per cent as compared with 391.7 (revised) for the previous week. As compared with the corresponding weeks of last month and a year ago, the index was higher by 0.7 per cent and 4.8 per cent respectively.

Notice To Escaped Reds

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, May 19.

The District Magistrate of Ahmedabad, has, by a notification, asked four absconding Communists, Messrs. Maganbhai Patel, Nur Mohammad, Jawarhussein and Dinker Mehta to present themselves before him within one month from today.

It may be recalled that these Communists escaped while they were being transferred from the Sabarmati Central Jail.

STEPS TO STEM DEPRESSION

I.L.O's Scheme

NEW DELHI, May 19. (UPI): An eight-point programme calculated to meet the threat of another possible depression in under-developed areas like India and Pakistan has emerged as the result of a study of world employhent conditions which has been completed by the governing body of the I.L.O.

Specific suggestions made by it for meeting the threat of a possible depression include the adoption of an appropriate public investment policy and the expansion of exports.

For under-developed areas in particular, the study suggests (a) reclamation of additional land, with a view to providing more per capita land for the rural population, (b) industrial development which must be governed mainly by the supply of enterpreneurship, capital and industrial skill, (c) increase in domestic savings, (d) steps to promote inflow of foreign capital, (e) manpower training schemes during the initial stages of industrial development, (f) location of industries near surplus labour areas, (g) promotion of new rural industries, public works and mixed farming to mitigate seasonal unemployment and (h) the introduction of labour-saving devices in agriculture.

Dr. Ghosh Optimistic About Pact

DACCA, May 19, (UPI): Dr. P. C. Ghosh, member of the Congress Working Committee who is on a tour to study the communal situation in East Bengal, said at an informal conference here that he was optimistic enough that the Indo-Pak Agreement on minorities would bring permanent friendship and good understanding between India and Pakistan.

For Drinking In Public

JAMMU, May 19 (PTI).

For sipping wine in public, a man from Arnia in Jammu province was made a public fool here last week.

His face smeared with soot and clad in the garb of a motely fool, he was taken round the city astride a donkey, trailed by a hooting group of urchins.

This is the punishment that the city's "social reformers" have prescribed to uproot the evils of drinking and gambling.

SITE FOR CONGRESS SESSION

NASIK, May 19 (PTI): The site for the ensuing session of the Indian National Congress here has been finally selected by Mr. B. S. Hiray, President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee. It is situated about two miles from the Nasik railway station and is a vast open space. The ground is hard and capable of withstanding the full onslaught of rains.

A special office for the session has been opened in the Western India Golf Club building with telephone number 97 and telegraphic address "Congress Nasik."

Ban On Meetings In Sidhpur

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, May 17.

In view of tense communal situation prevailing in Sidhpur, military was called yesterday. Police, in a raid, recovered a box of knives from a house. In this connection 45 arrests have been made so far. Section 144 has been promulgated in the city.

CHINA BLOCKADE IS NOW LESS EFFECTIVE

Trade With Reds Might Be Resumed By The British

HONG KONG, May 19, (PTI).

BRITISH and foreign shipping companies were today examining possibilities of resuming normal shipping services with the Central and South China ports following the Nationalist withdrawal from the Chusan Islands, near Shanghai and Ladrone Islands, near Hong Kong.

It was expected that this withdrawal would seriously reduce the effectiveness of the eleven-month old Nationalist blockade.

Already a small number of Chinese cargo junks have begun regular services between Hongkong and Canton. An informed shipping source said today that some activity by British and foreign ships was likely on several routes within a week.

But attempts to restore full services were unlikely, he said, pending more information about the efficiency of information about the efficiency of Nationalist patrols under new conditions.

UNKNOWN FACTOR

Another unknown factor was the extent to which Communist authorities at such ports as Shanghai and Canton would be prepared to permit foreign trade.

Meanwhile, merchants at Hongkong were slightly more optimistic about the immediate future, seeing an opportunity to clear at least some of their accumulated stocks from the colony's overcrowded warehouses.

But they considered it certain that the Communists would not permit the entry of thousands of pounds sterling worth of luxury and other goods originally bought for the China market.

Canada Willing For Informal Work In OEEC

OTTAWA, May 19 (PTI-Reuter):—Mr. Louis St. Laurent, the Canadian Prime Minister, yesterday announced in the House of Commons that Canada would be glad to accept an informal working relationship within the organisation for European Economic Co-operation.

He called attention to a statement issued in London by the Foreign Ministers of Britain, United States and France, in which it was indicated that American aid to Europe would probably continue after Marshall Aid ended in 1952.

The OEEC is an organisation which distributed Marshall Plan funds among Western European countries. Mr. St. Laurent said it might be expected to establish an informal relationship with Canada and the United States in the discussion of economic problems of common interest.

Japan's Textile Industry Best

CHEAP AND EFFICIENT, SAY EXPERTS

TOKYO, May 19 (PTI-Reuter): Sir Raymond Streat, Britain, and Mr. Robert Jackson, United States, Heads of the Joint Anglo-American Cotton Textile Mission told correspondents here today that the Japanese textile industry was the best combination of cheapness and efficiency in any part of the word.

Mr. Jackson said it was hard to compare Japanese textile labour costs with those of Britain and the United States because of the facilities, such as food and living quarters, the Japanese provided for their staffs.

He added that Japanese industrialists were optimistic about future world markets, while Britons and Americans were inclined to be pessimistic.

Sir Raymond Streat said the Japanese forecast a ten per cent increase in their 1950 cotton textile exports over 1949 (720 million square yards) taking them into second place behind Britain.

AFGHAN-PAKISTAN TENSION

Envoy's Discussions With Bevin

LONDON, May 19 (PTI): The dispute between Afghanistan and Pakistan over the Pushtunistan movement for self-determination among the Pathans, of Afghan stock, in West Pakistan, may be discussed when the new Afghan Ambassador to Britain, Marshal Shah Wali meets Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin for the first time on Monday, writes P.T.I. Special Correspondent.

Marshal Shah Wali is an uncle of the King of Afghanistan. Before coming here, he was Ambassador to Pakistan.

The Marshal said here today in an interview: "Afghanistan reiterates the legal right of Pushtunistan to independence. Until that right is fully recognised by Pakistan, the tension between Afghanistan and Pakistan cannot lessen.

"Afghanistan does not desire to annex any land on her borders. She seeks no territorial expansion of any kind. Her only interest is the attainment by the people of Pushtunistan of their rightful claims.

The Ambassador added that Afghanistan had no intention of becoming a pawn in power politics. This was evidenced by her complete neutrality during both world wars.

SOCIETY WEDDING IN MADRAS

Vasan's Daughter Marries

MADRAS, May 19, (UPI): Mr. S. S. Vasan, prominent film producer and director, President of the Madras Film Chamber of Commerce, proprietor of Gemini Studios and editor, "Ananda Vikatan" celebrated today the marriage of his daughter, Smt. Lakshminarayani with Sri. Venkatasubramaniam on a grand scale.

The elite of Madras City and from all over the State attended the function and numerous messages and presents were received by the bride and bridegroom. Messages were received from Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Patel, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, and the Maharaja of Bhavnagar.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

As a belated "B" bus creaked to a halt off Huges Road, a young man rushed out from a dark corner and boarded it. There was only one seat free and the two leaders of the queue also got in. The usual squabble ensued, the bus-driver refusing to move till the excess had been offloaded. The First-in-the-queue stood on his rights, his claims being ably seconded by the Second. The rest of the passengers turned on the usurper and he was argued off his seat. As he descended nonchalantly, one of the waiting men admonished him for his haste and lawlessness. "The gentleman was first in the queue," he went on repeating pathetically, hopeful of convincing the other by sheer reiteration.

"Mister," retorted the other, "that I am not denying. But where is the queue? You show me now as we are standing here."

We looked around and the Lawless One was right. The queue had dissolved, each one seeking refuge from the blazing sun in some shady spot. Before any of us could speak, the other continued.

"For three years," he said, "I have stood here and seen people rush the bus. There is never any queue here. I do not see why I alone should be made to observe a rule that is ignored."

Just then a bus along Hughes Road was held up by the traffic police, and there was a rush to board it, the Lawless One leading. The Upholder of Queues looked at me and smiled. "Still he should have respected the queue," he said. I agreed heartily for I suddenly realised that among those left, I was the first.

Further conversation was cut short by another "B" bus rolling majestically along. There was a mad rush. "Ek jagha hai," said the conductor. The Upholder of Queues stood firmly in the bus, stopping all others from boarding it. As he stood there, my eye caught his. He had the decency to look hurriedly away, but not to maintain the principle which he had firmly expounded.

My neighbour, an elderly mild-looking gentleman, turned to me. "In this way," he said, "you will never get on. Push forward. It is the law of the jungle."

The next bus was almost empty. We both got into it. And, since he was in difficulty to get at his pocket, I bought his ticket as well. With a faint smile, he accepted it. And then, he said the last word. "Utter helplessness also earns its reward", he said, "even in the jungle."

Was it the last word? We live and learn. As I stepped into office and told my story, the Junior Colleague spoke up. "In the words of the immortal P. T. Barnum, there is a sucker born every minute", he said. Out of the mouth of babes and sucklings!

Backward Class Gets A New Deal

HYDERABAD ALLOTS LANDS

HYDERABAD (Dn.), May 19 (PTI): About 180,000 acres of land have been allotted on "patta" (lease) to more than 12,000 tribal families in Hyderabad state, according to figures officially furnished today.

The tribes and backward classes in the state number about 7,00,000.

Government created a regular department known as the Social Service Department four years ago to consolidate the different educational and economic schemes that have been in operation in the respective areas for the benefit of these people. With the promulgation of the tribal areas regulation in October 1949, this Department acquired a place of importance among the nation-building departments of the state, it is stated. The main items of welfare schemes are: providing means of livelihood, education, medical aid, veterinary help and establishment of panchayats for settling disputes.

The Department, it is stated, has in hand eight different schemes which are operating in the districts of Adilabad, Warangal, Mahbubnagar and Nalgunda.

The Tribal Areas Regulation lays down that no court of law or revenue authority has any jurisdiction in cases in which a tribal person is involved. The Civil Administrator of a district is competent to appoint a panchayat to decide all cases in an open darbar in the presence of the concerned parties and on the evidence of at least three independent persons.

C.R. Making Progress

MADRAS, May 19 (PTI)—Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, who is down in bed with fever and congestion to his right lung, is making satisfactory progress.

Treatment to his general health and eyes is being continued. He has been advised to take complete rest and to avoid strain to the eye.

Dr. S. Guruswamy Mudaliar, Dr. T. S. Doraiswamy and Dr. P. B. Annangarachari are attending on him.

Saxena's Visit Postponed

JODHPUR, May 19 (PTI)—Owing to his pre-occupations in Calcutta, it is learned, the visit to Rajkot, of Mr. Mohanlal Saxxena, India"s Minister for Rehabilitation,

Ambala Paralysed By Hurricane

HEAVY DAMAGE: 39 INJURED

Looting And Theft In Darkness

AMBALA, May 19, (PTI).

A 75 mile per hour hurricane accompanied by a hailstorm and a squall last night paralysed Ambala. It confined itself to a belt two or three miles wide.

The unseasonal south-easterly hurricane, cyclonic in character, swept its way towards the Simla Hills in a north-westerly direction. The storm lasted about a quarter of an hour.

The storm which was only a strong breeze upto 9-50 p. m. suddenly developed into a hurricane This was followed by a hail storm.

The storm lasted for fifteen minutes only but most of the damage was caused in four and three-fourth minutes when the velocity of the wind touched 80 miles per hour.

The roofs of about 200 stalls in the Roy Market in Ambala cantonment occupied by refugee traders were blown away by a high velocity gale. Some of the contents of the stalls, mostly cloth, were blown away and the remaining goods exposed to dust and the large hailstones

Trees were uprooted, electric and telegraph poles were severely damaged and traffic was brought to a standstill. Electric supply, telegraph and telephone services were as a result dislocated.

In the darkness that followed cases of looting and theft are stated to have occurred.

No loss of life has so far been reported.

Telegraph communications were restored after a six-hour breakdown.

Roofs and house tops were covered with hailstones thirty-six army personnel are reported to have been injured some seriously as a result of the roofs of a couple of barracks collapsing. Damage was also caused to the Air Force buildings here, three Air Forces personnel receiving minor injuries.

Several marriage ceremonies in the city were held up. A large congregation in the Laxmi Narain Temple was abruptly dispersed.

GREAT DAMAGE

Details available show that considerable damage was done to the I.A.F. installation at Ambala by the hurricane. It blew off the roofs of three aircraft hangars damaging some aircraft. The roof of the flying control and an anemometer installed on it were also blown off.

A liberator aircraft on cross-country flight from Madras which touched the Ambala airfield, only two and half minutes, before the hurricane hit the town, is reported to have been damaged by the hailstones, causing a couple of holes in its wings.

It is stated that all the aircraft and equipment belonging to the station were inside the hangars as a warning of the approaching storm had been given two hours before it overwhelmed the airfield.

A gale of equally severe intensity and causing considerable damage hit Ambala in June 1944.

WREATHS FROM FAR AND NEAR

NEW DELHI, May 19. (PTI): A party of tourists from different parts of India and Ceylon who are on their way to an educational tour of the Kashmir Valley, today visited Rajghat and placed wreaths at Gandhiji's 'Samadhi'.

One wreath was placed on behalf of the entire touring party, while a special wreath was laid by Ceylon members of the party who are now in Delhi

The tour is sponsored by the General Council of the YMCA and YWCA for India, Pakistan and Ceylon to provide members with an opportunity of visiting Kashmir.

The tour will last about three weeks.

HISTORICAL FINDS AT BALARAMPUR

CALCUTTA, May 19. (PTI): Seven hundred years old antiquities of artistic, archeological and religious significance have recently been found in the bed of an old tank known as "Rani Righi" at Balarampur, a village near Kharagpur, in Midnapore district.

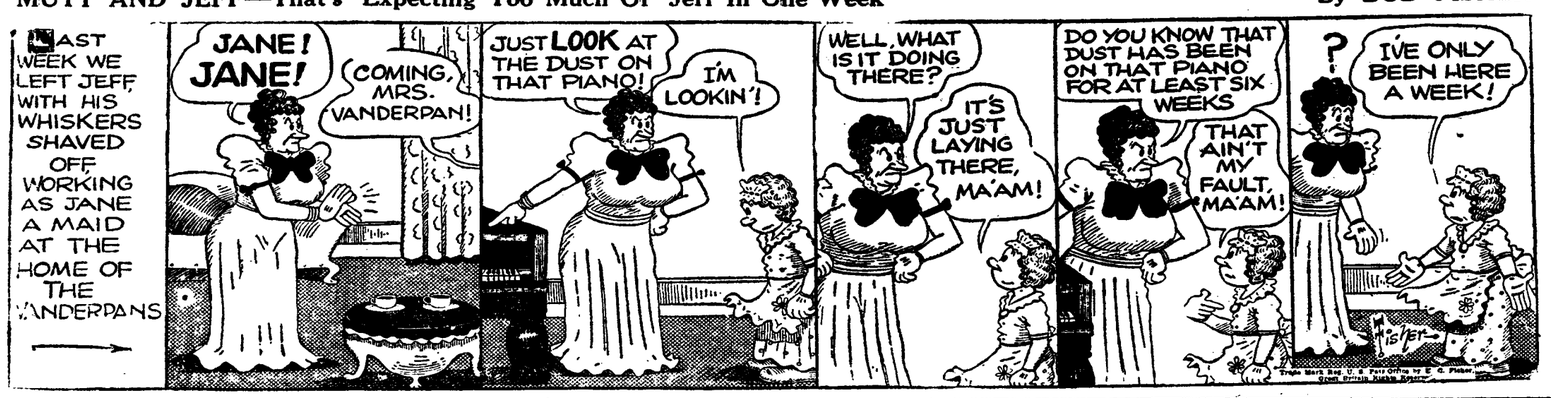
These finds include small pedestals finely carved in bluish stone, supporting the figure of a tortoise (kurma) which represents the religious cult of sun-worship prevalent in ancient times in western Bengal and Orissa.

A gold coin, found along with the antiquities and said to belong to eastern Ganga kings of about 13th century A. D. gives an indication of the age of the antiquities.

These antiquities, found by Mr. Narendra Nath Das, a pleader of Midnapur, now form part of the collections of the Asutosh Museum of Calcutta University.

MUTT AND JEFF—That's Expecting Too Much Of Jeff In One Week

By BUD FISHER


LAST WEEK WE LEFT JEFF WITH HIS WHISKERS SHAVED OFF, WORKING AS JANE A MAID AT THE HOME OF THE VANDERPANS
JANE! JANE!
COMING, MRS. VANDERPAN!
JUST LOOK AT THE DUST ON THAT PIANO!
I'M LOOKIN'!
WELL, WHAT IS IT DOING THERE?
IT'S JUST LAYING THERE, MA'AM!
DO YOU KNOW THAT DUST HAS BEEN ON THAT PIANO FOR AT LEAST SIX WEEKS
THAT AIN'T MY FAULT, MA'AM!
?
I'VE ONLY BEEN HERE A WEEK!

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort Bombay. Edited by S. NAT ARAJAN.